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A POEM.

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IN TWELVE BOOKS.

BY JOHN MILTON.

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BOOK L

The first Book proposes, first in brief, the whole subject, Man's dis-The first Book proposes, first in brief, the whole subject, Man's dis-obscience, and the loss thereupon of Paradise wherein he was placed. Then touches the prime cause of his Fall, the Serpent, or rather Satan in the Serpent; who, revolting from God, and drawing to his side many legions of Angels, was, by the com mand of God, drivas out of Heaven, with all his crew, into the great deep. Which action passed over, the Poem hastens mo the midat of things, presenting Satan with his Angels now falling into Hell, described here, not in the centro (for Heaven and Earth may be supposed as yet not made, certainly not yet accurs-ed,) but in a place of utter darknoss fittlest called Chaos: Here Satan with his Angels lying on the burning lake, thunderstruck and astonished, after a certain snace recovers. as from .onfusion. and astonished, after a certain space recovers, as from confusion, calls up him who next in order and dignity lay by him; They confer of their miserable fall; Satan awakens all his legions, who lay till then in the same manner confounded. They rise; their numbers; array of battle; their chief leaders named, ac-cording to the idols known afterwards in Canzan and the countries adjoining. To these Stata directs his speech, comforts them with hope yet of regaining Heaven, but tells them lastly of a new world and now kind of creature to be created, according to an anew world and now kind of creature to be created, according to an anew world and now kind of creature to be created, according to an anew world and now kind of creature to be created, according to an anew world and now kind of the state of the state of the state of a new world and now kind of the state of the state of the state of a new world and now kind of the state of the stat to an ancient prophecy of report in nearen; for, that Angels were long before this visible creation, was the opinion of many ancient Fathers. To find out the trath of this prophecy, and what to determine thereon, he refers to a full council. What his associates thence attempt. Pandemonium, the palace of Satan, rises, suddenly built out of the deep: The infernal peer there sit in council.

Or Man's first disobedience, and the fruit Of that forbidden tree, whose mortal taste Brought death into the world, and all our wee, With loss of Eden, till one greater Man Restore us, and regain the blissful seat, 8 Sing, heavenly Muse, that on the secret top Of Oreb, or of Sinai, didst inspire That shepherd, who first taught the chosen seed, In the beginning how the Heavens and Earth Rose out of Chaos: Or if Sihon hill 10 Delight thee more, and Siloa's brook that flow'd Fast by the oracle of God; I thence Invoke thy aid to my adventurous song, That with no middle flight intends to soar

4 PARADISE LOST.	B. L
Above the Aönian mount, while it pursues	15
Things unattempted yet in prose or rhyme.	
and chiefly Thou, O Spirit, that dost prefer	
Before all temples the upright heart and pure,	
struct me, for Thou know'st ; Thou from the	first.
st present, and with mighty wings outspread	d 20
velike sat'st brooding on the vast abyss,	
madest it pregnant : What in me is dark,	
mine; what is low, raise and support;	
at to the height of this great argument	
ay assert Eternal Providence,	25
and justify the ways of God to men.	
Say first, for Heaven hides nothing from thy	
Nor the deep tract of Hell; say first, what cause	18
loved our grand Parents, in that happy state,	
Favour'd of Heaven so highly, to fall off	30
From their Creator, and transgress his will	
for one restraint, lords of the world besides?	
Who first seduced them to that foul revolt?	
The infernal Serpent; he it was, whose guile,	
tirr'd up with envy and revenge, deceived	35
he mother of mankind, what time his pride	
lad cast him out from Heaven, with all his ho	st
Of rebel Angels; by whose aid, aspiring	
To set himself in glory above his peers,	
He trusted to have equal'd the Most High,	40
If he opposed; and, with ambitious aim	
Against the throne and monarchy of God,	_
Reised impious war in Heaven, and battle prou	
With vain attempt. Him the Almighty Power	
Hurl'd headlong flaming from the ethereal aky,	45
With hideous ruin and combustion, down	
To bottomless perdition; there to dwell	
In adamantine chains and penal fire,	
Who durst defy the Omnipotent to arms.	
Nine times the space that measures day and nig	rht 50
To mortal men, he with his horrid crew	
ay vanquish'd, rolling in the fiery gulf,	

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PARADISE LOST.	5
Confounded, though immortal : But his doom	
Reserved him to more wrath ; for now the though	t
Both of lost happiness, and lasting pain,	55
Torments him : round he throws his baleful eyes,	
That witness'd huge affliction and dismay	
Mix'd with obdurate pride and steadfast hate	
At once, as far as Angels ken, he views	
The dismal situation waste and wild:	60
A dungeon horrible on all sides round	
As one great furnace flamed ; yet from those flame	35
No light; but rather darkness visible	
Served only to discover sights of woe,	
Regions of sorrow, doleful shades, where peace	65
And rest can never dwell; hope never comer	
That comes to all; but torture without end	
Still urges, and a fiery deluge, fed	
With ever burning sulphur unconsumed	
Such place Eternal Justice had prepared	70
For those rebellious; here their prison ordain'd	
In utter darkness, and their portion set	•
As far removed from God and light of Heaven	
As from the centre thrice to the utmost pole.	-
O, how unlike the place from whence they fell!	75
There the companions of his fall, o'erwhelm'd	
With floods and whirlwinds of tempestuous fire,	
He soon discerns; and weltering by his side	
One next himself in power, and next in crime,	~
Long after known in Palestine, and named	80
Beelzebub. To whom the Archenemy, And thence in Heaven call'd Satan, with bold wor	8.
•	
Breaking the horrid silence, thus began. $f_{k} \in \overline{\Lambda}$ If thou be he; but O, how fallen! how changed	
From him, who, in the happy realms of light,	85
Clothed with transcendent brightness, didst out his	••
Myriads though bright! If he whom mutual leagu	
United thoughts and counsels, equal hope	-,
And hazard in the glorious enterprise,	
Join'd with me once, now misery hath join'd	•
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PARADISE LOST. 6 ¥. 1 In equal ruin ! Into what pit thou seest. From what height fallen ; so much the stronger proved He with his thunder · and till then who knew The force of those dire arms? Yet not for those, 96 Nor what the potent victor in his rage Can else inflict, do I repent or change, Though changed in outward lustre, that fix'd mind, And high disdain from sense of injured merit, That with the Mightiest raised me to contend. And to the fierce contention brought along 100 Innumerable force of Spirits arm'd, That durst dislike his reign, and, me preferring, His utmost power with adverse power opposed In dubious battle on the plains of Heaven, And shook his throne. What though the field be lost? All is not lost; the unconquerable will, 106 And study of revenge, immortal hate, And courage never to submit or yield, And what is else not to be overcome; That glory never shall his wrath or might 110 Extort from me. To bow and sue for grace With suppliant knee, and deify his power, Who from the terror of this arm so late Doubted his empire ; that were low indeed, That were an ignominy, and shame beneath 115 This downfal : since, by fate, the strength of Gods And this empyreal substance cannot fail : Since through experience of this great event In arms not worse, in foresight much advanced, We may with more successful hope resolve 120 To wage, by force or guile, eternal war Irreconcilable to our grand Foe, Who now triumphs, and, in the excess of joy Sole reigning, holds the tyranny of Heaven. So spake the apostate Angel, though in pain, 125 Vaunting aloud, but rack'd with deep despair : And him thus answer'd soon his bold compeer.

O Prince, O Chief of many throned Powers,

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PARADISE LOST.	7
That led the embattled Seraphim to war	
Under thy conduct, and in dreadful deeds	130
Fearless endanger'd Heaven's perpetual king,	
And put to proof his high supremacy,	
Whether upheld by strength, or chance, or fate;	•
Too well I see and rue the dire event,	
That with sad overthrow, and foul defeat,	135
Hath lost us Heaven, and all this mighty host	
In horrible destruction laid thus low,	
As far as Gods and heavenly essences	
Can perish : for the mind and spirit remains	
Invincible, and vigour soon returns,	140
Though all our glory extinct, and happy state	
Here swallow'd up in endless misery.	
But what if he our Conqueror (whom I now	
Of force believe Almighty, since no less	
Than such could have o'erpower'd such force as	ours) -
Have left us this our spirit and strength entire	146
Strongly to suffer and support our pains,	ł
That we may so suffice his vengeful ire,	
Or do him mightier service as his thralls	
By right of war, whate'er his business be,	150
Here in the heart of Hell to work in fire,	
Or do his errands in the gloomy deep ;	
What can it then avail, though yet we feel	
Strength undiminish'd, or eternal being,	
To undergo eternal punishment?	155
Whereto with speedy words the Archfiend replie	d.
Fallen cherub! to be weak is miserable,	
Doing or suffering : but of this be sure,	
To do aught good never will be our task,	
But ever to do ill our sole delight,	160
As being the contrary to his high will	
Whom we resist. If then his providence	
Out of our evil seek to bring forth good,	
Our labour must be to pervert that end,	
And out of good z'ill to find means of evil;	165
Which offtimes may succeed so as perhaps	

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e PARADISE LOST.	₽ .g.
Shall grieve him, if I fail not, and disturb	~
His inmost counsels from their destined aim.	
But see! the angry victor hath recall'd	
His ministers of vengeance and pursuit	170
Back to the gates of Heaven : the sulphurous l	h ail ,
Shot after us in storm, o'erblown, hath laid	
The fiery surge, that from the precipice	
Of Heaven received us falling; and the thund	
Wing'd with red lightning and impetuous rage	, 175
Perhaps hath spont his shafts, and ceases now	
To bellow through the vast and boundless deep) •
Let us not slip the occasion, whether scorn,	
Or satiate fury, yield it from our Foe.	
Seest thou yon dreary plain, forlorn and wild,	180
The scat of desolation, void of light,	
Save what the glimmering of these livid flame	8
Casts pale and dreadful? Thither let us tend	
From off the tossing of these fiery waves;	107
There rest, if any rest can harbour there;	185
And, reassembling our afflicted Powers,	
Consult how we may henceforth most offend Our Enemy; our own loss how repair	
How overcome this dire calamity;	
	100
What reinforcement we may gain from hope; If not, what resolution from despair.	190
Thus Satan talking to his nearest mate	
With head uplift above the wave, and eyes	
That sparkling blazed; his other parts besides	
Prone on the flood, extended long and large,	195
Lay floating many a rood; in bulk as huge	19,
As whom the fables name of monstrous size,	
Titanian, or Earth-born, that war'd on Jove	
Briarëos or Typhon, whom the den	
By ancient Tarsus held; or that seabeast	201
Leviathan, which God of all his works	~~ /
Created hugest that swim the ocean stream :	
Him, haply, slumbering on the Norvay foam	
The pilot of some small night-founder'd skiff	

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	PARADISE LOST.	9
	Deeming some island, oft, as seamen tell,	205
	With fixed anchor in his scaly rind,	
	Moors by his side under the lee, while night	
	Invests the sea, and wished morn delays:	
	So stretch'd out huge in length the Archfiend lay	· · · ·
	Chain'd on the burning lake : nor ever thence	210
	Had risen, or heaved his head; but that the will	
	And high permission of all-ruling Heaven	
	Left him at large to his own dark designs;	
	That with reiterated crimes he might	017
		2 15
	Evil to others; and, enraged, might see How all his malice served but to bring forth	
	Infinite goodness, grace, and mercy, shown	
	On Man by him seduced; but on himself	
	Treble confusion, wrath, and vengeance, pour'd.	220
	Forthwith upright he rears from off the pool	
	His mighty stature : on each hand the flames,	
	Driven backward, slope their pointing spires, and i	bllo
	In billows, leave i' the midst a horrid vale.	
	Then with expanded wings he steers his flight	225
	Aloft, incumbent on the dusky air,	
	That felt unusual weight; till on dry land	
	He lights, if it were land that over burn'd	
	With solid, as the lake with liquid fire :	
	And such appear'd in hue, as when the force	93 0
	Of subterranean wind transports a hill	
	Torn from Pelorus, or the shatter'd side	
	Of thundering <i>E</i> tna, whose combustible	
	And fuel'd entrails thence conceiving fire, Sublimed with mineral fury, aid the winds,	235
	And leave a singed bottom all involved	200 M
	With stench and smoke : such resting found the	ole
	Of unbless'd feet. Him follow'd his next mate:	
	Both glorying to have scaped the Stygian flood	
	As Gods, and by their own recover'd strength,	940
	Not by the sufferance of supernal Power.	
	Is this the region, this the soil, the clime,	
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Said then the lost Archangel, this the seat

That we must change for Heaven; this mournful gloom For that celestial light? Be it so! since he. 245 Who now is Sov'reign, can dispose and bid What shall be right: furthest from him is best, Whom reason hath equal'd, force hath made supreme Above his equals. Farewell, happy fields, Where joy for ever dwells! Hail horrors! hail, 250 Infernal world ! And thou, profoundest Hell, Receive thy new possessor! one who brings A mind not to be changed by place or time: The mind is its own place, and in itself 255 Can make a Heaven of Hell, a Hell of Heaven. What matter where, if I be still the same, And what I should be; all but less than he Whom thunder hath made greater? Here at least We shall be free; the Almighty hath not built Here for his envy; will not drive us hence: 260 Here we may reign secure. and, in my choice, To reign is worth ambition, though in Hell: Better to reign in Hell than serve in Heaven ! But wherefore let we then our faithful friends, The associates and copartners of our loss 265 Lie thus astonished on the oblivious pool. And call them not to share with us their part In this unhappy mansion ; or once more With rallied arms to try what may be yet Regain'd in Heaven, or what more lost in Hell? 270 So Satan spake; and him Beelzebub

So Satan spake; and him Beëlzebub Thus answer'd. Leader of those arms bright, Which but the Omnipotent none could have foil'd! If once they hear that voice, their liveliest pledge Of hope in fears and dangers, heard so oft 275 In worst extremes, and on the perilous edge Of battle when it raged, in all assaults Their surest signal, they will soon resume New courage and revive; though now they lie Groveling and prostrate on yon lake of fire, 280 . 2

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As we erewhile, astounded and amazed : No wonder, fallen such a pernicious height.

He scarce had ceased, when the superior Fiend Was moving toward the shore : his ponderous shield, Ethereal temper, massy, large, and round, 285 Behind him cast : the broad circumference Hung on his shoulders like the moon, whose orb Through optic glass the Tuscan artist views At Evening from the top of Fesolé. 200 Or in Valdarno, to descry new lands, Rivers, or mountains, in her spotty globe. His spear, to equal which the tallest pine Hewn on Norwegian hills, to be the mast Of some great ammiral, were but a wand, He walk'd with, to support uneasy steps 205 Over the burning marle, not like those steps On Heaven's azure; and the torrid clime Smote on him sore besides, vaulted with fire: Nathless he so endured, till on the beach Of that inflamed sea he stood, and call'd 300 His legions, Angel forms, who lay entranced Thick as autumnal leaves that strow the brooks. In Vallainbrosa, where the Etrurian shades, High overarch'd, imbower; or scatter'd sedge A foat, when with fierce winds Orion arm'd 305 Hath vex'd the Red Soacoast, whose waves o'erthrew Busiris and his Memphian chivalry, While with perfidious latred they pursued The sojourners of Goshen, who beheld From the safe shore their floating carcasses 310 And broken chariot wheels : so thick bestrown, Abject and lost lay these, covering the flood, Under amazement of their hideous change. He call'd so loud, that all the hollow deep Of Hell resounded ! Princes, Potentates, 315 Warriors, the flower of Heaven ! once yours, now lost, If such astonishment as this can seize Eternal Spirits; or have ye chosen this place

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142 PARADISE LOST. 1. T After the toil of battle to repose Your wearied virtue, for the ease you find 390 To slumber here, as in the vales of Heaven? Or in this abject posture have ye sworn To adore the Conqueror ! who now beholds Cherub and Seraph rolling in the flood, 325 With scatter'd arms and ensigns : till anon His swift pursuers from Heaven gates discern The advantage, and descending, tread us down Thus drooping, or with Enked thunderbolts Transfix us to the bottom of this gulf. 330 Awake, arise, or be for ever fallen ! They heard, and were abash'd, and up they sprung Upon the wing; as when men wont to watch On duty, sleeping found by whom they dread, Rouse and bestir themselves ere well awake. 335 Nor did they not perceive the evil plight In which they were, nor the fierce pains not feel; Yet to their General's voice they soon obey'd, [nnumerable. As when the potent rod Of Amram's son, in Egypt's evil day, Waved round the coast, up call'd a pitchy cloud 340 Of locusts, warping on the eastern wind, That o'er the realm of impious Pharaoh hung Like night, and darken'd all the land of Nile So numberless were those bad Angels seen 345 Hovering on wing under the cope of Hell, "Twixt upper, nether, and surrounding fires; Till, as a signal given, the uplifted spear Of their great Sultan, waving to direct Their course, in even balance down they light On the firm brimstone, and fill all the plain; 350 A multitude, like which the populous North Pour'd never from her frozen loins, to pass Rhene or the Danaw, when her barbarous sons Came like a deluge on the South, and spread 355 Beneath Gibraltar to the Libyan sands. Forthwith from every squadron, and each band,

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The heads and leaders thither haste where stood Their great Commander ; Godlike shapes, and forms Excelling human; princely Dignities; And Powers that erst in Heaven sat on thrones; 360 Though of their names in heavenly records now Be no memorial; blotted out and rased By their rebellion from the bock of life. Nor had they yet among the sons of Eve 364 Got them new names; till, wandering o'er the earth, Through God's high sufferance for the trial of man, By falsities and lies the greatest part Of mankind they corrupted to forsake God their creator, and the invisible 370 Glory of him that made them to transform Oft to the image of a brute, adorn'd With gav religions full of yomp and gold. And Devils to adore for Deities: Then were they known to men by various names And various idols through the Heathen world. 375 Say, Muse, their names then known; who first, who last, Roused from the slumber, on that fiery couch, At their great Emperor's call, as next in worth Came singly where he stood on the bare strand, 380 While the promiscuous crowd stood yet aloof. The chief were those, who from the pit of Hell Roaming to seek their prey on earth, durst fix Their seats long after next the seat of God, Their altars by his altar; Gods adored 385 Among the nations round : and durst abide Jehovah thundering out of Sion, throned Between the cherubim ; yea, often placed Within his sanctuary itself their shrines, Abominations: and with cursed things 390 His holy rites and solemn feasts profaned, And with their darkness durst affront his light. First, Moloch, horrid king, besmear'd with I lood Of human sacrifice, and parents' tears ; Though, for the noise of drums and timbrels loud,

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PARADISE LOST. 14 B. 1. Their children's cries unheard, that pass'd though fire, To his grim idol. Him the Ammonite 396 Worship'd in Rabba and her watery plain, In Argob and in Basan, to the stream Of utmost Arnon ; Nor content with such Audacious neighbourhood, the wisest heart 400 Of Solomon he led by fraud to build His temple right against the temple of God On that opprobrious hill: and made his grove The pleasant valley of Hinnom, Tophet thence And black Gehenna call'd, the type of Heil. 405 Next, Chemos, the obscene dread of Moab's sons, From Aroer to Nebo, and the wild Of southmost Abarim : in Hesebon And Horonaim, Seon's realm, beyond The flowery dale of Sibma clad with vines; 410 And Eleälé to the Asphaltic pool. Peor his other name, when he enticed lsrael in Sittim, on their march from Nile, To do him wanton rites, which cost them woe. Yet thence his lustful orgies he enlarged 415 Even to that hill of scandal, by the grove Of Moloch homicide; lust hard by hate; Till good Josiah drove them thence to Hell. With these came they, who, from the bordering flood Of old Euphrates to the brook that parts 420 Egypt from Syrian ground, had general names Of Baalim and Ashtaroth : those male, These feminine ; For Spirits, when they please, Can either sex assume, or both; so soft And uncompounded is their essence pure, 425 Not tied or manacled with joint or limb, Nor founded on the brittle strength of bones, Like cumbrous flesh; but, in what shape they choose. Dilated or condensed, bright or obscure, Can execute their aery purposes, 430 And works of love or ennity fulfil. For those the race of large of foreook

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PARADISE LOST.	15
Their Living Strength, and unfrequented left His righteous altar, bowing lowly down To bestial Gods; for which their heads as low Bow'd down in battle, sunk before the spear Of despicable foes. With these in troop Camo Astoreth, whom the Phœnicians call'd	435
Astarté, queen of Heaven, with creacent horns To whose bright image nightly by the moon Sidonian virgins paid their vows and songs; In Sion also not unsung, where stood Her temple on the offensive mountain, built	440
By that uxorious king, whose heart, though large, Beguiled by fair idolatresses, fell To idols foul. Thammuz came next behind, Whose annual wound in Lebanon allured	445
The Syrian damsels to lament his fate In amorous ditties all a summer's day; While smooth Adonis from his native rock Ran purple to the sea, supposed with blood Of Thammuz yearly wounded: the love tale Infected Sion's daughters with like heat;	450
Whose wanton passions in the sacred porch Ezekiel saw, when, by the vision led, His cyc survey'd the dark idolatries Of alienated Judah. Next came one	455
Who mourn'd in earnest, when the captive ark Maim'd his brute image, head and hands lopp'd of In his own temple, on the grunsel edge, Where he fell flat, and shamed his worshippers : Dagon his name, sea monstor, upward man	r 460
And downward fish : yet had his temple high Rear'd in Azotus, dreaded through the coast Of Palestine, in Gath and Ascalon, And Accaron and Gaza's frontier bounds. Him follow'd Rimmon, whose delightful seat	465
Was fair Damascus, on the fertile banks Of Abbana and P'arphar, lucid streams. He also against the house of God was bold	470 、

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PARADISE LOST 16 в т. A leper once he lost, and gain'd a king; Ahaz, his sottish conqueror, whom he drew God's altar to disparage, and displace, For one of Syrian mode, whereon to burn 475 His odious offerings, and adore the Gods Whom he had vanquish'd. After these appear'd A crew, who, under names of old renown, Osiris, Isis, Orus, and their train, With monstrous shapes and sorceries abused 480 Fanatic Egypt. and her priests to seek Their wandering Gods disguised in brutish forms Rather than human. Nor did Israel scape The infection, when their borrow'd gold composed The calf in Oreb; and the rebel king 485 Doubled that sin in Bethel and in Dan, Likening his Maker to the grazed ox; Jehovah, who in one night, when he pass'd From Egypt marching, equal'd with one stroke Both her first-born and all her bleating Gods. Belial came last, than whom a Spirit more lewd 490 Fell not from Heaven, or more gross to love Vice for itself: to him no temple stood Or altar smoked : yet who more oft than he In temples and at altars, when the priest Turns atheist, as did Eli's sons, who fill'd 495 With lust and violence the house of God ? In courts and palaces he also reigns, And in luxurious cities, where the noise Of riot ascends above their loftiest towers, And injury and outrage : And when night 500 Darkens the streets, then wander forth the sons Of Belial, flown with insolence and wine. Witness the streets of Sodom, and that night In Gibeah, when the hospitable door 505 Exposed a matron, to avoid worse rape. These were the prime in order, and in might ; The rest were long to tell, though fa renown'd,

The Ionian Gods, of Javan's issue; held

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Gods, yet confess'd later than Heaven and Earth, Their boasted parents: Titan, Heaven's first-born,510 With his enormous brood, and birthright seized By younger Saturn ; he from mightier Jove, His own and Rhea's son, like measure found ; So Jove usurping reign'd these first in Crete And Ida known, thence on the snowy top 515 Of cold Olympus ruled the middle air, Their highest Heaven ; or on the Delphian cliff, Or in Dodona, and through all the bounds Of Doric land ; or who with Saturn old Fled over Adria to the Hesperian fields, 520 And o'er the Celtie roam'd the utmost isles.

All these and more came flocking ; but with looks Downcast and damp; yet such wherein appear'd Obscure some glimpse of joy, to have found their Chief Not in despair, to have found themselves not lost 525 In loss itself: which on his countenance cast Like doubtful hue : but he, his wonted pride Soon recollecting, with high words, that bore Semblance of worth, not substance, gently raised Their fainting courage, and dispell'd their fears. 530 Then straight commands, that at the warlike sound Of trumpets loud and clarions be uprear'd His mighty standard : that proud honour claim'd Azazel as his right, a Cherub tall; Who forthwith from the glittering staff unfurl'd 535 The imperial ensign ; which, full high advanced, Shone like a meteor streaming to the wind, With gems and golden lustre rich emblazed, Seraphic arms and trophies; all the while Sonorous metal blowing martial sounds: 540 At which the universal host up sent A shout, that tore Hell's concave, and beyond Frighted the reign of Chaos and old Night. All in a moment through the gloom were seen Ten thousand banners rise into the air 545 With orient colours waving . with them rose

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B. L.

A forest huge of spears; and thronging helms Appear'd, and serried shields in thick array Of depth immeasurable : Anon they move In perfect phalanx to the Dorian mood 550 Of flutes and soft recorders ; such as raised To height of noblest temper heroes old Arming to battle ; and instead of rage Deliberate valour breathed, firm and unmoved With dread of death to flight or foul retreat ; 555 Nor wanting power to mitigate and suage With solemn touches troubled thoughts, and chase Anguish, and doubt, and fear, and sorrow, and pain From mortal or immortal minds. Thus they, Breathing united force, with fixed thought. 560 Moved on in silence to soft pipes, that charm'd Their painful steps o'er the burnt soil : and now Advanced in view they stand ; a horrid front Of dreadful length and dazzling arms, in guise Of warriors old with order'd spear and shield ; 565 Awaiting what command their mighty Chief Had to impose : He through the armed files Darts his experienced eye, and soon traverse The whole battalion views; their order due; Their visages and stature as of Gods; 570 Their number last he sums. And now his heart Distends with pride, and hardening in his strength Glories : for never, since created man, Met such imbodied force, as named with these Could merit more than that small infantry 575 Warr'd on by cranes; though all the giant brood Of Phlegra with the heroic race were join'd That fought at Thebes and Ilium, on each side Mix'd with auxiliar Gods; and what resounds In fable or romance of Uther's son 580 Begirt with British and Armoric knights; And all who since, baptized or infidel, Jousted in Aspramont, or Montalban. Damasco, or Marocco, or Trebisond,

PARADISE LOST.	19
Or whom Biserta sent from Afric shore,	585
When Charlemain with all his peerage fell	
By Fontarabbia. Thus far these beyond	
Compare of mortal prowess, yet observed	
Their dread Commander ; he, above the rest	
In shape and gesture proudly eminent,	590
Stood like a tower : his form had yet not los	t
All her original brightness ; nor appear'd	
Less than Archangel ruin'd, and the excess	
Of glory obscured : as when the sun, new ris	
Looks through the horizontal misty air	595
Shorn of his beams; or from behind the moo	n,
In dim eclipse, disastrous twilight sheds	
On half the nations, and with fear of change	
Perplexes monarchs. Darken'd so, yet shon	e
Above them all the Archangel: but his face	600
Deep scars of thunder had intrench'd; and e	ere
Sat on his faded cheek, but under brows	
Of dauntless courage, and considerate pride	
Waiting revenge : cruel his eye, but cast	
Signs of remorse and passion, to behold	605
The fellows of his crime, the followers rather	r •
(Far other once beheld in bluss), condemn'd	
For ever now to have their lot in pain;	
Millions of Spirits for his fault amerced	
Of Heaven, and from eternal splendours flun	g 610
For his revolt; yet faithful how they stood,	
Their glory wither'd : as when Heaven's fire	
Hath scathed the forest caks, or mountain pi	
With singed top their stately growth, though	ı bare,
Stands on the blasted heath. He now prepar	red 615
To speak ; whereat their doubled ranks they	bend
From wing to wing, and half enclose him rou	and
With all his peers: Attention held them mut	æ.
Thrice he essay'd, and thrice, in spite of scor	n,
Tears, such as Angels weep, burst forth : at	
Words, interwove with sighs, found out their	way. <^*_/
O Myriads of immortal Spirits ! O Powers	

PARADISE LOST. 20 B. J. Matchless, but with the Almighty! and that strife Was not inglorious, though the event was dire, 625 As this place testifies, and this dire change Hateful to utter : but what power of mind. Foreseeing or presaging, from the depth Of knowledge past or present, could have fear'd, How such united force of Gods, how such 630 As stood like these, could ever know repulse? For who can yet believe, though after loss, That all these puissant legions, whose exile Hath emptied Heaven, shall fail to reascend Self-raised, and repossess their native seat? For me, be witness all the host of Heaven, 635 If counsels different, or dangers shunn'd By me have lost our hopes. But he, who reigns Monarch in Heaven, till then as one secure Sat on his throne, upheld by old repute, Consent or custom; and his regal state 640 Put forth at full, but still his strength conceal'd, Which tempted our attempt, and wrought our fall. Henceforth his might we know, and know our own; So as not either to provoke, or dread New war, provoked : our better part remains 645 To work in close design, by fraud or guile, What force effected not : that he no less At length from us may find, who overcomes By force, hath overcome but half his foe. Space may produce new worlds; whereof so rife 650 There went a fame in Heaven that he ere long Intended to create, and therein plant A generation, whom his choice regard Should favour equal to the sons of Heaven Thither, if but to pry, shall be perhaps 655 Our first eruption ; thither or elsewhere : For this infernal pit shall never hold Celestial Spirits in bondage, nor the abyss Long under darkness cover. But these thoughts Full counsel must mature · Peace is despair'd. 660

For who can think submission? War then, War Open or understood must be resolved.

He spake : and, to confirm his words, out flew Millions of flaming swords, drawn from the thighs Of mighty Cherubim; the sudden blaze 665 Far round illumined heil : Highly they raged Against the Highest, and fierce with grasped arms Clash'd on their sounding shields the din of war, Hurling defiance toward the vault of heaven.

670 There stood a hill not far, whose grisly top Belch'd fire and rolling smoke; the rest entire Shone with a glossy scurf; undoubted sign That in his womb was hid metallic ore, The work of sulphur. Thither, wing'd with speed. A numerous brigade hasten'd: as when bands 671 Of pioneers, with spade and pickaxe arm'd, Forerun the royal camp, to trench a field, Or cast a rampart. Mammon led them on, Mammon, the least erected Spirit that fell [thoughts From Heaven; for e'en in Heaven his looks and Were always downward bent, admiring more 681 The riches of Heaven's pavement, trodden gold, Than ought divine or holy else enjoy'd In vision beatific : by him first 685 Men also, and by his suggestion taught, Ransack'd the centre, and with impious hands Rifled the bowels of their mother Earth For treasures, better hid. Soon had his crew Open'd into the hill a spacious wound, And digg'd out ribs of gold. Let none admire 690 That riches grow in Hell; that soil may best Deserve the precious bane. And here let those, Who boast in mortal things, and wondering tell Of Babel, and the works of Memphian kings, Learn how their greatest monuments of fame, 695 And strength, and art, are easily outdone By Spirits reprobate, and in an hour, What in an age they with incessant toil

	* PARADISE LOST.	э. г.
	And hands innumerable scarce perform.	
	Nigh on the plain, in many cells prepared,	700
	That underneath had voins of liquid fire	
	Sluiced from the lake, a second multitude	
	With wondrous art founded the massy ore,	
	Severing each kind, and scumm'd the bullion dro	
	A third as soon had form'd within the ground	705
	A various mould, and from the boiling cells	
	By strange conveyance fill'd each hollow nook;	
	As in an organ, from one blast of wind,	
	To many a row of pipes the soundboard breathes	
	Anon, out of the earth, a fabric huge	710
	Rose like an exhalation, with the sound	
	Of dulcet symphonies and voices sweet,	
	Built like a temple, where pilasters round	
	Were set, and Doric pillars overlaid	
	With golden architrave; nor did there want	715
	Cornice or frieze, with bossy sculptures graven:	
	The roof was freited gold. Not Babylon,	
	Nor great Alcairo, such magnificence	
	Equal'd in all their glories, to enshrine	
	Nelus or Sérapis, their Gods; or seat	720
	Their kings, when Egypt with Assyria strove	
	In wealth and luxury. The ascending pile	-
	Stood fix'd her stately height ; and straight the d	loors,
	Opening their brazen folds, discover, wide	-
	Within, her ample spaces, o'er the smooth	725
	And level pavement : from the arched roof	
	Pendant by subtle magic, many a row	
	Of starry lamps and blazen cressets, fed With Naphtha and Asphaltus, yielded light	
	As from a sky. The hasty multitude	730
÷+	Admiring enter'd; and the work some praise,	730
	And some the architect : his hand was known	
	In Heaven by many a tower'd structure high,	
	Where sceptred Angels held their residence,	
	And sat as princes: whom the supreme King	735
	Exalted to such power, and gave to rule,	
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Each in his hierarchy, the orders bright. Nor was his name unheard, or unadored, In ancient Greece; and in Ausonian land Men call'd him Mulciber; and how he fell 740 From Heaven they fabled, thrown by angry Jove Sheer o'er the crystal battlements : from morn To noon he fell, from noon to dewy eve. A summer's day; and with the setting sun 745 Dropp'd from the zenith like a falling star, On Lemnos the Ægean isle : thus they relate, Erring; for he with his rebellious rout Fell long before ; nor aught avail'd him now To have built in Heaven high towers; nor did he scape By all his engines, but was headlong sent 750 With his industrious crew to build in Hell.

Meanwhile the winged heralds, by command Of sov'reign power, with awful ceremony And trumpet's sound, throughout the host proclaim A solemn council, forthwith to be held 755 At Pandemonium; the high capital Of Satan and his peers : their summons call'd From every band and squared regiment By place or choice the worthiest; they anon, With hundreds and with thousands, trooping came, Attended : all access was throng'd ; the gates 761 And porches wide, but chief the spacious hall -(Though like a cover'd field, where champions bold Wont ride in arm'd and at the Soldan's chair Defied the best of Panim chivalry 765 To mortal combat, or career with lance,) Thick swarm'd both on the ground and in the air Brush'd with the hiss of rustling wings. As bees In spring time, when the sun with Taurus rides, Pour forth their populous youth about the hive 770 In clusters; they among fresh dews and flowers Fly to and fro, or on the smoothed plank. The subarb of their strawbuilt citadel, New rubb'd with balm, expatiate and confer

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R. T.

Their state affairs. So thick the aery crowd 775 Swarm'd and were straiten'd; till, the signal given Behold a wonder ! They but now who seem'd In bigness to surpass Earth's giant sons, Now less than smallest dwarfs, in narrow room Throng numberless, like that Pygmean race 760 Beyond the Indian mount : or fairy elves, Whose midnight revels, by a forest side Or fountain, some belated peasant sees Or dreams he sees, while overhead the moon Sits arbitress, and nearer to the earth 785 Wheels her pale course; they, on their mirth and dance Intent, with jocund music charm his ear ; At once with joy and fear his heart rebounds. Thus incorporeal Spirits to smallest forms Reduced their shapes immense, and were at large, 790 Though without number still, amidst the hall Of that infernal court. But far within. And in their own dimensions, like themselves, The great Seraphic Lords and Cherubim In close recess and secret conclave sat : 795 A thousand Demi-gods on golden seats, Frequent and full. After short silence then, And summons read, the great consult began

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BOOK II.

The consultation begun, Satan debates whether another battle be to be hazarded for the recovery of Heaven; Some advise it, others dissuade: A third proposal is preferred, mentioned before by Satan, to search the truth of that prophecy or tradition in Heaven concerning another world, and another kind of creature equal or not much inferior to themselves, about this time to be created: Their doubt, who shall be sent on this difficult search; Satan their chief undertakes alone the voyage, is honoured and applauded. The council thus ended, the rest betake them several ways, and to several employments, as their inclinations lead them, to entertain the time till Satar return. He passes on his journey to Hell gates; finds them saut, and who sat there to guard them: by whom at length they are opened, and discover to him the great through, directed by Chaos, the Power of that place, to the sight of this new world which he sought.

HIGH on a throne of royal state, which far Outshone the wealth of Ormus and of Ind, Or where the gorgeous East with richest hand Showors on her kings barbaric pearl and gold, Satan exalted sat, by merit raised **5** To that bad eminence : and, from despair Thus high uplifted beyond hope, aspires Beyond thus high : insatiate to pursue Vain war with Heaven ; and, by success, untaught, His proud imaginations thus display'd. 10

Powers and Dominions, Deities of Heaven ! For since no deep within her gulf can hold Immortal vigour, though oppress'd and fallen, I give not Heaven for lost. From this descent Celestial virtues rising will appear 15 More glorious and more dread than from no fall, And trust themselves to fear no second fate. Me though just right and the fix'd laws of Heaven Did first create your Leader; next, free choice, With what besides, in counsel or in fight, 26 Hath been achieved of merit; yet this loss, . . .

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Thus far at least recover'd, hath much more Establish'd in a safe unenvied throne. Yielded with full consent. The happier state In heaven, which follows dignity, might draw Envy from each inferior ; but who here Will envy whom the highest place exposes Foremost to stand against the Thunderer's aim, Your bulwark, and condemns to greatest share Of endless pain? Where there is then no good For which to strive, no strife can grow up there From faction ; for none sure will claim in Hell Precedence ; none, whose portion is so small Of present pain, that with ambitious mind Will covet more. With this advantage then To union, and firm faith, and firm accord, More than can be in Heaven, we now return To claim our just inheritance of old, Surer to prosper than prosperity Could have assured us; and, by what best way, Whether of open war, or covert guile, We now debate : Who can advise may speak.

He ceased : and next to him Moloch, sceptred king, Stood up, the strongest and the fiercest Spirit That fought in Heaven, now fiercer by despair : 45 His trust was with the Eternal to be deem'd Equal in strength ; and rather than be less Cared not to be at all ; with that care lost Went all his fear : of God, or Hell, or worse, He reck'd not ; and these words thereafter spake. 50

My sentence is for open war: Of wiles, More unexpert, I boast not: them let those Contrive who need, or when they need; not now, For, while they sit contriving, shall the rest, Millions that stand in arms, and longing wait 5b The signal to ascend, sit lingering here Heaver's fugitives, and for their dwelling place Accep' this dark opprobrious den of shame, The prison of his tyranny who reigns

B. 11.

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PARADISE LOST.

By our delay? No! let us rather choose 60 Arm'd with Hell flames and fury, all at once, O'er Heaven's high towers to force resistless way, Turning our tortures into horrid arms Against the Torturer; when to meet the noise Of his Almighty engine he shall hear 65 Infernal thunder; and, for lightning, see Black fire and horror shot with equal rage Among his Angels; and his throne itself Mix'd with Tartarean sulphur and strange fire, His own invented torments. But perhaps 71 The way seems difficult and steep to scale With upright wing against a higher foe. Let such bethink them, if the sleepy drench Of that forgetful lake benumb not still, That in our proper motion we ascend 75 Up to our native seat : Descent and fall To us is adverse. Who but felt of late. When the fierce Foe hung on our broken rear Insulting, and pursued us through the deep, With what compulsion and laborious flight 80 We sunk thus low? The ascent is easy then : The event is fear'd; should we again provoke Our stronger, some worse way his wrath may find To our destruction ; if there be in Hell Fear to be worse destroy'd: What can be worse 85 That to dwell here, driven out from bliss, condemn'd In this abhorred deep to utter woe; Where pain of unextinguishable fire Must exercise us without hope of end, The vassals of his anger, when the scourge 90 Inexorably, and the torturing hour Calls us to penance ! More destroy'd than thus, We should be quite abolish'd, and expire. What fear we then ? what doubt we to incense His utmost ire ? which, to the height enraged, 95 Will either quite consume us, and reduce To nothing this essential ; happier far

PARADISE	LOST.

3. II.

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Than miserable to have thernal being . Or if our substance be indeed divine, And cannot cease to be, we are at worst On this side nothing ; and by proof we feel Our power sufficient to disturb his heaven, And with perpetual inroads to alarm. Though inaccessible, his fatal throne · Which, if not victory, is yet revenge.

He ended frowning, and his look denounced Desperate revenge, and battle dangerous To less than Gods. On the other side uprose Belial, in act more graceful and humane : 110 A fairer person lost not Heaven; he seem'd For dignity composed, and high exploit : But all was false and hollow ; though his tongue Dropp'd manna, and could make the worse appear The better reason, to perplex and dash Maturest counsels : for his thoughts were low 115 To vice industrious, but to nobler deeds Timorous and slothful : yet he pleased the ear, And with persuasive accent thus began.

I should be much for open war, O Peers, 120 As not behind in hate; if what was urged Main reason to persuade immediate war Did not dissuade me most, and seem to cast Ominous conjecture on the whole success; When he, who most excels in fact of arms, In what he counsels, and in what excels, 125 Mistrustful, grounds his courage on despair And utter dissolution, as the scope Of all his aim, after some dire revenge. First, what revenge? The towers of Heaven are fill'd With armed watch, that render all access . 130 Impregnable : oft on the bordering deep Encamp their legions; or, with obscure wing Scout far and wide into the realm of night, Scorning surprise. Or could we break our way 135 By force, and at our heels all Hell should rise

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PARADISE LOST.	29
With blackest insurrection, to confound	
Heaven's purest light ; yet our great Enemy,	·
All incorruptible, would on his throne	
Sit unpolluted; and the ethereal mould,	
	140
Her mischief, and purge off the baser fire,	
Victorious. Thus repulsed, our final hope	
Is flat despair : We must exasperate	
The Almighty Victor to spend all his rage,	
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To be no more. Sad cure ! for who would lose,	
Though full of pain, this intellectual being,	•
Those thoughts that wander through eternity	
To perish rather, swallow'd up and lost	•
	154
Devoid of sense and motion ? And who knows,	
Let this be good, whether our angry Foe	
Can give it, or will ever ? how he can,	
Is doubtful ; that he never will, is sure.	
	155
Belike through impotence, or unaware,	
To give his enemies their wish, and end	
Them in his anger, whom his anger saves	
To punish endless? Wherefore cease we then?	100
	160
Reserved, and destined to eternal woe; Whatever doing, what can we suffer more,	
What can we suffer worse ? Is this then worst,	
Thus sitting, thus consulting, thus in arms?	
What! when we fied amain, pursued, and struck	165
With Heaven's afflicting thunder, and besought	100
The deep to shelter us? This Hell then seem'd	<u>.</u>
A refuge from those wounds; or when we lay	•
Chain'd on the burning lake? That sure was worm	
What if the breath, that kindled those grim fires,	
Awaked, should blow them into sevenfold rage,	
And plunge us in the flames? or, from above,	
Should intermitted vengeance arm again	
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PARADISE LOST. 30 B. n. His red right hand to plague us? What if all Her stores were open'd, and this firmament 175 Of Hell should spout her cataracts of fire, Impendent horrors, threatening hideous fall One day upon our heads; while we perhaps Designing or exhorting glorious war, Caught in a fiery tempest, shall be hurl'd 180 Each on his rock transfix'd, the sport and prey Of wracking whirlwinds; or for ever sunk Under yon boiling ocean, wrapp'd in chains; There to converse with everlasting grouns, Unrespited, unpitied, unreprieved, 185 Ages of hopeless end? This would be worse. War therefore, open or conceal'd, alike My voice dissuades; for what can force or guile With him, or who deceive his mind, whose eye Views all things at one view ? He from Heaven's height All these our motions vain sees and derides; 191 Not more almighty to resist our might Than wise to frustrate all our plots and wiles. Shall we then live thus vile, the race of Heaven Thus trampled, thus expell'd to suffer here 195 Chains and these torments? better these than worse. By my advice ; since fate inevitable Subdues us, and omnipotent decree, To suffer, as to do, -The Victor's will 200 Our strength is equal, nor the law unjust That so ordains : This was at first resolved, If we were wise, against so great a Foe Contending, and so doubtful what might fall. I laugh, when those who at the spear are bold And venturous, if that fail them, shrink and fear 205 What yet they know must follow, to endure Exile, or ignominy, or bonds, or pain, The sentence of their Conqueror : This is now Our doom ; which if we can sustain and bear. Our Supreme Foe in time may much remit 210 His anger; and perhaps, thus far removed

Not mind us not offending, satisfied With what is punish'd; whence these raging fires Will slacken, if his breath stir not their flames. 215 Our purer essence then will overcome Their noxious vapour ; or, inured, not feel ; Or changed at length, and to the place conform'd In temper and in nature, will receive Familiar the fierce heat, and void of pain ; This horror will grow mild, this darkness light; 220 Besides what hope the never ending flight Of future days may bring, what chance, what change Worth waiting ; since our present lot appears For happy though but ill, for ill not worst, If we procure not to ourselves more woe. 225

Thus Belial, with words clothed in reason's garb, Counsel'd ignoble ease, and peaceful sloth, Not peace: And after him thus Mammon spake

Either to disenthrone the King of Heaven We war, if war be best, or to regain 230 Our own right lost : Him to unthrone we then May hope, when everlasting Fate shall yield To fickle Chance, and Chaos judge the strife : The former, vain to hope, argues as vain The latter: For what place can be for us 235 Within Heaven's bound, unless Heaven's Lord supreme We overpower? Suppose he should relent, And publish grace to all, on promise made Of new subjection ; with what eyes could we Stand in his presence humble, and receive 240 Strict laws imposed, to celebrate his throne With warbled hymns and to his Godhead sing Forced Hallelujahs: while he lordly sits Our envied Sov'reign, and his altar breathes Ambrosial odours and ambrosial flowers, 245 Our servile offerings ? This must be our task In Heaven, this our delight; how wearisome Eternity so spent, in worship paid To whom we hate! Let us not then presume

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By fince impossible, by leave obtain'd Unadeostable, though in Heaven, our state On spleadid vassalage ; but rather seek Our own good from ourselves, and from our own Live to ourselves, though in this vast recess, Free, and to none accountable, preferring 255 Hala liberty before the easy yoke Of servile pomp. Our greatness will appear Then most conspicuous, when great things of small, Usetui of hurtful, prosperous of adverse, 260 We can create ; and in what place soe'er Thrive under evil, and work case out of pain, Through labour and endurance. This deep world Of darkness do we dread ? How oft amidst Thick clouds and dark doth Heaven's all-ruling Sire Choose to reside, his glory unobscured. 265 And with the majesty of darkness round Covers his throne ; from whence deep thunders roar Mustering their rage, and Heaven resembles Hell ? As he our darkness, cannot we his light Imitate when we please ? This desert soil 270 Wants not her hidden lustre, gems and gold : Nor want we skill or art, from whence to raise Magnificence ; and what can Heaven show more ? Our torments also may in length of time Become our elements; these piercing fires 275 As soft as now severe, our temper changed Into their temper ; which must needs remove The sensible of pain. All things invite To peaceful counsels, and the settled state Of order, how in safety best we may 280 Compose our present evils, with regard Of what we are, and where ; dismissing quite All thoughts of war: Ye have what I advise. He scarce had finish'd, when such murmur fill'd

The assembly as when hollow rocks retain 285 The sound of blustering winds, which all night long Had roused the sea, now with hoarse cadence lul

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	PARADISE LOST.	38	
Seafarin	g men o'erwatch'd, whose bark by char	30 6,	
Or pinna	ice, anchors in a craggy bay		
After the	e tempest : Such applause was heard	a 90 0	
	mon ended, and his sentence pleased,		
Advising	peace : for such another field		. 4
	eaded worse than Hell: so much the fe	er	•
	ler and the sword of Michaël		
	t still within them; and no less desire	295	
	l this nether empire, which might rise		
	y, and long process of time,		
	tion opposite to Heaven.		
	when Beelzebub perceived, than when		
	cept none higher sat, with grave	300	
	e rose, and in his rising seem'd		
	of state; deep on his front engraven		
	tion sat, and public care ;		
	cely counsel in his face yet shone,		
	though in ruin : sage he stood	305	>
	lantean shoulders fit to bare		
	ght of mightiest monarchies; his look		•
-	dience and attention still as night		
	ner's noontide air, while thus he spake.		
	es and Imperial Powers, Offspring of H		
	Virtues! or these titles now	311	
	renounce, and, changing style, be call'	a	
	of Hell! for so the popular vote bere to continue, and build up here		
	ng empire ; doubtless ! while we dream	1, 315	
	w not that the King of Heaven hath de		
	ce our dungeon ; not our safe retreat		
	his potent arm, to live exempt		
	eaven's high jurisdiction, in new league		
	against his throne, but to remain	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	est bondage, though thus far removed		
	te inevitable curb, reserved		
	ive multitude : For he, be sure		
	t or depth, still first and last will reiga		
	g, and of his kingdom lose no part	325	

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B. II.

By our revolt; but over Hell extend His empire, and with iron sceptre rule Us here, as with his golden those in Heaven. What sit we then projecting peace and war? War hath determined us, and foil'd with loss 330 Irreparable; terms of peace yet none Vouchsafed or sought; for what peace will be given To us enslaved, but custody severe, And stripes, and arbitrary punishment Inflicted? and what peace can we return, 335 But to our power hostility and hate, Untamed reluctance, and revenge though slow Yet ever plotting how the conqueror least May reap his conquest, and may least rejoice In doing what we most in suffering feel? 340 Nor will occasion want, nor shall we need With dangerous expedition to invade Heaven, whose high walls fear no assault nor siege, Or ambush from the deep. What if we find Some easier enterprise? There is a place 345 (If ancient and prophetic fame in Heaven Err not.) another world, the happy seat Of some new race call'd Man, about this time To be created like to us, though less In power and excellence, but favour'd more 350 Of Him who rules above : so was his will Pronounced among the Gods, and by an oath, That shook Heaven's whole circumference, confirm'd. Thither let us bend all our thoughts, to learn What creatures there inhabit, of what mould, 355 Or substance, how endued, and what their power, And where their weakness, how attempted best. By force or subtlety. Though Heaven be shut, And Heaven's high Arbitrator sit secure In his own strength, this place may lie exposed, 360 The utmost border of his kingdom, left To their defence who hold it : Here perhaps Some advantageous act may be achieved

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PARADISE LOST. 85 By sudden onset : either with Hell fire To waste his whole creation, or possess 365 All as our own, and drive, as we were driven, The puny habitants ; or, if not drive, Seduce them to our party, that their God May prove their foe, and with repenting hand Abolish his own works. This would surpass 87 Common revenge, and interrupt his joy In our confusion, and our joy upraise In his disturbance; when his darling sons. Hurl'd headlong to partake with us, shall curse Their frail original, and faded bliss, 875 Faded so soon. Advise, if this be worth Attempting, or to sit in darkness here Hatching vain empires. Thus Beelzebub Pleaded his devilish counsel, first devised By Satan, and in part proposed : For whence, 380 But from the author of all ill, could spring So deep a malice, to confound the race Of mankind in one root, and Earth with Hell To mingle and involve, done all to spite The great Creator? But their spite still serves 385 His glory to augment. The bold design Pleased highly those infernal States, and joy Sparkled in all their eyes ; with full assent They vote : whereat his speech he thus renews. Well have ye judged, well ended long debate, 390

Synod of Gods! and, like to what ye are, Great things resolved, which, from the lowest deep, Will once more lift us up, in spite of fate. Nearer our ancient seat ; perhaps in view farms Of those bright confines, whence, with neighbouring And opportune excursion, we may chance 396 Reenter Heaven : or else in some mild zone Dwell, not unvisited of Heaven's fair light. Secure ; and at the brightening orient beam Purge off this gloom : the soft delicious air, 400 To heal the scar of these corrosive fires,

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Shall breathe her balm. But first whom shall we sand In search of this new world ? whom shall we find Sufficient ? who shall tempt with wandering feet 405 The dark unbottom'd infinite abyss, And through the palpable obscure find out Ilis uncouth way, or spread his aery flight Upborne with indefatigable wings Over the vast abrupt, ere he arrive The happy isle ? What strength, what art can then 411 Suffice, or what evasion bear him safe Through the strict senteries and stations thick MAngels watching round? Here he had need All circumspection; and we now no less Choice in our suffrage ; for on whom we send, 415 The weight of all, and our last hope, relies. This said he sat; and expectation held

His look suspense, awaiting who appear'd His look suspense, awaiting who appear'd To second, or oppose, or undertake The perilous attempt: but all sat mute, 420 Pondering the danger with deep thought; and each In other's countenance read his own dismay, Astonish'd: None among the choice and prime Of those heavon-warring champions could be found So hardy as to proffer or accept, 425 Alone, the dreadful voyage; till at last Satan, whom now transcendent glory raised Above his fellows, with monarchal pride, Conscious of highest worth, unmoved thus spake:

O Progeny of Heaven, empyreal Thiones! 430 With reason hath deep silence and demur Seized us, though undismay'd: Long is the ways And hard, that out of Hell leads up to light; Our prison strong; this huge convex of fire, Outrageous to devour, immures us round 435 Ninofold; and gates of burning adamant, Barr'd over us, prohibit all egress. These pars'd, if any pass, the void profound Of unessential Night receives him next

PARADISE LOST.	37	
Wide gaping, and with utter loss of being	440	
Threatens him, plunged in that abortive gulf.		
If thence ne scape into whatever world,		
Or unknown region, what remains him less		
Than unknown dangers and as hard escape?	••••	*
But I should ill become this throne, O Peers,	445	
And this imperial sov'reignty, adorn'd		
With splendour, arm'd with power, if aught pro	posed	
And judged of public moment, in the shape		
Of difficulty or danger could deter		
Me from attempting. Wherefore do I assume	450	
These royalties, and not refuse to reign,		
Refusing to accept as great a share		
Of hazard as of honour, due alike		
To him who reigns, and so much to him due		
Of hazard more, as he above the rest	455	
High honour'd sits ? Go, therefore, mighty Po	wers,	
Terror of Heaven, though fallen ! intend at hor		
While here shall be our home, what best may e		
The present misery, and render Hell		
More tolerable; if there be cure or charm	460	
To respite, or deceive, or slack the pain		
Of this ill mansion : intermit no watch		
Against a wakeful Foe, while I abroad		
Through all the coasts of dark destruction seek		
Deliverance for us all : This enterprise	465	
None shall partake with me. Thus saying rose)	
The Monarch, and prevented all reply;		
Prudent, lest, from his resolution raised,		
Others among the chief might offer now		
(Certain to be refused) what erst they fear'd;	470	
And, so refused, might in opinion stand		
His rivals; winning cheap the high repute		
	ut they	•
Dreaded not more the adventure than his voice		
Ferbidding; and at once with him they rose:	475	
Their rising all at once was as the sound		
Of thunder heard remote. Towards him they	bend	
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With with reverence prone; and as a God Extol him equal to the Highest in Heaven : Nor fail'd they to express how much they praised 480 That for the general safety he despised His own : For neither do the Spirits damn'd Lose all their virtue ; lest bad men should beast Their specious deeds on earth, which glory excites Or close ambition, varaish'd o'er with zeal. 485 Thus they their doubtful consultations dark Ended, rejoicing in their matchless Chief: As when from mountain tops the dusky clouds Ascending, while the north wind sleeps, o'erspread Heaven's cheerful face, the lowering element 490 Scowls o'er the darken'd landscape snow or shower; If chance the radiant sun with farewell sweet Extend his evening beam, the fields revive, The birds their notes renew, and bleating herds Attest their joy, that hill and valley ring. O shame to men ! Devil with Devil damn'd Firm concord holds; men only disagree Of creatures rational, though under hope Of heavenly grace : and, God proclaiming peace, Yet live in hatred, enmity, and strife 500 Among themselves, and levy cruel wars, Wasting the earth, each other to destroy: As if (which might induce us to accord) Man had not hellish foes enow besides, That, day and night, for his destruction wait 50£.

The Stygian council thus dissolved; and **both** In order came the grand infernal Peers: Midst came their mighty Paramount, and seem'd Alone the Antagonist of Heaven, nor less Than Hell's dread Emperor, with pomp supreme 510 And Godlike imitated state: him round A globe of fiery Scraphim enclosed With bright emblazonry and horrent arms. Then of their session ended they bid cry With trumpets' regal sound the great result: 515

B. IL

Toward the four winds four speedy Cherubina Put to their mouths the sounding alchemy. By herald's voice explain'd ; the hollow abva Heard far and wide, and all the host of Hell With deafening shout return'd them loud acclaim. 520 Thence more at ease their minds, and somewhat raised By false presumptuous hope, the ranged Powers Disband; and, wandering, each his several way Pursues, as inclination or sad choice Leads him perplex'd, where he may likeliest find 525 Truce to his restless thoughts; and entertain The irksome hours till his great Chief return. Part on the plain, or in the air sublime. Upon the wing, or in swift race contend, As at the Olympian games or Pythian fields; 530 Part curb their fiery steeds, or shun the goal With rapid wheels, or fronted brigades form. As when, to warn proud cities, war appears Waged in the troubled sky, and armies rush 535 To battle in the clouds, before each van Prick forth the aery knights, and couch their spears Till thickest legions close ; with feats of arms From either end of Heaven the welkin burns. Others, with vast Typhœan rage more fell, Rend up both rocks and hills, and ride the air 540 In whirlwind ; Hell scarce holds the wild uproar. As when Alcides, from Œchalia crown'd With conquest, felt the envenom'd robe, and tore Through pain up by the roots Thessalian pines ; And Lichas from the top of Œta threw 545 Into the Euboic sea. Others more mild, Retreated in a silent valley, sing With notes angelical to many a harp Their own heroic deeds and hapless fall 550 By doom of battle; and complain that fate Free virtue should enthral to force or chance. Their song was partial ; but the harmony (What could it less when spirits immortal sing ?)

Suspended Hell, and took with ravishment The thronging audience. In discourse more sweet (For eloquence the soul, song charms the sense,) 556 Others apart sat on a hill retired, In thoughts more elevate, and reason'd high Of providence, foreknowledge, will, and fate; Fix'd fate, free will, foreknowledge absolute; 560 And found no end, in wandering mazes lost. Of good and evil much they argued then. Of happiness and final misery, Passion and apathy, and glory and shame ; Vain wisdom all, and false philosophy ! 565 Yet, with a pleasing sorcery, could charm Pain for a while or anguish, and exite Fallacious hope, or arm the obdured breast. With stubborn patience, as with triple steel. Another part, in squadrons and gross bands, 570 On bold adventure to discover wide That dismal world, if any clime perhaps Might yield them easier habitation, bend Four ways their flying march, along the banks Of four infernal rivers that disgorge 575 Into the burning lake their baleful streams ; Abhorred Styx, the flood of deadly hate ; Sad Acheron, of sorrow, black and deep; Cocvtus, named of lamentation loud Heard on the rueful stream ; fierce Phlegethon, 580 Whose waves of torrent fire inflame with rage. Far off from these, a slow and silent stream, Lethe, the river of oblivion, rolls Her watery labyrinth, whereof who drinks Forthwith his former state and being forgets, Forgets both joy and grief, pleasure and pain. Beyond this flood a frozen continent Lies dark and wild, beat with perpetual storms Of whirlwind and dire hail, which on firm land Thaws not, but gathers heap, and ruin seems

Of ancient pile; or else deep snow and ice,

B. 11.

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PARADISE LOST.

A gulf profound, as that Serbonian bog Betwixt Damiata and mount Casius old, Where armies whole have sunk : The parching air Burns frore, and cold performs the effect of fire. 595 Thither by harpy-footed furies haled. At certain revolutions, all the damn'd Are brought ; and feel by turns the bitter change Of fierce extremes, extremes by change more fierce. From beds of raging fire, to starve in ice 600 Their soft ethereal warmth, and there to pine Immovable, infix'd, and frozen round, Periods of time, thence hurried back to fire. They ferry over this Lethean sound Both to and fro, their sorrow to augment, 605 And wish and struggle, as they pass, to reach The tempting stream, with one small drop to lose In sweet forgetfulness all pain and woe, Ali in one moment, and so near the brink ; But fate withstands, and to oppose the attempt 610 Medusa with Gorgonian terror guards The ford, and of itself the water flies All taste of living wight, as once it fled The lip of Tantalus. Thus roving on In confused march forlorn, the adventurous bands, 615 With shuddering horror pale, and eyes aghast, View'd first their lamentable lot, and found No rest : through many a dark and dreary vale They pass'd, and many a region dolorous, O'er many a frozen, many a fiery Alp, 620 Rocks, caves, lakes, fens, bogs, dens, and shades of death. A universe of death : which God by curse Created evil, for evil only good; Where all life dies, death lives, and nature breeds, Perverse, all monstrous, all prodigious things, Abominable, inutterable, and worse Than fables yet have feign'd, or fear conceiver. Gorgons, and Hydras, and Chimeras dire. Meanwhile the adversary of God and Man

42 PARADISE LOST. 8. 18 Satan, with thoughts inflamed of highest design, 630 Puts on swift wings, and towards the gates of Hell Explores his solitary flight : sometimes He scours the right hand coast, sometimes the left; Now shaves with level wing the deep, then soars Up to the fiery concave towering high. 635 As when far off at sea a fleet descried Hangs on the clouds, by equinoctial winds Close sailing from Bengala, or the isles Of Ternate and Tidore, whence merchants bring Their spicy drugs; they, on the trading flood, 640 Through the wide Ethiopian to the Cape. Ply stemming nightly toward the pole : so seem'd Far off the flying Fiend. At last appear Hell bounds, high reaching to the horrid roof, And thrice threefold the gates; three folds were brass, Three iron, three of adamantine rock 646 Impenetrable, impaled with circling fire, Yet unconsumed. Before the gates there sat, On either side a formidable shape : The one seem'd woman to the waist, and fair ; 650 But ended foul in many a scaly fold Voluminous and vast ; a serpent arm'd With mortal sting : About her middle round A cry of Hellhounds never cessing bark'd With wide Cerberian mouths full loud, and rung 655 A hideous peal; yet, when they list, would creep, If aught disturb'd their noise, into her womb, And kennel there ; yet there still bark'd and howl'd. Within, unseen. Far less abhorr'd than these Vex'd Scylla, bathing in the sea that parts 660 Calabria from the hoarse Trinacrian shore ; Nor uglier follow the night hag, when, call'd In secret, riding through the air she comes, Lured with the smell of infant blood, to dance With Lapland witches, while the labouring moon 665 Eclipses at their charms. 'The other shape, If shape it might be call'd that shape had none

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Distinguishable in member, joint, or limb; Or substance might be call'd that shadow seem'd. For each seem'd either ; black it stood as Night. 670 Fierce as ten Furies, terrible as Hell, And shook a dreadful dart ; what seem'd his head The likeness of a kingly crown had on. Satan was now at hand, and from his seat The monster moving onward came as fast 675 With horrid strides; Hell trembled as he strode. The undaunted Fiend what this might be admired; Admired, not fear'd ; God and his Son except, Created thing nought valued he, nor shunn'd ; And with disdainful look thus first began : 680

Whence and what art thou, execrable shape ! That darest, though grim and terrible, advance Thy miscreated front athwart my way. To yonder gates ? through them I mean to pass, That be assured, without leave ask'd of thee : Retire or taste thy folly ; and learn by proof, Hell-born ! not to contend with Spirits of heaven.

To whom the Goblin full of wrath replied : Art thou that Traitor-Angel, art thou He Who first broke peace in Heaven, and faith, till then Unbroken; and in proud rebellious arms 691 Drew after him the third part of Heaven's sons Conjured against the Highest; for which both thou And they, outcast from God, are here condemn'd To waste eternal days in woe and pain? 695 And reckon'st thou thyself with Spirits of Heaven, Hell-doom'd ! and breathest defiance here and scorn, Where I reign king; and, to enrage thee more, Thy king and lord? Back to thy punishment, False fugitive ! and to thy speed add wings ; 700 Lest with a whip of scorpions I pursue Thy lingering ; or with one stroke of this dart Strange horror seize thee, and pangs unfelt before.

So spake the grisly Terror, and in shape, So speaking and so threatening, grew tenfold 705

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D. II.

More dreadful and deform. On the other side, Incensed with indignation, Satan stood Unterrified ; and like a comet burn'd, That fires the length of Ophiuchus huge 710 In the arctic sky, and from his horrid hair Shakes pestilence and war. Each at the head Level'd his deadly aim ; their fatal hands No second stroke intend; and such a frown Each cast at th' other, as when two black clouds, With Heaven's artillery fraught, come rattling on 715 Over the Caspian; then stand front to front, Hovering a space, till winds the signal blow To join their dark encounter in mid air : So frown'd the mighty combatants that Hell Grew darker at their frown : so match'd they stood ; For never but once more was either like 721 To meet so great a foe : And now great deeds Had been achieved, whereof all Hell had rung, Had not the snaky Sorceress that sat Fast by Hell-gate, and kept the fatal key, 725 Risen, and with hideous outcry rush'd between.

O Father ! what intends thy hand, she cried, Agricust thy only Son ? What fury, O Son ! Possibles thee to bend that mortal dart Against thy father's head ? and know'st for whom ; For him who sits above, and laughs the while At thee ordain'd his drudge ; to execute Whate'er his wrath, which he calls justice, bids ? His wrath, which one day will destroy ye both ! Stee smake, and at her words the hellish Pest 735

S.ie spake, and at her words the hellish Pest Forbore ; then these to her Satan return'd :

So strange thy outcry, and thy words so strange Thou interposest, that my sudden hand, Prevented, spares to tell thee yet by deeds What it intends; till first I know of thee 740 What thing thou art, thus double-form'd; and why, In this informal vale first met, thou call'st Me Father, and that phaniasm call'st my float's

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I know thee not, nor ever saw till now Sight more detestable than him and thee. 745 To whom thus the Portress of Hell-gate replied Hast thou forgot me then, and do I seem Now in thine eve so foul ? once deem'd so fair In Heaven, when at the assembly, and in sight Of all the Seraphim with thee combined 250 In bold conspiracy against Heaven's King, All on a sudden miserable pain Surprised thee, dim thine eyes, and dizzy swam In darkness, while thy head flames thick and fast Threw forth ; till, on the left side opening wide. 755 Likest to thee in shape and countenance bright Then shining heavenly fair, a goddess arm'd, Out of thy head I sprang ; Amazement seized All the host of Heaven ; back they recoil'd afraid At first, and call'd me Sin, and for a sign 760 Portentous held me ; but, familiar grown, I pleased, and with attractive graces won The most averse, thee chiefly, who full oft Thyself in me thy perfect image viewing Becamest enamour'd ; and such joy thou took'st 765 With me in secret that my womb conceived A growing burden. Meanwhile war arese. And fields were fought in Heaven ; Wherein remain'd (For what could else?) to our Almighty Foe Clear victory ; to our part loss and rout, 770 Through all the empyréan ; down they fell Driven headlong from the pitch of Heaven, down Into this deep; and in the general fall I also; at which time, this powerful key Into my hand was given, with charge to keep 775 These gates for ever shut, which none can pass Without my opening. Pensive here I sat Alone; but long I sat not, till my womb Pregnant by they, and now excessive grown, Prodigious motion felt, and rueful throes. 780 At last this odious offspring whom thou seest,

B. 11.

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Thine own begotten, breaking violent way Tore through my entrails, that, with fear and pain Distorted, all my nether shape thus grew Transform'd : But he my inbred enemy 785 Forth issued, brandishing his fatal dart Made to destroy ! I fled, and cried out Death ! Hell trembled at the hideous name, and sigh'd From all her caves, and back resounded Death ! I fled ; but he pursued (though more, it seems, 790 Inflamed with lust than rage,) and, swifter far, Me overtook, his mother, all dismav'd ; And, in embraces forcible and foul Ingendering with me, of that rape begot These yelling monsters that with ceaseless cry 796 Surround me, as thou saw'st : hourly conceived And hourly born, with sorrow infinite To me; for, when they list, into the womb That bred them they return, and howl and gnaw My bowels, their repast; then bursting forth 800 Afresh with conscious terrors vex me round, That rest or intermission none I find. Before mine eyes in opposition sits Grim Death, my son and foe; who sets them on, And me his parent would full soon devour 805 For want of other prey, but that he knows His end with mine involved; and knows that I Should prove a bitter morsel, and his bane, Whenever that shall be; so Fate pronounced. But thou, O Father ! I forewarn thee, shun 810 His deadly arrow; neither vainly hope To be invulnerable in those bright arms, Though temper'd heavenly; for that mortal dint, Save he who reigns above, none can resist.

She finish'd; and the subtle Fiend his lore 815 Boon learn'd, now milder, and thus answer'd smooth Dear Daughter! since thou claim'st me for thy sire And my fair son here show'st me, (the dear pledge Of dalliance had with thee in Heaven, and joys

Then sweet, now sad to mention, through dire change Befallen us, unforeseen, unthought of) know, 821 I come no enemy, but to set free From out this dark and dismal house of pain Both him and thee, and all the heavenly host • Of Spirits, that, in our just pretences arm'd. 825 Fell with us from on high: From them I go This uncouth errand sole; and one for all Myself expose, with lonely steps to tread The unfounded deep, and through the void immense To settrch with wandering quest a place foretold 834 Should be, and, by concurring signs, ere now Created vast and round, a place of bliss In the purlieus of Heaven, and therein placed A race of upstart creatures, to supply Perhaps our vacant room ; though more removed, 834 Lest Heaven, surcharged with potent multitude, Might hap to move new broils. Be this or aught Than this more secret now design'd, I haste To know; and, this once known, shall soon return, And bring ye to the place where Thou and Death 84w Shall dwell at ease, and up and down unseen Wing silently the buxom air, embalm'd With odours; there ve shall be fed and fill'd Immeasurably, all things shall be your prey.

He ceased, for both seem'd highly pleased ; and Death Grinn'd horrible a ghastly smile, to hear 846 His famine should be fill'd; and bless'd his maw Destined to that good hour : No less rejoiced His mother bad, and thus bespecke her sire The key of this infernal nit by due. 850

The key of this infernal pit by due, And by command of Heaven's all-powerful King, I keep ; by him forbidden to unlock These adamantine gates; against all force Death ready stands to interposo his dart, Fearless to be o'ermatch d by living might Rut what owe I to his commands above Who hates me, and hath hither thrust me down 47

B. II.

Thine own begotten, breaking violent way Tore through my entrails, that, with fear and pain Distorted, all my nether shape thus grew Transform'd : But he my inbred enemy 785 Forth issued, brandishing his fatal dart Made to destroy ! I fled, and cried out Death ! Hell trembled at the hideous name, and sigh'd From all her caves, and back resounded Death ! I fled ; but he pursued (though more, it seems, 790 Inflamed with lust than rage,) and, swifter far, Me overtook, his mother, all dismav'd ; ٠, And, in embraces forcible and foul Ingendering with me, of that rape begot These yelling monsters that with ceaseless cry 795 Surround me, as thou saw'st : hourly conceived And hourly born, with sorrow infinite To me; for, when they list, into the womb That bred them they return, and howl and gnaw My bowels, their repast; then bursting forth 800 Afresh with conscious terrors vex me round, That rest or intermission none I find. Before mine eyes in opposition sits Grim Death, my son and foe ; who sets them on, And me his parent would full soon devour 805 For want of other prey, but that he knows His end with mine involved; and knows that I Should prove a bitter morsel, and his bane, Whenever that shall be; so Fate pronounced. But thou, O Father ! I forewarn thee, shun 810 His deadly arrow; neither vainly hope To be invulnerable in those bright arms, Though temper'd heavenly; for that mortal dint, Save he who reigns above, none can resist.

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B. 11

Into this gloom of Tartarus profound. To sit in hateful office here confined, Inhabitant of Heaven, and heavenly born, 860 Here in perpetual agony and pain, With terrors and with clamours compass'd round Of mine own brood, that on my bowels feed? Thou art my father, thou my author, thou 865 My being gavest me; whom should I obey But thee? whom follow? thou wilt bring me soon To that new world of light and bliss, among The gods who live at ease, where I shall reign. At thy right hand voluptuous, as beseems Thy daughter and thy darling, without end. 870 Thus saying, from her side the fatal key, Sad instrument of all our woe, she took ; And, toward the gate rolling her bestial train, Forthwith the huge portcullis high updrew. Which but herself, not all the Stygian Powers 875 Could once have moved; then in the keyhole turns The intricate wards, and every bolt and bar Of massy iron or solid rock with ease Unfastens: On a sudden open fly With impetuous recoil and jaring sound 880 The infernal doors, and on their hinges grate Harsh thunder, that the lowest bottom shook Of Erebus. She open'd, but to shut Excell'd her power; the gates wide open stood, 885 That with extended wings a banner'd host, Under spread ensigns, marching, might pass through With horse and chariots rank'd in loose array . So wide they stood, and like a furnace mouth Cast forth redounding smoke and ruddy flame. Before their eyes in sudden view appear 890 The secrets of the hoary deep; a dark Illimitable ocean, without bound, Without dimension ; where length, breadth, and height, And time, and place are lost; where eldest Night And Chaos, encestors of Nature, hold 895

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Eternal anarchy, amidst the noise Of endless wars, and by confusion stand. For hot, cold, moist, and dry, four champions fierce. Strive here for mastery, and to battle bring Their embryon atoms; they around the flag 900 Of each his faction, in their several clans, Light arm'd or heavy, sharp, smooth, swift, or slow. Swarm populous, unnumber'd as the sands Of Barca or Cyrene's torrid soil. Levied to side with warring winds, and poise 905 Their lighter wings. To whom these most adhere, He rules a moment : Chaos umpire sits, And by decision more embroils the fray. By which he reigns: Next him, high arbiter. Chance governs all. Into this wild abyss, 910 The womb of Nature and perhaps her grave, Of neither sea, nor shore, nor air, nor fire, But all these in their pregnant causes mix'd Confusedly, and which thus must ever fight, Unless the Almighty Maker them ordain 915 His dark materials to create more worlds; Into this wild abyss the wary Fiend Stood on the brink of Hell, and look'd awhile, Pondering his voyage ; for no narrow frith He had to cross. Nor was his ear less peal'd 920 With noises loud and ruinous (to compare Great things with small) than when Bellona storms, With all her battering engines bent to rase Some capital city; or less than if this frame Of Heaven were falling, and these elements 925 In mutiny had from her axle torn The steadfast earth. At last his sail-broad vans He spreads for flight, and in the surging smoke Uplifted spurns the ground ; thence many a league, As in a cloudy chair, ascending rides 930 Audacious; but, that seat soon failing, meets A vast vacuity : all unawares Fluttering his pennons vain, plumb down he drops

Suspended Hell, and took with ravishment The thronging audience. In discourse more sweet (For eloquence the soul, song charms the sense,) 556 Others apart sat on a hill retired, In thoughts more elevate, and reason'd high Of providence, foreknowledge, will, and fate; 560 Fix'd fate, free will, foreknowledge absolute; And found no end, in wandering mazes lost. Of good and evil much they argued then. Of happiness and final misery, Passion and apathy, and glory and shame ; 565 Vain wisdom all, and false philosophy ! Yet, with a pleasing sorcery, could charm Pain for a while or anguish, and exite Fallacious hope, or arm the obdured breast. With stubborn patience, as with triple steel. 570 Another part, in squadrons and gross bands, On bold adventure to discover wide That dismal world, if any clime perhaps Might yield them easier habitation, bend Four ways their flying march, along the banks Of four infernal rivers that disgorge 575 Into the burning lake their baleful streams ; Abhorred Styx, the flood of deadly hate ; Sad Acheron, of sorrow, black and deep; Cocytus, named of lamentation loud Heard on the rueful stream ; fierce Phlegethon, 580 Whose waves of torrent fire inflame with rage. Far off from these, a slow and silent stream, Lethe, the river of oblivion, rolls Her watery labyrinth, whereof who drinks Forthwith his former state and being forgets, Forgets both joy and grief, pleasure and pain. Beyond this flood a frozen continent Lies dark and wild, beat with perpetual storms Of whirlwind and dire hail, which on firm land Thaws not, but gathers heap, and ruin seems 596 Of ancient pile; or else deep snow and ice,

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B. 11.

A gulf profound, as that Serbonian bog Betwixt Damiata and mount Casius old, Where armies whole have sunk : The parching air Burns frore, and cold performs the effect of fire. 595 Thither by harpy-footed furies haled, At certain revolutions, all the damn'd Are brought ; and feel by turns the bitter change Of fierce extremes, extremes by change more fierce. From beds of raging fire, to starve in ice 600 Their soft ethereal warmth, and there to pine Immovable, infix'd, and frozen round, Periods of time, thence hurried back to fire. They ferry over this Lethean sound Both to and fro, their sorrow to augment, 605 And wish and struggle, as they pass, to reach The tempting stream, with one small drop to lose In sweet forgetfulness all pain and woe. All in one moment, and so near the brink ; But fate withstands, and to oppose the attempt 610 Medusa with Gorgonian terror guards The ford, and of itself the water flies All taste of living wight, as once it fled The lip of Tantalus. Thus roving on In confused march forlorn, the adventurous bands, 615 With shuddering horror pale, and eyes aghast. View'd first their lamentable lot, and found No rest : through many a dark and dreary vale They pass'd, and many a region dolorous, O'er many a frozen, many a fiery Alp, 620 Rocks, caves, lakes.fens, bogs, dens, and shades of death, A universe of death : which God by curse Created evil, for evil only good; Where all life dies, death lives, and nature breeds, Perverse, all monstrous, all prodigious things, Abominable, inutterable, and worse Than fables yet have feign'd, or fear conceiver. Gorgons, and Hydras, and Chimeras dire. Meanwhile the adversary of God and Man

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	Suspended Hell, and	took with ravishment	
		ence. In discourse more swe	et
		oul, song charms the sense,)	
	Others apart sat on		
	In thoughts more ele	evate, and reason'd high	
		nowledge, will, and fate;	
_	• ·	foreknowledge absolute;	560
•		n wandering mazes lost.	
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		ng march, along the banks	
	Of four infernal rive		575
		e their baleful streams ;	
	Abhorred Styx, the	•	
	Sad Acheron, of sorr		
	Cocytus, named of la		
		stream; fierce Phlegethon,	580
		ent fire inflame with rage.	
		slow and silent stream,	
	Lethe, the river of o		
	•	h, whereof who drinks	
		state and being forgets,	585
		grief, pleasure and pain.	
	Beyond this flood a f		
	Lies dark and wild, I	beat with perpetual storms	
	Of whirlwind and din	e hail, which on firm land	
	Thaws not, but gath	ers heap, and ruin seems	590
	Of ancient pile; or o	else deep snow and ice,	
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A gulf profound, as that Serbonian bog Betwixt Damiata and mount Casius old, Where armies whole have sunk : The parching air Burns frore, and cold performs the effect of fire. 595 Thither by harpy-footed furies haled, At certain revolutions, all the damn'd Are brought; and feel by turns the bitter change Of fierce extremes, extremes by change more fierce. From beds of raging fire, to starve in ice 600 Their soft ethereal warmth, and there to pine Immovable, infix'd, and frozen round, Periods of time, thence hurried back to fire. They ferry over this Lethean sound Both to and fro, their sorrow to augment, 605 And wish and struggle, as they pass, to reach The tempting stream, with one small drop to lose In sweet forget fulness all pain and woe, All in one moment, and so near the brink ; 610 But fate withstands, and to oppose the attempt Medusa with Gorgonian terror guards The ford, and of itself the water flies All taste of living wight, as once it fled The lip of Tantalus. Thus roving on In confused march forlorn, the adventurous bands, 615 With shuddering horror pale, and eyes aghast, View'd first their lamentable lot, and found No rest : through many a dark and dreary vale They pass'd, and many a region dolorous, O'er many a frozen, many a fiery Alp, 620 Rocks, caves, lakes, fens, bogs, dens, and shades of death. A universe of death : which God by curse Created evil, for evil only good; Where all life dies, death lives, and nature breeds. Perverse, all monstrous, all prodigious things, Abominable, inutterable, and worse Than fables yet have feign'd, or fear conceiver. Gorgons, and Hydras, and Chimeras dire. Meanwhile the adversary of God and Man 4*

BOOK III.

God, sitting on his throne, sees Satan flying towards this world, then newly created; shows him to the Son, who sat at his right hand; forstels the success of Satan in porvering mankind; clears his own justice and wisdom from all imputation, having created Man free, and able concupt to have withstood his tempter; yet declares his purpose of grace towards him, in regard he feli not of his own malice, as did Satan, but oy him seduced. The Son of God renders praises to his Father for the manifestation of his gracious purpose towards Man: But God again declares, that grace cannot be extended towards Man without the satisfaction of divine justice: Man hath offended the majesty of God by aspiring to Godhead, and, therefore, with all his progeny, devoted to death, must die, unless some one can be found sufficient to answer for his offence, and undergo his purlshment. Tho Son ef God freely offers himself a ransom for Man: The Father accepts him, ordains his incarnation, proncounces his exaltation above all names in Heavon and Earth; commands all the Angels to adore him: They obey, and hymning to their harps in full choir, celebrate the Father and the Son. Measwhile Satan alights upon the bare convex of this world's outermost orb; where wandering he first finds a place, since called the Limbo of Vanity: What persons and things fly up thither: Thence comes to the gate of Heavon, described asconding by stairs, and the waters above the firmment that How about 1: His passe themo to the orb of the sun; he finds there Uriol, the regent of that orb, but first changes himself in the shape of a meanor Angel; and, pretending a zcalous desire to behold the new creation, and Man whom Jod had placed here, inquires of him the place of his habi sation, and is directed : Alights first on mount Niphates.

LAIL, holy Light, offspring of Heaven first-born, Or of the Eternal coeternal beam,
May I express thee unblamed? since God is light,
And never but in unapproached light
Dwelt from eternity; dwelt then in thee,
Bright effluence of bright essence increate !
Or hear'st thou rather, pure ethereal stream,
Whose fountain who shall tell ? Before the sun,
Defore the Heavens thou wert, and at the voice
Of God, as with a mantle, didst invest
The rising world of waters dark and deep
Won from the void and formless infinite.

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Thee 1 revisit now with bolder wing, Escaped the Stygian pool, though long detain'd In that obscure sojourn, while in my flight 15 Through utter and through middle darkness borne, With other notes than to the Orphéan lyre, I sung of Chaos and eternal Night; Taught by the heavenly Muse to venture down The dark descent, and up to reascend. 20 Though hard and rare : thee I revisit safe. And feel thy sov'reign vital lamp; but thou Revisit'st not these eyes, that roll in vain To find thy piercing ray, and find no dawn ; So thick a drop serene hath quench'd their orbs, 25 Or dim suffusion veil'd. Yet not the more Cease 1 to wander where the Muses haunt Clear spring, or shady grove, or sunny hill, Smit with the love of sacred song ; but chief Thee, Sion, and the flowery brooks beneath. 30 That wash'd thy hallow'd feet, and warbling flow, Nightly I visit : nor sometimes forget Those other two equal'd with me in fate. So were I equal'd with them in renown ! Blind Thamyris, and blind Mmonides ; 35 And Tiresias, and Phineus, prophets old : Then feed on thoughts, that voluntary move Harmonious numbers; as the wakeful bird Sings darkling, and in shadiest covert hid Tunes her nocturnal note. Thus with the year 釔 Seasons return: but not to me returns Day, or the sweet approach of even or morn, Or sight of vernal bloom, or summer's rose, Or flocks, or herds, or human face divine : But cloud instead, and everduring dark 45 Surrounds me, from the cheerful ways of men Cut off, and for the book of knowledge fair Presented with a universal blank Of natures works, to me expunged and rased, And wisdom at one entrance quite shut out. 50

PARADISE LOST. B. TIL So much the rather thou, celestial Light, Shine inward, and the mind through all her powers Irradiate; there plant eyes, all mist from thence Purge and disperse, that I may see and tell Of things invisible to mortal sight. 55 Now had the Almighty Father from above, From the pure empyrean where he sits High throned above all height, bent down his eye His own works and their works at once to view : About him all the Sanctities of Heaven 60 Stood thick as stars, and from his sight received Beatitude past utterance : on his right The radiant image of his glory sat, His only Son; on earth he first beheld Our two first parents, yet the only two 66 Of mankind in the happy garden placed, Reaping immortal fruits of joy and love, Uninterrupted joy, unrival'd love, In blissful solitude ; he then survey'd Hell and the gulf between, and Satan there 70 Coasting the wall of Heaven on this side Night In the dun air sublime, and ready now To stoop with wearied wings and willing feet, On the bare outside of this world, that seem'd Firm land Inhosom'd, without firmament, 75 Uncertain which, in ocean or in air. Him God beholding from his prospect high, Wherein past, present, future he beholds, Thus to his only Son foreseeing spake : Only begotten Son, seest thou what rage 80

Trailmorts our Adversary? whom no bounds Prescribed, no bars of Hell, nor all the chains Heap'd on him there, nor yet the main abyss, Wide interrupt, can hold ; so bent he seems On desperate revenge, that shall redound 85 Upon his own rebellious head. And now, Through all restraint broke loose, he wings his way Not far off Meaven, in the precincts of light,

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PARADISE LOST.	57	
Directly towards the new created world,		
And man there placed, with purpose to essay	90	
If him by force he can destroy, or, worse,		
By some false guile pervert ; and shall pervert ;		
For man will hearken to his glossing lies,		
And easily transgress the sole command,		
Sole pledge of his obedience : So will fall	35	
He and his faithless progeny : Whose fault?		
Whose but his own? Ingrate, he had of me		
All he could have; I made him just and right,-		
Sufficient to have stood, though free to fall.		
Such I created all the ethereal Powers	100	
And Spirits, both them who stood, and them who fa	ail'd;	
Freely they stood who stood, and fell who fell.	•	
Not free, what proof could they have given since	re	
Of true allegiance, constant faith, or love,		
Where only what they needs must do appear'd,	105	
Not what they would? what praise could they rece	eive'	
What pleasure I from such obedience paid,		
When will and reason (reason also is choice)		
Useless and vain, of freedom both despoil'd,		
Made passive both, had served necessity,	110	
Not me? They therefore, as to right belong'd,		
So were created, nor can justly accuse		
Their Maker, or their making, or their fate,		
As if predestination overruled		
Their will disposed by absolute decree	115	
Or high foreknowledge ; they themselves decreed	l	
Their own revolt, not I ; if I foreknew,		
Foreknowledge had no influence on their fault,		
Which had no less proved certain unforeknown.		
So without least impulse or shadow of fate,	120	
Or aught by me immutably foreseen,		
They trespass, authors to themselves in all		
Both what they judge and what they choose ; for	60	
I form'd them free; and free they must remain,		
Till they enthral themselves ; I else must change	125	
Their nature, and revoke the high decree		
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B. 111

PARADISE LOST.

Unchangeable, eternal, which ordain'd Their freedom; they themselves ordain'd their fall. The first sort by thele own suggestion fell, Self-tempted, self-depraved : Man falls, deceived 130 By the other first : Man therefore shall find grace, The other none : In mercy and justice both, Through Heaven and Earth, so shall my glory excel; But mercy, first and last, shall brightest shine.

Thus while God spake, ambrosial fragrance fill'd 135 All Heaven, and in the blessed Spirits elect Sense of new joy ineffable diffused. Beyond compare the Son of God was seen Most glorious; in him all his father shone Substantially express'd; and in his face 140 Divine compassion visibly appear'd, Love without end, and without measure grace; Which, uttering, thus he to his Father spake:

O Father, gracious was that word which closed 144 Thy sov'reign sentence, that man should find grace; For which both Heaven and Earth shall high extol Thy praises, with the innumerable sound Of hynms and sacred songs, wherewith thy throne Encompass'd shall resound thee ever bless'd. For should Man finally be lost? should Man, 150 Thy creature late so loved, thy youngest son, Fall circumvented thus by fraud, though join'd With his own folly? That be from thee far, That far be from thee, Father, who art judge Of all things made, and judgest only right. 155 Or shall the Adversary thus obtain His end, and frustrate thine ? shall he fulfil His malice, and thy goodness bring to nought; Or proud return, though to his heavier doom, 160 Yet with revenge accomplish'd, and to Hell Draw after him the whole race of mankind, By him corrupted ? or wilt thou thyself Abolish thy creation, and unmake For him, what for thy glory thou hast made ?

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	PARADISE LOST.	59
	So should thy goodness and thy greatness both Be question'd and blasphemed without defence.	165
	To whom the great Creator thus replied :	
	O Son, in whom my soul hath chief delight,	
	Son of my bosom, Scn who art alone	
	My word, my wisdom, and effectual might,	170
	All hast thou spoken as my thoughts are, all	
	As my eternal purpose hath decreed;	
	Man shall not quite be lost, but saved who will ;	
	Yet not of will in him, but grace in me	
	Freely vouchsafed ; once more I will renew	175
	His lapsed powers, though forfeit, and enthrall'd	
	By sin to foul exorbitant desires ;	
	Upheld by me, yet once more he shall stand	
	On even ground against his mortal foe;	
	By me upheld, that he may know how frail	180
	His fallen condition is, and to me owe	
	All his deliverance, and to none but me.	
	Some I have chosen of peculiar grace,	
	Elect above the rest; so is my will:	
	The rest shall hear me call, and of: be warn'd	185
	Their sinful state, and to appease betimes	
	The incensed Deity, while offer'd grace	
	Invites; for I will clear their senses dark,	•
	What may suffice, and soften stony hearts	-
	To pray, repent, and bring obedience due.	190
	To prayer, repentance, and obedience due,	
	Though but endeavour'd with sincere intent,	
	Mine ear shall not be slow, mine eye not shut.	
	And I will place within them as a guide,	
	My umpire Conscience ; whom if they will hear,	195
	Light after light, well used, they shall attain,	
	And to the end, persisting safe arrive.	•
÷	This my long sufferance, and my day of grace,	
	They who neglect and scorn shall never taste ;	
	But hard be harden'd, blind be blinded more,	200
	That they may stumble on, and deeper fall ;	
	and none but such from mercy I exclude.	

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60	PARADISE LOST.	B. 1(1.	
But vet a	ll is not done; Man disobeying,		
	breaks his fealty, and sins		
	he high supremacy of Heaven,	205	
	Godhead; and, so losing all,		
	te his treason hath nought left,		
-	struction sacred and devote,		
He with	his whole posterity must die;		
	justice must : unless for him	<u>.</u>	
	ner able, and as willing, pay		
	satisfaction, death for death.		
	venly Powers, where shall we find su	uch love?	
	f ye will be mortal, to redeem		
	ortal crime, and just the unjust to sa	ve? 215	
Dwells in	all Heaven charity so dear ?		
He asl	'd, but all the heavenly choir stood	mute,	
And sile	nce was in Heaven : On Man's behal	lf	
Patron o	r intercessor none appear'd,		
Much les	s that durst upon his own head draw	r 220	
The dead	lly forfeiture and ransom set.		
And now	without redemption all mankind		
Must hav	e been lost, adjudged to Death and	Hell	
By doom	severe, had not the Son of God,		
In whom	the fulness dwells of love divine,	225	
His dear	est mediation thus renew'd : •		
Father	, thy word is pass'd, Man shall find g	grace;	
And shall	grace not find means, that finds her	r way,	
The spee	diest of thy winged messengers,	*	
To visit a	all thy creatures, and to all	250	
	nprevented, unimplored, unsought ?	4.	
	r Man, so coming : he her aid		
	er seek, once dead in sins, and lost;	• •	
	nt for himself, or offering meet,		
	and undone, hath none to bring;	235	
	te then : me for him, life for life		
	on me let thine anger fall ;		
	me Man. I for his sake will leave		
	m, and this glory next to thee		
r reely p	it off, and for him lastly die		

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PARADISE LOST.	01	
Well pleased; on me let Death wreak all his ra	ugo;	
Under his gloomy power I shall not long		
Lie vanquish'd; thou hast given me to poments		
Life in myself for ever; by thee I live,		
Though now to Death I yield, and am his due	245	
All that of me can die; yet, that debt paid,		
Thou wilt not leave me in the loathsome grave		
His prey, nor suffer my unspotted soul		
For ever with corruption there to dwell;		
But I shall rise victorious, and subdue	250	
My vanquisher, spoil'd of his vaunted spoil;		
Death his death's wound then shall receive, and	l stoop	
Inglorious, of his mortal sting disarm'd.	•	
I through the ample air in triumph high		
Shall lead Hell captive, maugre Hell, and show	255	
The Powers of darkness bound. Thou, at the s	night	
Pleased, out of Heaven shalt look down and smi	ile ;	
While. by thee raised, I ruin all my foes,		
Death last, and with his carcass glut the grave	:	
Then, with the multitude of my redeem'd,	260	
Shall enter Heaven, long absent, and return,		
Father, to see thy face, wherein no cloud		
Of anger shall remain, but peace assured		
And reconcilement; wrath shall be no more		
Thenceforth, but in thy presence joy entire.	265	
His words here ended, but his meek aspect		•
Silent yet spake, and breathed immortal love		
To mortal men, above which only shone		
Filial obedience : As a sacrifice		
Glad to be offer'd, he attends the will	270	
Of his great Father. Admiration seized		
All Heaven, what this might mean, and whither	r tend,	
Wondering; but soon the Almighty thus replied	1:	
O thou in Heaven and Earth the only peace		
Found out for mankind under wrath ! O thou	275	
My sole complacence ! well thou know'st how d	ear	
To me are all my works, nor Man the least,		
Though last created ; that for him I spare		
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PARADISE LOST. B. III. Thes from my bosom and right hand, to save, By loosing thee a while, the whole race lost. 280 Thou, therefore, whom thou only canst redeem, Their nature also to thy nature join ; And be thyself Man among men on earth, Made flesh, when time shall be, of virgin seed, By wondrous birth : Be thou in Adam's room 295 The head of all mankind, though Adam's son As in him perish all men, so in thee, As from a second root, shall be restored As many as are restored, without thee none. His crime makes guilty all his sons ; thy merit, 290 Imputed, shall absolve them who renounce Their own both righteous and unrighteous deeds. And live in thee transplanted, and from thee Receive new life. So Man. as is most just. Shall satisfy for Man, be judged and die, 995 And dying rise, and rising with him raise His brethren, ransom'd with his own dear life. So heavenly love shall outdo hellish hate, Giving to death, and dying to redeem ; So dearly to redeem what hellish hate 300 So easily destroy'd, and still destroys In those who, when they may, accept not grace. Nor shalt thou, by descending to assume Man's nature, lessen or degrade thine own. Because thou hast, though throned in highest blim 305 Equal to God, and equally enjoying Godlike fruition, quitted all, to save A world from utter loss, and hast been found By merit more than birthright Son of God, 810 Found worthiest to be so by being good, Far more than great or high; because in thee Love hath abounded more than glory abounds; Therefore thy humiliation shall exalt With thee thy manhood also to this throne : 815 Here shalt thou sit incarnate, here shalt reign Both God and Man, Son both of God and Man,

Anointed universal king; all power I give thee ; reign for ever, and assume Thy merits; under thee, as head supreme, Thrones, Princedoms, Powers, Dominions I reduce : All knees to thee shall bow, of them that bide 391 In Heaven, or Earth, or under Earth in Hell. When thou, attended gloriously from Heaven, Shalt in the sky appear, and from thee send The summoning Archangels to proclaim 395 Thy dread tribunal; forthwith from all winds, The living, and forthwith the cited dead Of all past ages, to the general doom Shall hasten ; such a peal shall rouse their alego. Then, all thy saints assembled, thou shalt judge 330 Bad Men and Angels; they, arraign'd, shall sink Beneath thy sentence ; Hell, her numbers full, Thenceforth shall be for ever shut. Meanwhile The world shall burn, and from her ashes spring New Heaven and Earth, wherein the just shall dwell, And, after all their tribulations long, 336 See golden days fruitful of golden deeds. With joy and love triumphing, and fair truth. Then thou thy regal sceptre shalt lay by. For regal sceptre then no more shall need, 340 God shall be all in all. But, all ye Gods, Adore him, who to compass all this dies; Adore the Son, and honour him as me. No sooner had the Almighty ceased, but all

No sconer had the Almighty ceased, but all The multitude of Angels, with a shou: 345 Loud as from numbers without number, sweet As from bless'd voices, uttering joy, Heaven rung With jubilee, and loud Hosannas fill'd The eternal regions: Lowly revesent Towards either throne they bow, and to the ground With solemn adoration down they cast 351 Their crowns inwove with amarant and gold; Immortal amarant, a flower which once In Paradiso, fast by the tree of life,

64 PARADISE LOST. ž. m. Began to bloom ; but soon for man's offence 355 To Heaven removed, where first it grew, there grows; And flowers aloft shading the fount of life, And where the river of bliss through midst of Heaven Rolls o'er Elvsian flowers her amber stream : With these that never fade the Spirits elect 360 Bind their resplendent locks inwreathed with beams; Now in loose garlands thick thrown off, the bright Pavement, that like a sea of jasper shone, Impurpled with celestial roses smiled. Thun, crown'd again, their golden harps they took, 365 Harps ever tuned, that glittering by their side Like quivers hung, and with preamble sweet Of charming symphony they introduce Their sacred song, and waken raptures high; No voice exempt, no voice but well could join 370 Melodious part, such concord is in Heaven. Thee, Father, first they sung Omnipotent, Immutable, Immortal, Infinite, Eternal King; the Author of all being, Fountain of light, thyself invisible 375 Amidst the glorious brightness where thou sit'st Throned inaccessible, but when thou shad'st The full blaze of thy beams, and, through a cloud Drawn round about thee like a radiant shrine, **Dark** with excessive bright thy skirts appear; 380 Yet dazzlo Heaven, that brightest Seraphim Approach not, but with both wings veil their eyes. Thee next they sang of all creation first, Begotten Son, Divine Similitude, In whose conspicuous countenance, without cloud 383 Made visible, the Almighty Father shines, Whom else no creature can behold ; on thee Impress'd the offulgence of his glory abides. Transfused on thee his ample Spirit rests. He Heaven of Heavens and all the Powers therein By thee created; and by thee threw down 391 The aspiring Dominations · Thou that day

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Thy Father's dreadful thunder didst not spare, Nor stop thy flaming chariot wheels, that shook Heaven's everlasting frame, while o'er the necks 395 Thou drovest of warring Angels disarray'd. Back from pursuit thy Powers with loud acclaim Thee only extoll'd, Son of thy Father's might, To execute fierce vengeance on his foes, Not so on Man : Him through their malice fallen, 400 Father of mercy and grace, thou didst not doom So strictly, but much more to pity incline : No sooner did thy dear and only Son Perceive thee purposed not to doom frail Man So strictly, but much more to pity inclined. 405 He to appease thy wrath, and end the strife Of mercy and justice in thy face discern'd, Regardless of the bliss wherein he sat Second to thee, offer'd himself to die 410 For Man's offence. O unexampled love, Love no where to be found less than Divine ! Hail, Son of God, Saviour of Men ! Thy name Shall be the copious matter of my song Henceforth, and never shall my heart thy praise Forget, nor from thy Father's praise disjoin. 415

Thus they in Heaven, above the starry sphere. . . Their happy hours in joy and hymning spent. Meanwhile upon the firm opacous globe Of this round world, whose first convex divides The luminous inferior orbs, enclosed 420 From Chaos and the inroad of Darkness old, Satan alighted walks : a globe far off It seem'd, row seems a boundless continent Dark, waste, and wild, under the frown of Night Starless exposed, and ever threatening storms 425 Of Chaos blustering round, inclement sky; Save on that side which from the wall of Heaven, Though distant far, some small reflection gains Of glimmering air less vex'd with tempest loud : Here walk'd the Fiend at large in spacious field. 430 6 *

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	As when a vulture on Imaus bred,	
	Whose snowy ridge the roving Tartar bounds,	
	Dislodging from a region scarce of prey	
	To gorge the flesh of lambs or yeanling kids,	
	On hills where flocks are fed, flies toward the spri	ings
	Of Ganges or Hydaspes, Indian streams;	436
	But in his way lights on the barren plains	
	Of Sericana, where Chineses drive	
	With sails and wind their cany waggons light :	
	So, on this windy sea of land, the Fiend	440
	Walk'd up and down alone, bent on his prey;	
	Alone, for other creature in this place,	
	Living or lifeless, to be found was none;	
	None yet, but store hereafter from the earth	
	Up hither like aerial vapours flew	445
	Of all things transitory and vain, when sin	
	With vanity had fill'd the works of men :	· ;
	Both all things vain, and all who on vain things	
	Built their fond hopes of glory or lasting fame,	
	Or happiness in this or the other life;	450
	All who have their reward on earth, the fruits	
	• Of painful superstition and blind zeal,	
	Nought seeking but the praise of men, here find	
	Fit retribution, empty as their deeds ;	
	All the unaccomplish'd works of Nature's hand,	455
	Abortive, monstrous, or unkindly mix'd,	
	Dissolved on earth, fleet hither, and in vain,	,
	Till final dissolution, wander here;	
	Not in the neighbouring moon as some have dream	ı'd ;
	Those argent fields more likely habitants,	400
	Translated Saints, or middle Spirits hold	
	Betwixt the angelical and human kind.	
	Hither of ill join'd sons and daughters born	
	First from the ancient world those giants came	
	With many a vain exploit, though then renown'd :	465
	The builders next of Babel on the plain	
	Of Sennaar, and still with vain design,	
•	New Babels, had they wherewithal, would build .	

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PARADISE LOST.	67
Others came single ; he who, to be deem'd	
A God, leap'd fondly into Ætna flames,	470
Empedocles; and he who, to enjoy	
Plato's Elysium, leap'd into the sea,	
Cleombrotus; and many more too long,	
Embryos, and idiots, eremites, and friars	
White, black, and gray, with all their trumpery	4 75
Here pilgrims roam, that stray'd so far to seek	
In Golgotha him dead who lives in Heaven;	
And they who, to be sure of Paradise,	
Dying, put on the weeds of Dominic,	
Or in Franciscan think to pass disguised;	480
They pass the planets seven, and pass the fix'd,	
And that crystalline sphere whose balance weighs	
The trepidation talk'd, and that first moved ;	
And now Saint Peter at Heaven's wicket seems	
To wait them with his keys, and now at foot	485
Heaven's ascent they lift their feet, when lo	
A vielent cross-wind from either coast	
Blows them transverse, ten thousand leagues awr	7
Into the devious air : Then might ye see	
Cowls, hoods, and habits, with their wearers, toss'	
And flutter'd into rags; then reliques, beads,	491
Indulgences, dispenses, pardons, bulls,	
The sport of winds : All these, up-whirl'd aloft,	
Fly o'er the backside of the world far off	405
Into a Limbo large and broad, since call'd The Paradise of Fools, to few unknown	400
Long after, now unpeopled and untrod.	
All this dark globe the Fiend found as he pass'd,	
And long he wander'd, till at last a gleam	
Of dawning light turn'd thitherward in haste	500
His travel'd steps : far distant he descries	000
Ascending by degrees magnificent	
Up to the wall of Heaven a structure high;	
At top whereof, but far more rich, appear'd	
The work as of a kingly palace-gate,	505
With frontispiece of diamond and gold	
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68 PARADISE LOST. R. THE Embellish'd ; thick with sparkling orient gems The portal shone, inimitable on earth By medel, or by shading pencil drawn. 510 The stairs were such as whereon Jacob saw Angels ascending and descending, bands Of guardians bright, when he from Esau fled To Padan-Aram, in the field of Luz Dreaming by night under the open sky, 615 And waking cried, This is the gate of Heaven. Each stair mysteriously was meant, nor stood There always, but drawn up to Heaven sometimes Viewless ; and underneath a bright sea flow'd Of jasper, or of liquid pearl, whereon Who after came from earth, sailing arrived 520 Wafted by Angels, or flew o'er the lake Wrapp'd in a chariot drawn by fiery steeds. The stairs were then let down, whether to dare The Fiend by easy ascent, or aggravate His sad exclusion from the doors of bliss : 595 Direct against which open'd from beneath, Just o'er the blissful seat of Paradise, A passage down to the Earth, a passage wide, Wider by far than that of aftertimes Over mount Sion, and, though that were large, 530 Over the Promised Land to God so dear ; By which to visit oft those happy tribes, On high behests his Angels to and fro Pass'd frequent, and his eve with choice regard From Paneas, the fount of Jordan's flood. 535 To Beersaba where the Holy Land Borders on Egypt and the Arabian shore ; So wide the opening seem'd, where bounds were set To darkness, such as bound the ocean wave Satan from hence, now on the lower stair, 540 That scaled by steps of gold to Heaven-gate, Looks down with wonder at the suddon view Of all this world at once. As when a scout, Through dark and desert ways with peril gone

All night, at last by break of cheerful dawa 545 Obtains the brow of some high-climbing hill, Which to his eve discovers unaware The goodly prospect of some foreign land First seen, or some renown'd metropolis 550 With glistering spires and pinnacles adorn'd. Which now the rising sun gilds with his beams. Such wonder seized, though after Heaven seen. The Spirit malign, but much more envy seized. At sight of all this world beheld so fair. Lound he surveys (and well might, where he steed So high above the circling canopy 656 Of night's extended shade,) from eastern point Of Libra to the fleecy star that bears Andromeda far off Atlantic seas 560 Beyond the horizon; then from pole to pole He views in breadth, and without longer pause Down right into the world's first region throws His flight precipitant, and winds with ease " Through the pure marble air his oblique way Amongst innumerable stars, that shone 565 Stars distant, but nigh hand seem'd other worlds; Or other worlds they seem'd, or happy isles. Like those Hesperian gardens famed of old, Fortunate fields, and groves, and flowery vales, Thrice happy isles; but who dwelt happy there 570 He staid not to inquire : Above them all The golden sun, in splendour likest Heaven, Allured his eye; thither his course he bends Through the calm firmament (but up or down, By centre, or eccentric, hard to tell, 675 Or longitude,) where the great luminary Aloof the vulgar constellations thick. That from his lordly eye keep distance due, Dispenses light from far; they, as they move Their starry dance in numbers that compute 560 Days, months, and years, towards his all cheering lamp Turn swift their various motions, or are turn'd

70 PARADISE LOST. 3. m. By his magnetic beam, that gently warms The universe, and to each inward part 585 With gentle penetration, though unseen, Shoots invisible virtue even to the deep ; So wondrously was set his station bright. Their lands the Fiend, a spot like which perhaps Astronomer in the sun's lucent orb 590 Through his glazed optic tube yet never saw. The place he found beyond expression bright, Compared with aught on earth, metal or stone; Not all parts like, but all alike inform'd With radient light, as glowing iron with fire; If metal, part seem'd gold, part silver elear; 595 If stone, carbuncle most or crysolite, Ruby or topaz, to the twelve that shone In Aaron's breastplate, and a stone besides Imagined rather oft, than elsewhere seen, That stone, or like to that which here below AN Philosophers in vain so long have sought, In vain, though by their powerful art they bind Volatile Hermes, and call up unbound In various shapes old Proteus from the sea, Drain'd through a limbeck to his native form. 605 What wonder then if fields and regions here Breathe forth elixir pure, and rivers run Portable gold, when with one virtuous touch The archchemic sun, so far from us remote, Produces, with terrestrial humour mix'd, 610 Here in the dark so many precious things Of colour glorious and effect so rare? Here matter new to gaze the Devil met Undazzled; far and wide his eye commands, For sight no obstacle found here, nor shade, 615 But all sunshine, as when his beams at noon Culminate from the equator, as they now Shot upward still direct, whence no way round Shadow from body opaque can fall; and the air, No where so clear, sharpen'd his visual ray 620

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To objects distant far, whereby he soon Saw within ken a glorious Angel stand, The same whom John saw also in the sun : His back was turn'd, but not his brightness hid; Of beaming sunny rays a golden tiar 625 Circled his head, nor less his locks behind Illustrious on his shoulders fledge with wings Lay waving round ; on some great charge employ He seem'd, or fix'd in cogitation deep. Glad was the Spirit impure, as now in hope 630 To find who might direct his wandering flight To Paradise, the happy seat of Man. His journey's end and our beginning woe. But first he casts to change his proper shape. Which else might work him danger or delay : 635 And now a stripling Cherub he appears, Not of the prime, yet such as in his face Youth smiled celestial, and to every limb Suitable grace diffused, so well he feign'd : **Under a coronet** his flowing hair 640 In curls on either cheek play'd; wings he wore Of many a colour'd plume, sprinkled with gold ; His hast fit for speed succinct, and held Before his decent steps a silver wand. He drew not nigh unheard ; the Angel bright, 645 Ere he drew nigh, his radiant visage turn'd, Admonish'd by his ear, and straight was known The Archangel Uriel, one of the seven Who in God's presence, nearest to his throne, Stand ready at command, and are his eyes 650 That run through all the Heavens, or down to the Earth Bear his swift errands over moist and dry, O'er sea and land : him Satan thus accosts : Uriel, for thou of those seven Spirits that stand

In sight of God's high throne, gloriously bright, 655 The first art wont his great authentic will, Interpreter through highest Heaven to bring. Where all his sons thy embassy attend ;

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PARADISE LOST. **7**2 B. 111. And here art likeliest by supreme decree 660 Like bonour to obtain, and as his eye To visit oft this new creation round : Unspeakable desire to see and know All these his wondrous works, but chiefly Man, His chief delight and favour, him for whom All these his works so wondrous he ordain'd, - 665 Hath brought me from the choirs of Cherubim Alone thus wandering. Brightest Seraph, tell In which of all these shining orbs hath Man His fixed seat, or fixed seat hath none. 670 But all these shining orbs his choice to dwell; That I may find him, and with secret gaze Or open admiration him behold, On whom the great Creator hath bestowed Worlds, and on whom hath all these graces pour'd; That both in him and all things, as is meet, 62 The universal Maker we may praise; Who justly hath driven out his rebel foos To deepest Hell, and, to ropair that loss, Created this new happy race of Men To serve him better : Wise are all his ways. 680 So spake the false dissembler unperceived; For neither Man nor Angels can discern Hypocrisy, the only evil that walks Invisible, except to God alone, By his permissive will, through Heaven and Earth And oft, though Wisdom wake, Suspicion aleeps 686 At Wisdom's gate, and to Simplicity Resigns her charge, while Goodness thinks no ill Where no ill seems ; which now for once beguiled Uriel, though regent of the sun, and held 690 The sharpest sighted Spirit of all in Heaven; Who to the fraudulent impostor foul, In his uprightness, answer thus return'd : Fair Angel, thy desire, which tends to know The works of God, thereby to glorify 646 The great Workmaster, leads to no excess

PARADISE LOST.	73
That reaches blame, but rather merits praise The more it seems excess, that led thee hither From thy empyreal mansion thus alone, To witness with thine eyes what some perhaps, Contented with report, hear only in Heaven : For wonderful indeed are all his works. Pleasant to know, and worthiest to be all	700
Had in romembrance always with delight; But what creative mind can comprehend Their number, or the wisdom infinite That brought them forth, but hid their causes ded I saw when at his word the formless mass,	7 05 •p
This world's material mould, came to a heap; Confusion heard his voice, and wild uproar Stood ruled, stood vast infinitude confined; Till at his second bidding darkness fied,	710
Light shone, and order from disorder sprung : Swift to their several quarters hasted then The cumbrous elements, earth, flood, air, fire ; And this etherial quintessence of Heaven Flew upward, spirited with various forms,	715
That roll'd orbicular, and turn'd to stars Numberless, as thou seest, and how they move. Each had his place appointed, each his course; The rest in circuit walls this universe. Look downward on that globe, whose hither side	720
With light from hence, though but reflected, shir	105 ;
That place is Earth, the seat of Man; that light His day, which else, as the other hemisphere, Night would invade; but there the neighbouring n (So call that opposite fair star) her aid	725 noon
Timely interposes, and her monthly round Still ending, still renewing, through mid Heaven, With borrow'd light her countenance triform Hence fills and empties to enlighten the Earth, And in her pale dominion checks the night. That spot, to which I point, is Paradise, 7	' 730
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B. III.

Adam's abode ; those lofty shades, his bower. Thy way thou canst not miss, me mine requires. 735

Thus said, he turn'd; and Satan, bowing low, As to Superior Spirits is wont in Heaven, Where honour due and reverence none neglects, Took leave, and toward the coast of earth beneath, Dewn from the ecliptic, sped with hoped success, 740 Throws his steep flight in many as aery wheel; Nor staid, till on Niphates' top he lights.

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BOOK IV.

Satan, now in prospect of Eden, and nigh the place where he must now attempt the bold enterprise which he undertook alone against God and Man, falls into many douids with himself, and many passions, fear, envy, and despair; but at lengta confirms himself in evil; journeys on to Paradise, whose outward proppert and situation are described; overleaps the bounds; sits in the shape of a cormorant on the tree of life, as highest in the garden, to look about him. The garden described; Extan's first sight of Adam and Eve, his wousder at their excellent form and happy state, but with resolution to work their fall; overhears their discourse: thence gathers that the tree of knowledge was forbidden them to eat of, under penalty of death; and thereon intends to found his temptation by seducing them to transgress: Thee leaves them awhile Uriel descending an a sunbeam warms Gabriel, who had in charge the gate of Paradise, that some evil Spirit had escaped the deef, and passed at nocr by his sphere in the shape of a good Angel down to Paradise, discourse of find im ere morning. Night coming on, Adam and Eve discourse of going to their reat: Their bower described; their evening worship. Gabriel, drawing forth his bands of night-watch to walk the round of Paradise, appoints two strong Angels to Adam's bower, lest the evil Spirit should be there doing some harm to Adam or Eve alceping: there they find him at the ear of Eve, dempting her in a dream, and bring him, though unwilling, to Gabriel; by whom questioned, he sconfully answers; prepares resistance; but, hindered by a sign from Heaven, fises out of Farresistance; but, hindered by a sign from Heaven, fises out of Farresistance; but, hindered by a sign from Heaven, fises out of Farresistance; but, hindered by a sign from Heaven, fises out of Farresistance; but, hindered by a sign from Heaven, fises out of Farresistance; but, hindered by a sign from Heaven, fises out of Far-

O FOR that warning voice, which he who saw The Apocalypse, heard cry in Heaven aloud, Then when the Dragon, put to second rout, Came furious down to be revenged on men, Woe to the inhabitants on earth ! that now, While time was, our first parents had been warn'd The coming of their secret foe, and scaped--Haply so scaped his mortal snare : For now Satan, now first inflamed with rage, came down, The tempter ere the accuser of mankind, To wreak on innocent frail Man his loss Of that first battle, and his flight to Hell

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B. IV.

Yet, not rejoicing in his speed, though bold Far off and fearless, nor with cause to boast, Begins his dire attempt ; which nigh the birth 15 Now rolling boils in his tumultuous breast, And like a devilish engine back recoils Upon himself; horror and doubt distract His troubled thoughts, and from the bottom stir The Hell within him ; for within him Hell 20 He brings, and round about him, nor from Hell One step, no more than from himself, can fly By change of place : Now conscience wakes despair That sluniber'd ; wakes the bitter memory Of what he was, what is, and what must be 25 Worse ; of worse deeds worse sufferings must ensue. Sometimes towards Eden, which now in his view Lay pleasant, his grieved look he fixed sad ; Sometimes towards Heaven, and the full-blazing sun. Which now sat high in his meridian tower : 30 Then, much revolving, thus in sighs began :

O thou, that, with surpassing glory crown'd, Look'st from thy sole dominion like the God Of this new world; at whose sight all the stars Hide their diminish'd heads ; to thee I call, 35 But with no friendly voice, and add thy name, O Sun ! to toll thee how I hate thy beams. That bring to my remembrance from what state I fell, how glorious once above thy sphere : Till pride and worse ambition threw me down Warring in Heaven against Heaven's matchless King: Ah, wherefore ! he deserved no such return From me, whom he created what I was In that bright eminence, and with his good Upbraided none; nor was his service hard. 45 What could be less than to afford him praise, The easiest recompense, and pay him thanks, How due! yet all his good proved ill in me, And wrought but malice ; lifted up so high I 'sdain'd subjection, and thought one step higher 50

PARADISE LOST.	77
Would set me highest, and in a moment quit	
The debt immense of endless gratitude,	
So burdensome still paying, still to owe:	
Forgetful what from him I still received,	
And understood not that a grateful mind	55
By owing owes not, but still pays, at once	
Indebted and discharged ; what burden then ?	
-O, had his powerful destiny ordain'd	
Me some inferior Angel, I had stood	
Then happy; no unbounded hope had raised	6 t
Ambition ! Yet why not ? some other Power	
As great might have aspired, and me, though mea	n,
Drawn to his part ; but other Powers as great	•
Fell not, but stand unshaken, from within	
Or from without, to all temptations arm'd.	65
Hadst thou the same free will and power to stand	?
Thou hadst : whom hast thou then or what to acc	1180,
But Heaven's free love dealt equally to all?	•
Be then his love accursed, since love or hate,	
To me alike, it deals eternal woe.	70
Nay, cursed be thou; since against his thy will	
Chose freely what it now so justly rues.	
Me miserable ! which way shall I fly	
Infinite wrath and infinite despair?	
Which way I fly is Hell; myself am Hell;	751
And, in the lowest deep, a lower deep	
Still threatning to devour me opens wide,	
To which the Holl I suffer scems a Heaven.	
O, then, at last relent : Is there no place	
Left for repentance, none for pardon left?	80
None left but by submission ; and that word	
Disdain forbids me, and my dread of shame	
Among the Spirits beneath, whom I seduced	
With other promises and other vaunts	
Than to submit, boasting I could subdue	85
The Omnipotent. Ah me ! they little know	
How dearly I abide that boast so vain,	
Under what torments inwardly I groan,	
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PARADISE LOST. 78 B. IV. While they adore me on the throne of Hell. 90 With diadem and sceptre high advanced, The lower still I fall, only supreme In misery : Such joy ambition finds. But say I could repent, and could obtain, By act of grace, my former state; hew soon Would height recal high thoughts, how soon unsay 95 What feign'd submission swore ? Ease would recapt Vows made in pain, as violent and void. For never can true reconcilement grow, Where wounds of deadly hate have pierced so deep: Which would but lead me to a worse relance 100 And heavier fall ; so should I purchase dear Short intermission bought with double smart. This knows my Punisher; therefore as far From granting he, as I from begging, peace; All hope excluded thus, behold, in stead 105 Of us outcast, exiled, his new delight, Mankind created, and for him this world. So farewell, hope ; and with hope farewell, fear ; Farewell, remorse! all good to me is lost; Evil, be thou my good ; by thee at least 110 Divided empire with Heaven's King I hold, By thee, and more than half perhaps will reign : As Man, ere long, and this new world shall know. Thus while he spake, each passion dimm'd his face Thrice changed with pale, ire, envy, and despair : 115 Which marr'd his borrow'd visage, and betrav'd Him counterfeit, if any eye beheld. For heavenly minds from such distempers foul Are ever clear. Whereof he soon aware, Each perturbation smooth'd with outward calm, 190 Artificer of fraud ; and was the first That practised falsehood under saintly show, Deep malice to conceal, couch'd with revenge :- {-Yet not enough had practized to deceive Uriel once warn'd; whose eye pursued him down 125 The way he went, and on the Assyrian mount

Saw him disfigured, more than could befal Spirit of happy sort : His gestures fierce He mark'd and mad demeanour, then alone, As he supposed, all unobserved, unseen. 130. So on he fares, and to the border comes Of Eden, where delicious Paradise, Now nearer, crowns with her enclosure green. As with a rural mound, the champaign head 135 Of a steep wilderness, whose hairy sides With thicket overgrown, grotesque and wild, Access denied; and overhead up grew Insuperable height of loftiest shade, Cedar, and pine, and fir, and branching palm, A silvan scene; and, as the ranks ascend 140 Shade above shade, a woody theatre Of stateliest view. Yet higher than their tops The verduous wall of Paradise up sprung : Which to our general sire gave prospect large 145/ Into his nether empire neighbouring round. And higher than that wall a circling row Of goodliest trees, loaden with fairest fruit, Blossoms and fruits at once of golden hue Appear'd, with gay enamel'd colours mix'd ; On which the san more glad impress'd his beams 150 Than on fair evening cloud or humid bow. When God hath shower'd the earth ; so lovely seem'd That landscape : and of pure now purer air Meets his approach, and to the heart inspires Vernal delight and joy, able to drive 155 All sadness but despair : Now gentle gales, Fanning their odoriferous wings, dispense Native perfumes, and whisper whence they stole Those balmy spoils. As when to them who sail Beyond the Cape of Hope, and now are pase'd 160 Mozambic, off at sea north-east winds blow Sabean odours from the spicy shore Of Araby the bless'd; with such delay Well pleased they slack their course, and many a loague

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B. 17

Cheer'd with the greatful smell old Ocean smiles : 165-So entertain'd those odorous sweets the Fiend, Who came their bane ; though with them better pleased Than Asmodeus with the fishy fume That drove him, though enamour'd, from the spouse Of Tobit's ston, and with a vengeance sent 170 Frun Media post to Egypt, there fast bound.

Now to the ascent of that steep savage hill Satan had journey'd on, pensive and slow ; But further way found none, so thick entwined, 175 As one continued brake, the undergrowth Of shrubs and tangling bushes had perplex'd All path of man or beast that pass'd that way. One gate there only was, and that look'd east On the other side : which when the archfelon saw Due entrance he disdain'd : and, in contempt, 180 At one slight bound high overleap'd all bound Of hill or highest wall, and sheer within Lights on his feet. As when a prowling wolf, Whom hunger drives to seek now haunt for prev. Watching where shepherds pen their flocks at eve 185 In hurdled cotes amid the field secure, Leaps o'er the fence with ease into the fold : Or as a thief, bent to unhoard the cash Of some rich burgher, whose substantial doors, Cross-barr'd and bolted fast, fear no assault, 190 In at the window climbs, or o'er the tiles : So clomb this first grand thief into God's fold ; So since into his church lowd hirelings climb. Thence up he flew, and on the tree of life, The middle tree and highest there that grew, 195 Sat like a cormorant; yet not true life Thereby regain'd, but sat devising death To them who lived ; nor on the virtue thought Of that lifegiving plant, but only used For prospect, what well used had been the pladge 200 Of immortality. So little knows Any, but God alone, to value right

PARADISE LOST.	81	
The good before him, but perverts best things		
To worst abuse or to their meanest use.		
Beneath him with new wonder now he views,	205	
To all delight of human sense exposed,		
In narrow room, Nature's whole wealth, yea more, A Heaven on Earth : For blissful Paradise		
Of God the garden was, by him in the east		
Of Eden planted ; Eden stretch'd her line	210	
From Auran eastward to the royal towers		
Of great Seleucia, built by Grecian kings,		
Or where the sons of Eden long before		
Dwelt in Telassar : In this pleasant soil		1
His far more pleasant garden God ordain'd;	215	
Out of the fertile ground he caused to grow		
All trees of noblest kind for sight, smell, taste,		
And all amid them stood the tree of life,		
High eminent, blooming ambrosial fruit	220	
Of vegetable gold; and next to life, Our death, the tree of knowledge, grew fast by,	2200	
Knowledge of good bought dear by knowing ill.		
Southward through Eden went a river large,		
Nor changed his course, but through the shaggy l	hill	
Pass'd underneath ingulf'd; for God had thrown		
That mountain as his garden mound high raised		
Upon the rapid current, which, through veins		
Of porous earth with kindly thirst updrawn,		
Rose a fresh fountain, and with many a rill		
Water'd the garden; thence united fell	230	
Down the steep glade, and met the nether flood,		
Which from his darksome passage now appears, And now, divided into four main streams,		
Runs diverse, wandering many a famous realm		
And country, whereof here needs no account ;	235	
But rather to tell how, if Art could tell,		
How from that sapphire fount the crisped brooks,		
Rolling to orient pearl and sands of gold,		
With mazy error under pendent shades	·	
Ran nectar, visiting each plant, and fed	940	
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PARADISE LOST. B. IV. Flowers worthy of Paradise, which not nice Art In beds and curious knots, but Nature boon Pour'd forth profuse on hill, and dale, and plain, Both where the morning sun first warmly smote The open field, and where the unpierced shade .245 Imbrown'd the noontide bowers : Thus was this place A happy rural seat of various view ; Groves whose rich trees wept odorous gums and balm. Others whose fruit, burnish'd with golden rind, Hung amiable, Hesperian fables true, 250 If true, here only, and of delicious taste : Betwixt them lawns, or level downs, and flocks Grazing the tender herb, were interposed, Or palmy hillock ; or the flowery lap Of some irriguous valley spread her store, 255 Flowers of all hue, and without thorn the rose : Another side, umbrageous grots and caves Of cool recess, o'er which the mantling vine Lavs forth her purple grape, and gently creeps Luxuriant ; meanwhile murmuring waters fall 260 Down the slope hills, dispersed, or in a lake, That to the fringed bank with myrtle crown'd Her crystal mirror holds, unite their streams. The birds their choir apply; airs, vernal airs, Breathing the smell of field and grove, attune 265 The trembling leaves, while universal Pan, Knit with the Graces and the Hours in dance, Led on the eternal Spring. Not that fair field Of Enna, where Proscrpine gathering flowers, Herself a fairy flower, by gloomy Dis 270 Was gather'd, which cost Ceres all that pain To seek her through the world; nor that sweet grove Of Daphne by Orontes, and the inspired Castalian spring might with this Paradise Of Eden strive ; nor that Nyseian isle 275 Girt with the river Triton, where old Cham, Whom Gentiles Ammon call and Libyan Jove, Hid Amalthea, and her florid son

PARADISE LOST.	83	
Young Bacchus, from his stepdame Rhea's eye ; -		
Nor where Abassin kings their issue guard,	280	
Mount Amara, though this by some supposed		
True Paradise under the Ethiop line		
By Nilus' head, enclosed with shining rock,		
A whole day's journey high, but wide remote		
From this Assyrian garden ; where the Fiend	285	
Saw, undelighted, all delight, all kind		
Of living creatures, new to sight, and strange.		
Two of far nobler shape, erect and tall,		
Godlike erect, with native honour clad		
In naked majesty, seem'd lords of all :	29 0	
And worthy seem'd; for in their looks divine		
The image of their glorious Maker shone,		
Truth, wisdom, sanctitude severe and pure		
(Severe, but in true filial freedom placed,)		
Whence true authority in men; though both	29 5	
Not equal, as their sex not equal seem'd;		
For contemplation he and valour form'd;		
For softness she and sweet attractive grace ;		
He for God only, she for God in him:		
His fair large front and eye sublime declared	300	
Absolute rule; and hyacinthine locks		
Round from his parted forelock manly hung	,	
Clustering, but not beneath his shoulders broad :	4.	
She, as a veil, down to the slender waist		
Her unadorned golden tresses wore	305	
Dishevel'd, but in wanton ringlets waved		
As the vine curls her tendrils, which implied	·	
Subjection, but required with gentle sway,		
And by her yielded, by him best received ;	014	
Yielded with coy submission, modest pride,	310	
And sweet, reluctant, amorous delay.		
Nor those mysterious parts were then conceal'd;		
Then was not guilty shame, dishonest shame Of nature's works, honour dishonourable,		÷ .
Sin-bred 1 how have ye troubled all mankind	315	· 1
With shows instead, mere shows of seeming pure,		

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84 PARADISE LOST. B. IV. And banish'd from man's life his happiest life. Simplicity and spotless innocence ! So pass'd they naked on, nor shunn'd the sight Of God or Angel; for they thought no ill: 390 So hand in hand they pass'd, the lovliest pair, That ever since in love's embraces met : Adam the goodliest man of men since born His sons, the fairest of her daughters Eve. -395 Under a tuft of shade that on a green Stood whispering soft, by a fresh fountain side They sat them down ; and, after no more toil Of their sweet gardening labour than sufficed To recommend cool Zephyr, and made ease 330 More easy, wholesome thirst and appetite More grateful, to their supper fruits they fell; Nectarine fruits which the compliant boughs Yielded them, sidelong as they sat recline On the soft downy bank damask'd with flowers : The savoury pulp they chew, and in the rind. 335 Still as they thirsted, scoop the brimming stream ; Nor gentle purpose, nor endearing smiles Wanted, not youthful dalliance, as beseems Fair couple, link'd in happy nuptial league, Alone as they. About them frisking play'd 340 All beasts of the earth, since wild, and of all chase In wood or wilderness, forest or den; Sporting the lion ramp'd, and in his paw, Dandled the kid; bears, tigers, ounces, pards, Gambol'd before them; the unwieldy elephant. 345 To make them mirth, used all his might, and wreath'd His lithe proboscis; close the serpent sly, Insinuating, wove with Gordian twine His braided train, and of his fatal guile Gave proof unheeded; others on the grass 350 Couch'd, and now fill'd with pasture gazing sat, Or bedward ruminating ; for the sun, Declined, was hasting now with prone career To the ocean isles, and in the ascending scale

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Of Heaven the stars that usher evening rose : When Satan still in gaze, as first he stood, Scarce thus at length fail'd speech recover'd sad : O Heil ! what do mine eyes with grief behold ! Into our room of bliss thus high advanced Creatures of other mould, earth-born perhaps, Not Spirits, yet to heavenly Spirits bright Little inferior : whom my thoughts pursue With wonder, and could love, so lively shines In them divine resemblance, and such grace The hand that form'd them on their shape hath po Ah ! gentle pair, ye little think how nigh Your change approaches, when all these delights Will vanish, and deliver ye to woe ; More woe, the more you tas is now of joy ; Happy, but for so happy ill secured Long to continue, and this high seat your Heave Ill fenced for Heaven to keep out such a foe As now is enter'd ; yet no purposed foe To you, whom I could pity thus forlorn, Though I unpitied : League with you I seek, And mutual amity, so straight, so close, That I with you must dwell, or you with me Henceforth : my dwelling haply may not please, Like this fair Paradise, your sense ; yet such Accept your Maker's work% he gave it me, Which I as freely give : Hell shall unfold, To entertain you two, her widest gates,	360 PT'd. 366 370
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To entertain you two, her wrugst reles.	
And send forth all her kings; there will be room	
Not like these narrow limits, to the ceive	•
	905
Your numerous offspring ; if no better place,	385
Thank him who puts me loath to this revenge	
On you who wrong me not for him who wrong d	
And should I at your harmless innocence	
Melt. as I do, yet public reason just,	000
Honour and empire with revenge enlarged,	330
By conquering this new world, compel me now	
To do what else, though damn'd, I should abhor.	
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B. IV

So space the Fiend, and with necessity, The tyrant's plea, excused his devilish deeds. Then from his lofty stand on that high tree 395 Down he alights among the sportful herd Of those four-footed kinds, himself now one, Now other, as their shape served best his end Nearer to view his prev, and, unespied, To mark what of their state he more might learn, 400 By word or action mark'd XAbout them round A licn now he stalks with fiery glare; Then as a tiger, who by chance hath spied In some purlieu two gentle fawns at play. Straight couches close, then, rising, changes oft 405 His couchant watch, as one chose his ground, Whence rushing, he might surest seize them both, Griped in each paw : when Adam, first of men, To first of women, Eve, thus moving speech, 410 Turn'd him, all ear to hear new utterance flow : Sole partner and sole part of all these joys, Dearer thyself than all; needs must the Power That made us, and for us this ample world, Be infinitely good, and of his good As liberal and free as infinite ; 415 That raised us from the dust, and placed us here In all this happiness, who at his hand Have nothing mcrited, nor can perform Aught whereof he hath need; he who requires 420 From us no other service than to keep This one, this easy charge, of all the trees In Paradise that bear delicious fruit So various, not to taste that only tree Of knowledge, planted by the tree of life · ··· So near grows death to life, whate'er death is, 425 Some dieadful thing no doubt; for well thou know'st God hath pronounced it death to taste that tree. The only sign of our obedience left, Among so many signs of power and rule Conferr'd upon us, and dominion given 430

Over all other creatures that possess **Earth**, air, and sea. Then let us not think hard One easy prohibition, who enjoy Free leave so large to all things else, and choice Unlimited of manifold delights: 435 But let us ever praise him, and extol His bounty, following our delightful task, To prune these growing plants and tend these flowers, Which were it toilsome, yot with thee were sweet.

To whom thus Eve replied: O thou for whom 440 And from whom I was form'd, flesh of thy flesh, And without whom am to no end, my guide And head ! what thou hast said is just and right. For we to him indeed all praises owe And daily thanks; I chiefly, who enjoy 445 So for the happier lot, enjoying thee Pre-eminent by so much odds, while thou Like consort to thyself canst no where find. +That day I oft remember, when from sleep I first awaked, and found myself reposed 450 Under a shade on flowers, much wondering where And what I was, whence thither brought and how. Not distant far from thence a murmuring sound Of waters issued from a cave, and spread Into a liquid plain, then stood unmoved 455 Pure as the expanse of Heaven; I thither went With unexperienced thought, and laid me down On the green bank, to look into the clear Smooth lake, that to me seem'd another sky. As I bent down to look, just opposite 460 A shape within the watery gleam appear'd, Bending to look on me. I started back; It started back : but pleased I soon return'd ; Pleased it return'd as soon with answering looks Of sympathy and love : There I had fix'd 465 Mine eyes till now, and pined with vain desire, Had not a voice thus warn'd me; "What thou seest, What there thou seest, fair Creature, is thyself;

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	86 PARADISE LOST. 3.	IV.
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	With thee it came and goes: but follow me,	470
	And I will bring thee where no shadow stays	
	Thy coming, and thy soft embraces, he	
	Whose image thou art; him thou shalt enjoy	
	Inseparably thine, to him shalt bear Multitudes like thread and thereas he call'd	
	Multitudes like thyself, and thence be call'd Mother of human race.' X What could I do,	475 🔨
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	But follow straight, invisibly thus led?	
	Till I espied thee, fair indeed and tall,	
	Under a platane; yet methought less fair	
	Less winning soft, less amiably mild, Then that mostly matern image, hash I turn'd	490
	Than that smooth watery image : back I turn'd;	400
	Thou following criedst aloud, "Return, fair Eve;	
	Whom fliest thou? whom thou fliest, of him thou	arı,
	His flesh, his bone; to give thee being I lent	
	Out of my side to thee, nearest my heart,	405
	Substantial life, to have thee by my side	485
	Henceforth an individual solace dear;	
	Part of my soul I seek thee, and thee claim	
	My other half:" With that thy gentle hand	
	Seized mine : I yielded ; and from that time see	400
		490
	And wisdom, which alone is truly fair	
	So spake our general mother, and with eyes	
	Of conjugal attraction unreproved,	
	And meek surrender, half embracing lean'd	107
	On our first father; half her swelling breast	495
	Naked met his, under the flowing gold	
	Of her loose tresses hid : he in delight,	
	Both of her beauty and submissive charms,	
	Smiled with superior love, as Jupiter	
		500
	That shed May flowers; and press'd her matron li	P
÷	With kisses pure : Aside the Devil turn'd	
	For envy; yet with jealous leer malign	
	Eyed them askance, and to himself thus plain'd:	
	Sight hateful, sight tormenting ! thus these two	
	Imparadised in one another's arms,	50 6

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The happier Eden, shall enjoy their fill Of bliss on bliss : while I to Hell am thrust, Where neither joy nor love, but fierce desiro, Among our other torments not the least, 510 Still unfulfill'd with pain of longing pines. --Yet let me not forget what I have gain'd From their own mouths : All is not theirs, it seems ; One fatal tree there stands, of knowledge call'd, Forbidden them to taste : Knowledge forbidden ' 515 Suspicious, reasonless. Why should their Lord Envy them that? Can it be sin to know? Can it be death? And do they only stand By ignorance ? Is that their happy state, The proof of their obedience and their faith ? 520 O fair foundation laid whereon to build Their ruin ! hence I will excite their minds With more desire to know, and to reject Envious commands, invented with design To keep them low, whom knowledge might exalt 525 Equal with Gods : aspiring to be such, They taste and die : What likelier can ensue ? But first with narrow search I must walk round This garden, and no corner lerve unspied ; A chance but chance may lead where I may meet 530 Some wandering Spirit of Heaven by fountain side. Or in thick shade retired, from him to draw What further would be learn'd. Live while ye may, Yet happy pair ; enjoy, till I return, Short pleasures, for long woes are to succeed ! 535-So saying, his proud step he scornful turn'd, But with sly circumspection, and began roam. Through wood, through waste, o'er hill, o'er dale, his Meanwhile in utmost longitude, where Heaven With earth and ocean meets, the setting sun 540 Slowly descended, and with right aspect Against the eastern gate of Paradise Levelled his evening rays : It was a rock Of alabaster, piled up the clouds.

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Conspicuous far, winding with one ascent Accessible from earth, one entrance high ; The rest was craggy cliff, that everhung Still as it rose, impossible to climb. Betwixt these rocky pillers Gabriel sat, Chief of the angelic guards, awaiting night; About him exercised heroic games The unarmed youth of Heaven, but nigh at hand Celestial armory, shields, helms, and spears, Hung high with diamond flaming and with gold. Thither came Uriel, gliding through the even 555 On a sunbeam, swift as a shooting star In autumn thwarts the night, when vapours fired Impress the air, and shows the mariner From what point of his compass to beware Impetuous winds: He thus began in haste : 560 Gabriel, to thee thy course by lot hath given

Charge and strict watch, that to this happy place No evil thing approach or enter in. This day at height of noon came to my sphere A Spirit, zealous, as he seem'd, to know 565 More of the Almighty's works, and chiefly Man, God's latest image : I described his way Bent all on speed, and mark'd his aery gait ; But on the mount that lies from Eden north. Where he first lighted soon discern'd his looks 570 Alien from Heaven, with passions foul obscured : Mine eye pursued him still, but under shade Lost sight of him : One of the banish'd crew, I fear, hath ventured from the deep, to raise New troubles; him thy care must be to find. 575

To whom the winged warrior thus return'd: Uriel, no wonder if thy perfect sight, Amid the sun's bright circle where thou sitt'st See far and wide : In at this gate none page The vigilance here placed, but such as come 580 Well known from Heaven ; and since meridian hour No creature thence : If Spirit of other sort,

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B. 17

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So minded, have o'erleap'd these earthly bounds On purpose, hard thou know'st it to exclude Spiritual substance with corporeal bar. 585 But if within the circuit of these walks, In whatsoever shape he lurk, of whom Thou tell'st, by morrow driving I shall know.

So promised he : and Uriel to his charge Return'd on that bright beam, whose point now raised Bore him slope downward to the sun now fallen 591 Beneath the Azores; whether the prime orb. Incredible how swift, had thither roll'd Diurnal; or this less voluble earth, By shorter flight to the east, had left him there, 59ə Arraying with reflected purple and gold The clouds that on his western throne attend. Now came still Evening on, and Twilight gray Had in her sober livery all things clad; Silence accompanied ; for beast and bird, 600 They to their grassy couch, these to their nests, Were slunk, all but the wakeful nightingale; She all night long her amorous descant sung ; Silence was pleased : Now glow'd the firmament With Ving sapphires : Hesperus, that led 605 The starry host, rode brightest, till the moon, Rising in clouded majesty, at length Apparent queen unveil'd her peerless light, And o'er the dark her silver mantle threw.

When Adam thus to Eve: Fair Consort, the hour Of night, and all things now retired to rest, 611 Mind us of like repose; since God hath set Labour and rest, as day and night to men Successivo; and the timely dew of sleep, Now falling with soft slumbrous weight, inclines 615 Our eyelids: Other creatures all day long Rove idle, unemployed, and less need rest; Man hath his daily work of body or mind Appointed, which declares his dignity, And the regard of Heaven on all his ways; 620

b. 1v.

While other animals inactive range, And of their doings God takes no account. To-morrow, ere fresh morning streak the east With first approach of light, we must be risen, And at our pleasant labour, to reform 625 Yon flowery arbours, yonder alleys green, Our walk at noon with branches overgrown, That mock our scant manuring, and require More hands than ours to lop their wanton growth Those blossoms also, and those dropping gums, That lie bestrown, unsightly and unstooth, Ask riddance, if we mean to tread with ease; Meanwhile, as Nature wills, night bids us rest.

To whom thus Eve, with perfect beauty adorn'd My Author and Disposer what thou bidd'st 635 Unargued I obey : so God ordains : God is thy law, thou mine : To know no more Is woman's happiest knowledge, and her praise. With thee conversing, I forget all time : All seasons, and their change, all please alike. 640 Sweet is the breath of Morn, her rising sweet, With charm of earliest birds : pleasant the sun. When first on this delightful land he spreads His orient beams, on herb, tree, fruit, and flower, Glistering with dew ; fragrant the fertile earth 645 After soft showers ; and sweet the coming on Of grateful Evening mild ; then silent Night, With this her solemn bird, and this fair moon, And these the gems of Heaven, her starry train ; But neither breath of Morn, when she ascends 650 With charm of earliest birds : nor rising sun On this delightful land; nor herb, fruit, flower. Glistering with dew; nor fragrance after showers; Nor grateful evening mild; nor silent Night, With this her solemn bird, nor walk by moon, 655 Or glittering starlight, without thee, is sweet. But wherefore all night long shine these? for whom This glorious sight, when sleep hath shut all eyes ?

To whom our general ancestor replied :-Daughter of God and Man, accomplish'd Eve, 660 These have their course to finish round the earth. By morrow evening, and from land to land In order, though to nations yet unborn, Ministering light prepared, they set and rise . Lest total Darkness should by night regain 665 Her old possession, and extinguish life In Nature and all things ; which these soft fires Not only enlighten, but with kindly heat Of various influence foment and warm, Temper or nourish, or in part shed down 670 Their stellar virtue on all kinds that grow On earth, made hereby apter to receive Perfection from the sun's more potent ray. These then, though unbeheld in deep of night, 674 Shine not in vain; nor think, though men were none. That Heaven would want spectators, God want praise Millions of spiritual creatures walk the earth Unseen, both when we wake and when we sleep; All these with ceaseless praise his works behold Both day and night : How often from steep 680 Of echoing hill or thicket have we heard Celestial voices to the midnight air. Sole, or responsive each to other's note, Singing their great Creator ? oft in bands While they keep watch, or nightly rounding walk, 685 With heavenly touch of instrumental sounds In full harmonic number join'd, their songs Divide the night, and lift our thoughts to Heaven.

Thus talking, hand in hand alone they pass'd On to their blissful bower: it was a place 690 Chosen by the sov'reign Planter, when he framed All things to Man's delightful use: the roof Of thickest covert was inwoven shade Laurel and myrtle, and what ligher grew Of firm and fragrant leaf; on either side 695

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Acanthus, and each odorous bushy shrub, Fenced up the verdant wall; each beauteous flower, Iris all hues, roses, and jessamine, Rear'd high their flourish'd heads between, and wrought Mosaic ; underfoot the violet, 700 Crocus, and hyacinth, with rich inlay Broider'd the ground, more colour'd than with stone Of costliest emblem : Other creature here, Bird, beast, insect, or worm, durst enter none, Such was their awe of Man. In shadier bower 705 More sacred and sequester'd, though but feign'd, Pan or Sylvanus never slept, nor Nymph Nor Faunus haunted. Here, in close recess, With flowers, garlands, and sweet-smalling herbs, Espoused Eve deck'd first her nuptial bed : 710 And heavenly choirs the hymenæan sung, What day the genial Angel to our sire Brought her in naked beauty more adorn'd, More lovely, than Pandora, whom the Gods Endow'd with all their gifts, and O! too like 715 In sad event, when to the unwiser son Of Japhet brought by Hermes, she ensnared Mankind with her fair looks, to be avenged On him who had stolen Jove's authentic fire. Thus, at their shady lodge arrived, both stood, 720 Both turn'd, and under open sky adored The God that made both sky, air, earth, and heaven, Which they beheld, the moon's resplendent globe, And starry pole : Thou also madest the night, Maker Omnipotent, and thou the day 725 Which we, in our appointed work employ'd, Have finish'd, happy in our mutual help And mutual love, the crown of all our bliss Ordain'd by thee; and this delicious place

For us too large, where thy abundance wants

Partakers, and uncropp'd falls to the ground.

But thou hast promused from us two a race

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PARADISE LOST.	95
To fill the earth, who shall with us extol	
Thy goodness infinite, both when we wake	
And when we seek, as now, thy gift of sleep.	735
This said unanimous, and other rites	
Observing none, but adoration pure	
Which God likes best, into their inmost bower	
Handed they went ; and, eased the putting off	-
These troublesome disguises which we wear,	740
Straight side by side were laid , nor turn'd, I wee	n,
Adam from his fair spouse, nor Eve the rites	
Mysterious of connubial love refused :	
Whatever hypocrites austerely talk	R42
Of purity, and place, and innocence, Deferring as impure what God declarge	745
Defaming as impure what God declares Pure, and commands to some, leaves free to all.	
Our Maker bids increase ; who hids abstain	
But our Destroyer, foe to God and Man?	
Hail, wedded Love ! mysterious law, true source	750
Of human offspring, sole propriety	
In Paradise of all things common else.	
By thee adulterous Lust was driven from men -	•
Among the bestial herds to range ; by thee,	
Founded in reason, loyal, just, and pure,	755
Relations dear, and all the charities	
Of father, son, and brother, first were known.	•
Far be it, that I should write thee sin or blame,	
Or think thee unbefitting holiest place,	
Perpetual fountain of domestic sweets,	760
Whose bed is undefiled and chaste pronounced,	
Present or past, as saints and patriarchs used.	
Here Love his golden shafts employs, here lights	
His constant lamp, and waves his purple wings,	
• Reigns here and revels ; not in the bought smile	765 .
Of harlots, loveless, joyless, unendear'd,	
Casual fraition; nor in court amours,	
Mix'd dance, or wanton mask, or midnight ball,	
Or serenate, which the starved lover sings	
To his proud fair, best quitted with discain.	770

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These, lull'd by nightingales, embracing slept. And on their naked limbs the flowery roof Shower'd ross, which the morn repair'd. Sleep on, Bless'd pair ! and O ' yet happiest, if ye seek No happier state, and know to know no more. 775

Now had night measured with her shadowy cone Half way up hill this vast sublunar vault, And from their ivory port the Cherubim, Forth issuing at the accustom'd hour, stood arm'd To their night watches in warlike parade; 780 When Gabriel to his next in power thus spake:

Uzziel, half these draw off, and coast the south With strictest watch; these other wheel the north; Our circuit meets full west. As flame they part, Half wheeling to the shield, half to the spear. 785 From these two strong and subtle Spirits he call'd That near him stood, and gave them thus in charge.

Ithuriel and Zephon, with wing'd speed Search through this garden, leave unsearch'd no nook; But chiefly where those two fair creatures lodge, 730 Now laid perhaps asleep, secure of harm. This evening from the sun's decline arrived, Who tells of some infernal Spirit seen Hitherward bent (who could have thought?) escaped The bars of Hell, on errand bad no doubt; 795 Such, where ye find, seize fast, and hither bring.

So saying, on he led his radiant files, Dazzling the moon; these to the bower direct In search of whom thoy sought: Him there they found Squat like a toad, close at the ear of Eve, 800 Assaying by his devilish art to reach The organs of her fancy, and with them forge Illusions, as he list, phantasms and dreams; +Or if, inspiring venom, he might taint The animal spirits that from pure blood arise 805 Like gentle breaths, from rivers pure, thence raise At least distemper'd, discontented thoughts, Vain hopes, vain aims, inordinate desires,

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Blown up with high conceits ingendering pride. Him thus intent Ithuriel with his spear Touch'd lightly; for no falsehood can endure Touch of celestial temper, but retuins Of force to its own likeness : Up he starts Discover'd and summitted. As when a spark Lights on a heap anitrous powder, laid F.t for the tun some magazine to store Against a rumgar'd war, the smutty grain, With sudden blaze diffused, inflames the air ; So started up in his own shape the liend. Back stepp'd those two fair Angels, half amazed 820 So sudden to behold the grisly king; Yet thus, unmoved with fear, accost him soon :

Which of those Tobel Spirits adjudged to Hell Comest thou, escaped thy prison ? and, transform'd, Why sat'st thou like an enemy in wait, 825 Here watching at the head of these that sleep ?----

Know ye not then, said Satan, fill'd with scorn, Know ye not me ? ye knew me once no mate For you, there sitting where ye durst not soar : Not to know me argues yourselves unknown, 830 The lowest of your throng; or, if ye know, Why ask ye, and superfluous begin Your message, like to end as much in vain?

To whom thus Zephon, answering scorn with scorn. Think not, revolted Spirit, thy shape the same, 835 Or undiminish'd brightness to be known, As when thou stood'st in Heaven upright and pure; That glory then, when thou no more wast good, Departed from thee ; and thou resemblest now Thy sin and place of doom, obscure and foul. 840 But come; for thou, be sure, shalt give account To him who sent us, whose charge is to keep This place inviolable, and these from harm.

So spake the Cherub : and his grave rebuke, Severe in youthful beauty, added grace Invincible : Abash'd the Devil stood,

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And felt how awful goodness is, and saw Virtue in her shape how lovely; saw, and pined His loss; but chiefly to find here observed His lustre visibly impair'd; yet seem'd Undaunted. If I must contend, said he, Best with the best, the sender, not the sent, Or all at once; more glory will be won, Or less be lost. Thy fear, said Zephon bold, Will save us trial what the least can do Single against thee wicked, and theace weak.

The Fiend replied not, overcome with rage; But, like a proud steed rein'd, went haughty on, Champing his iron curb: To strive or fly He held it vain; awe from above had quell'd 860 His heart, not else dismay'd. Now drew they nigh The western point, where those half-rounding guards Just met, and closing stood in squadron join'd, Avaiting next command. To whom their Chief, Gabriel, from the front thus call'd aloud : 865

O friends! I hear the tread of nimble feet Hasting this way, and now by glimpse discern Ithuriel and Zephon through the shade; And with them comes a third of regal port, But faded splendour wan; who by his gait And fierce demcanour seems the Prince of HeII, Not likely to part hence without contest; Stand firm, for in his look defiance lours.

He scarce had ended, when those two approach'd, – And brief related whom they brought, where found, 875 How busied, in what form and posture couch'd.

To whom with stern regard thus Gabriel spake Why hast thou, Satan, broke the bounds prescribe To thy transgressions, and disturb'd the charge Of others, who approve not to transgress 880 By thy example, but have power and right To question thy bold entrance on this place; Employ'd, it seems, to violate sleep, and those Whose dwelling God hath planted here in bliss?

B. IT.

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To whom thus Satan with contemptuous brow : 885 Gabriel ! thou hadst in Heaven the esteam of wise, And such I held thee; but this question ask'd Puts me in doubt. Lives there who loves his pain? Who would not, finding way, break loose from Hell, Though thither doem'd? Thou wouldst thyself, no doubt, And boldly venture to what ever place 891 Furthest from pain, where thou mightst hope to change Torment with ease, and soonest recompense Dole with delight, which in this place I sought; To thee no reason, who know'st only good, 895 But evil-hast n vt tried : and wilt object His will who bounds us? Let him surer bar His iron gates, if he intends our stay In that dark durance : thus much what was ask'd. The rest is true, they found me where they say; 900 But that implies not violence or harm. Thus he in scorn. The warlike Angel moved, Disdainfully half smiling, thus replied : O loss of one in Heaven to judge of wise Since Satan fell, whom folly overthrew. 905 And now returns him from his prison scaped, Gravely in doubt whether to hold them wise Or not, who ask what boldness brought him hither Unlicensed from his bounds in Hell prescribed; 910 So wise he judges it to fly from pain However, and to scape his punishment ! So judge thou still presumptuous ! till the wrath, Which thou incurr'st by flying, meet thy flight Sevenfold, and scourge that wisdom back to Hell, Which taught thee yet no better, that no pain 915 Can equal anger infinite provoked. But wherefore thou alone ? wherefore with thee Came not all hell broke loose ? is pain to them Less pain, less to be fled; or thou than they Less hardy to endure? . Courageous Chief! 920 The first in flight from pain ! hadst thou alleged

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3. IV.

To thy deserted host this cause of flight, Thou surely hadst not come sole fugitive.

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To which the Fiend thus answer'd, frowning stern -Not that I less endure, or shrink from pain. 925 Insulting Angel! well thou know'st I stood Thy fiercest, when in battle to thy aid The blasting vollied thunder made all speed, And seconded thy else not dreaded spear. But still thy words at random, as before, 930 Argue thy inexperience what behoves From hard assays and ill successes pass'd A faithful leader, not to hazard all Through ways of danger by himself untried : I, therefore, I alone first undertook 935 To wing the desolate abyss, and spy This new created world, whereof in Hell Fame is not silent, here in hope to find Better abode, and my afflicted Powers 940 To settle here on earth, or in mid air; Though for possession put to try once more What thou and thy gay legions dare against; Whose easier business were to serve their Lord High up in Heaven, with songs to hymn his throne And practised distances to cringe, not fight. To whom the warrior Angel soon replied : To say and straight unsay, pretending first Wise to fly pain, professing next the spy, Argues no leader but a liar traced, Satan, and coulust thou 'faithful' add ? O name, 950 O sacred name of faithfulness profaned ! Faithful to whom? to thy rebellious crew? Army of Fiends, fit body to fit head. Was this your discipline and faith engaged, Your military obedience, to dissolve 955 Allegiance to the acknowledged Power supreme? And thou, sly hypocrite, who now wouldst seem Patron of liberty, who more than thou

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Once fawfi'd, and cringed, and servilely adored Heaven's awful Monarch? wherefore, but in hope 960 To dispossess him, and thyself to reign? But mark what I aread thee now, Avaunt! Fly thither whence thou fledst! If from this hour Within these hallow'd limits thou appear, Back to the' infernal pit I drag thee chain'd, 965 Maid seal thee so as henceforth not to scorn Withe facile gates of Hell too slightly barr'd. So threatened he; but Satan to no threater

Gave heed, but waxing more in rage replied

Then when I am thy captive talk of chains, 974 Proud limitary Cherub ! but ere then Far heavier load thyself expect to feel From my prevailing arm, though Heaven's King Ride on thy wings, and thou with thy compeers, Used to the yoke, draw'st his triumphant wheels 97t In progress through the road of Heaven star-paved.

While thus he spake, the angelic squadron bright Turn'd fiery red, sharpening in mooned horns Their phalanx, and began to hem him round 980 With ported spears, as thick as when a field Of Ceros ripe for harvest waving bends Her bearded grove of ears, which way the wind Sways them; the careful ploughman doubting stands, Lest on the threshing-floor his hopeless sheaves Prove chaff. On the other side, Satan, alarm'd, 985 Collecting all his might, dilated stood, Like Teneriff or Atlas, unremoved 🛩 His stature reach'd the sky, and on his crest Sat Horror plumed; nor wanted in his grasp What seem'd both spear and shield: now dreadful deeds Might have ensued, nor only Paradise 991 In this commotion, but the starry cope Of Heaven perhaps, or all the elements At least had gone to wreck, disturb'd and torn <u>ة(م)</u> With violence in this conflict, had not soon The Etornal, to prevent such horrid fray,

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Hung forth in Heaven his golden scales, yet seen Betwixt Astrea and the Georpion sign, Wherein all things created first he weigh'd, The pendulous round earth with balanced air 1000 In counterpoise, now ponders all events, Battles and realms : in these he put two weights, The dequel each of parting and of fight : The latter quick up flew and kick'd the bearn ; Which Gabriel spying, thus bespake the Fiond : 1005

Satan, I know thy strength, and thou know'st mine; Neither our own, but give: : what folly then To boast what arms can do? since thine no more Than Heaven permits, nor mine, though doubled now To trample thee as mire : for proof look up, 1010 And read thy lot in yon celestial sign; [weak, Where thou art weigh'd, and shown how light, how If thou resist. The Fiend look'd up, and knew His mounted scale aloft : no more; but fled Murmawing, and with him fled the shades of night. 1015

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BOOK V.

Morning approached, Eve relates to Adam her troublecome fream; he likes it not, yet comforts her: They come forth to their day-a.bours ; Their morning hymn at the door of their bower. God, to render man inexcusable, sends Raphael to admonish him of his to render man inexcusable, sends Raphael to admonish him of his ebedience, of his free estate, of his enemy near at hand, who be is, and why his enemy, and whatever else may avail Adam to know. Raphael comes down to Paradise; his appearance describ-ed; his coming discerned by Adam afar off sitting at the door of his bower; he goes out to meet him, brings him to his lodge, entertains him with the choicest fruits of Paradise got logother by Eve; their discourse at table: Raphael performs his message, minds Adam of his state and of his enemy; relates, at Adam's re-quest, who that enemy is, and how he came to be so, beginning from his first revol in Heaven, and the occasion thereof; how he drew his legions aftor him to the parts of the north, and there in-cited them to rebel with him, persuading all but only Addiel, a Sa cited them to rebel with him, persuading all but only Abdiel, a S raph, who in argument dissuades and opposes him, then forsake bim.

New Morn, her rosy steps in the' eastern clime Advancing, sow'd the earth with orient pearl. When Adam waked, so custom'd; for his sleep Was aery light, from pure digestion bred. And temperate vapours bland, which the colv sound 5 Of leaves and fuming rills, Aurora's fan, Lightly dispersed, and the shrill matin song Of birds on every bough; so much the more His wonder was to find unwaken'd Eve With tresses discomposed, and glowing cheek. 10 As through unquiet rest : he, on his side Leaning half raised, with looks of cordial love Hung over her enamour'd, and beheld Beauty, which, whether waking or asleep, Shot forth peculiar graces; then with voice 18 Mild as when Zephyrus on Flora breathes, Her hand soft touching, whisper'd thus : Awake. My fairest, my espoused, my latest found, Heaven's last best gift, my ever new delight !

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Awake : the morning shines, and the fresh field20Calls us ; we lose the prime, to mark how sp ingOur tender plants, how blows the citron grove,What drops the myrrh, and what the balmy reed,How nature paints her colours, how the beeSits on the bloom extracting liquid sweet.25Such whispering waked her, but with startled eye

On Adam, whom embracing, thus she spake :

O sole in whom my thoughts find all repose. My glory, my perfection ' glad I see Thy face, and morn return'd; for I this night 30 (Such night till this I never pass'd) have dream'd. If dream'd, not, as I oft am wont, of thee, Works of day past, or morrow's next design, But of offence and trouble, which my mind Knew never till this irksome night : methought. . 35 Close at mine ear one call'd me forth to walk With gentle voice ; I thought it thine : it said, "Why sleep'st thou, Eve ? now is the pleasant time. The cool, the silent, save where silence yields To the night-warbling bird, that now awake Æ0 Tunes sweetest his love-labour'd song , now reigns Full orb'd the moon, and with more pleasing light Shadowy sets off the face of things; in vain, If none regard ; Heaven wakes with all his eves, Whom to behold but thee, Nature's desire ? . 45 In whose eight all things joy, with ravishment Attracted by thy beauty still to gaze." I rose as at thy call, but found thee not ; To find thee I directed then my walk; And on, methought, alone I pass'd through ways 50 That brought me on a sudden to the tree Of interdicted knowledge : fair it seem'd, Much fairer to my fancy than by day : And, as I wondering look'd, beside it stood One shaped and wing'd like one of those from Heaven By us oft seen; his dewy locks distill'd 26 Ambrosia; on that tree he also gazed;

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And, "O fair plant," said he, " with fruit surcharged. Deigns none to ease thy load, and taste thy sweet. Nor God, nor Man? Is knowledge so despised? 60 Or envy, or what reserve forbids to taste? Forbid who will, none shall from me withhold Longer thy offer'd good ; why else set here ?" This said, he paused not, but with venturous arm He pluck'd, he tasted ; me damp horror chill'd 65 At such bold words youch'd with a deed so bold t But he thus, overjov'd : " O fruit divine, Sweet of thyself, but much more sweet thus cropp'd. Forbidden here, it seems, as only fit For Gods, yet able to make Gods of men. 70 And why not Gods of Men ; since good, the more Communicated, more abundant grows, The author not impair'd, but honour'd more ? Here, happy creature, fair angelic Eve ! Partake thou also: happy though thou art, 75 Happier thou mayst be, worthier canst not be : Taste this, and be henceforth among the Gods Thyself a Goddess, not to earth confined. But sometimes in the air, as we, sometimes Ascend to Heaven, by merit thine, and ree What life the Gods live there, and such live thou !" So saying, he drew nigh, and to me held, Even to my mouth of that same fruit held part Which he had pluck'd ; the pleasant savoury smell So quicken'd appetite, that I, methought, 85 Could not but taste. Forthwith up to the clouds With him I flew, and underneath beheld The earth outstretch'd immense, a prospect wide And various : wondering at my flight and change 90 To this high exaltation ; suddenly My guide was gone, and I, methought sunk down And **fill as**leep; but O, how glad I waked To find this but a dream! Thus Eve her night Related, and thus Adam answer'd sad : 95

Best image of myself, and dearer half,

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The trouble of thy thoughts this night in sleep Affects me equally ; nor can I like This uncouth dream, of evil sprung, I fear ; Yet evil whence ? in thee can harbour none, Created pure. But know that in the soul 100 Are many lesser faculties, that serve Reason as chief; among these Fancy next Her office holds; of all external things. Which the five watchful senses represent, She forms imaginations, acry shapes, 105 Which Reason, joining or disjoining, frames All what we affirm or what deny, and call Our knowledge or opinion; then retires Into her private cell, when nature rests. Oft in her absence mimic Fancy wakes 110 To imitate her; but, misjoining shapes, Wild work produces oft, and most in dreams ; Ill matching words and deeds long past or late. Some such resemblances, methinks, I find Of our last evening's talk, in this thy dream, 115 But with addition strange ; yet be not sad. Evil into the mind of God or Man May come and go, so unapproved, and leave No spot or blame behind : which gives me hope That what in sleep thou didst abhor to dream 120 Waking thou never wilt consent to do Be not dishearten'd then, nor cloud those looks, That wont to be more cheerful and serene Than when fair morning first smiles on the world : And let us to our fresh employments rise 125 Among the groves, the fountains, and the flowers That open now their choicest bosom'd smells, Reserved from night, and kept for thee in store.

So cheer'd he his fair spouse, and she was cheer'd; But subently a gentle tear let fall **130** From either eye, and wiped them with her hair; Two other precious drops that ready stood, Each in their crystal sluice, he ere they fell

Kiss'd, as the gracious signs of sweet remorse And pious awe, that fear'd to have offended.

So all was clear'd, and to the field they haste. But first, from under shady arborous roof Soon as they forth were come to open sight Of dayspring, and the sun, who, scarce uprisen, With wheels yet hovering o'er the ocean-brim, 140 Shot parallel to the earth his dewy ray, Discovering in wide landscape all the east Of Paradise and Eden's happy plains; Lowly they bow'd adoring, and began Their orisons, each morning duly paid 145 In various style ; for neither various style Nor holy rapture wanted they to praise Their Maker, in fit strains pronounced, or sung Unmeditated : such prompt eloquence Flow'd from their lips, in prose or numerous verse. 150 More tunable than needed lute or harp. To add more sweetness; and they thus began :

These are thy glorious works, Parent of good, Almighty ! Thine this universal frame. Thus wondrous fair : thyself how wondrous then ! 155 Unspeakable, who sitt'st above these heavens To us invisible, or dimly seen In these thy lowest works; yet these declare Thy goodness beyond thought, and power divine 160 Speak, ye who best can tell, ye sons of light, Angels; for ye behold him, and with songs And choral symphonies, day without night, Circle his throne rejoicing ; ye in Heaven. On Earth join, all ve creatures, to extol Him first, him last, him midst, and without end. 165 - Fairest of stars, last in the train of night,

If better thou belong not to the dawn,

. Sure pledge of day, that crown'st the smiling morn With thy bright circlet, praise him in thy sphere, 170 While day arises, that sweet hour of prime. Thou Sun of this great world both eye and soul,

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B. Y.

Acknowledge him thy greater ; sound his praise In thy eternal course, both when thou climb'st, And when high noon has gain'd, and when thou fall'st. Moon, that now meet'st the orient sun, now fliest, 175 With the fix'd Stars, fix'd in their orb that flice; And, ye five other wandering Fires, that move In mystic dance not without song, resound His praise, who out of darkness call'd up light. Air, and, ye Elements, the eldest birth 189 Of Nature's womb, that in quaternion run Perpetual circle, multiform; and mix And nourish all things; let your ceaseless change Vary to our great Maker still new praise. 185 Ye Mists and Exhalations, that now rise From hill or steaming lake, dusky or grav. Till the sun paint your fleecy skirts with gold, In honour to the world's great Author rise ; Whether to deck with clouds the uncolour'd sky, Or whet the thirsty earth with falling showers, 190 Rising or falling still advance his praise. His praise, ye Winds, that from four quarters blow. Breathe soft or loud; and, wave your tops, ye Pines, With every plant, in sign of worship wave. Fountains, and ye that warble, as ye flow, 195 Melodious murmurs, warbling tune his praise. Join voices, all ve living Souls : Ye Birds. That singing up to Heaven-gate ascend, Bear on your wings and in your notes his praise. Ye that in waters glide, and ye that walk 900 The earth, and stately tread or lowly creep : Witness if I be silent, norn or even, To hill, or valley, fountain, or fresh shade, Male vocal by my song, and taught his praise. Hail, universal Lord ! be bounteous still 205 To give us only good; and if the night Have gather'd aught of evil, or conceal'd, Disperse it, as now light discels the dark ! So pray'd they innocent, and to their thoughts

PARADISE LOST.	109
Firm peace recover'd soon, and wonted calm.	210
On to their morning's rural work they haste,	
Among sweet dews and flowers ; where any row	
Of fruit trees over-woody reach'd too far	
Their pamper'd boughs, and needed hands to chec	k
Fruitless embraces: or they led the vine	215
To wed her elm; she, spoused, about him twines	
Her marriageable arms, and with her brings	
Her dower, the adopted clusters, to adorn	
His barren leaves. Them thus employ'd beheld	
With pity Heaven's high King, and to him call'd	230
Raphael, the sociable Spirit, that deign'd	
To travel with Tobias, and secured	
His marriage with the seven-times wedded maid.	
Raphael, said he, thou hear'st what stir on Eart	
Satan, from Hell scaped through the darksome gu	
Hath raised in Paradise; and how disturb'd	296
This night the human pair ; how he designs In them at once to ruin all mankind.	
Go, therefore, half this day as friend with friend	
Converse with Adam, in what bower or shade	230
Thou find'st him from the heat of noon retired,	200
To respite his day-labour with repast,	
Or with repose; and such discourse bring on,	
As may advise him of his happy state,	
Happiness in his power left free to will,	235
Left to his own free will, his will though free,	
Yet mutable; whence warn him to beware	
He swerve not, too secure : Tell him withal	
His danger, and from whom ; what enemy,	
Late fallen himself from Heaven, is plotting now	240
The fall of others from like state of bliss ;	
By villence ? no, for that shall be withstood ;	
But by deceit and lies : This let him know,	
Lest, wilfully transgressing, he pretend	
Surprisal, unadmonish'd, unforewarn'd.	245
So spake the Eternal Father, and fulfill'd	
All-justice : Nor delay'd the winged Saint	
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PARADISE LOST. 110 B. T After his charge received ; but from among Thousand celestial Ardours, where he stood Veil'd with his gorgeous wings, upspringing light, 250 Flew through the midst of Heaven, the angelic choirs. On each hand parting, to his speed gave way Through all the empyreal road ; till, at the gate Of Heaven arrived, the gate self-open'd wide On golden hinges turning, as by work 255 Divine the sov'reign Architect had framed. From hence no cloud, or, to obstruct his sight, Star interposed, however small, he sees, Not unconform'd to other shining globes, Earth, and the garden of God, with cedars crown'd Above all hills. As when by night the glass 261 Of Galileo, less assured, observes Imagined lands and regions in the moon . Or pilot, from amidst the Cyclades Delos or Samos first appearing, kens 965 A cloudy spot. Down thither prone in flight He speeds, and through the vast ethereal sky Sails between worlds and worlds, with steady wing Now on the polar winds, then with quick fan Winnows the buxom air ; till, within soar 970 Of towering eagles, to all the fowls he seems A phenix, gazed by all as that sole bird, When, to enshrine his reliques in the Sun's Bright temple, to Egyptian Thebes he flies. At once on the eastern cliff of Paradise 275 He lights, and to his proper shape returns, A seraph wing'd : Six wings he wore to shade His lineaments divine ; the pair that clad Each shoulder broad, came mantling o'er his breast-With regal ornament ! the middle pair 280 Girt like a starry zone his waist, and round Skirted his loins and thighs with downy gold . And colours dipp'd in Heaven ; the third his feet Shadow'd from either heel with feather'd mail, Sky-tinctured grain. Like Maia's son he stood. 295

And shook his plumes, that heavenly fragrance fill'd The circuit wide. Straight knew him all the bands Of Angels under watch; and to his state And to his message high, in honour rise ; For on some message high they guess'd him bound. Their glittering tents he pass'd, and now is come 291 Into the blissful field, through groves of myrrh, And flowering odours, cassia, nard, and balm : A wilderness of sweets : for Nature here Wanton'd as in her prime, and play'd at will 995 Her virgin fancies, pouring forth more sweet, Wild above rule or art, enormous bliss. Him through the spicy forest onward come Adam discern'd, as in the door he sat Of his cool bower, while now the mounted sun 300 Shot down direct his fervid rays to warm Earth's inmost womb, more warmth than Adam needs -And Eve within, due at her hour, prepared For dinner savoury fruits, of taste to please True appetite, and not disrelish thirst 305 Of nectarous draughts between, from milky stream, Berry or grape: To whom thus Adam call'd :

Haste hither, Eve, and worth thy sight behold Eastward among those trees, what glorious shape Comes this way moving : seems another morn 310 Risen on midnoon ; some great behest from Heaven To us perhaps he brings, and will vouchsafe This day to be our guest. But go with speed, And, what thy stores contain, bring forth, and pour Abundance, fit to honour and receive 315 Our heavenly stranger : Well may we afford Our givers their own gifts, and large bestow From large bestow'd, where nature multiplies Her fertile growth, and by disburdening grows More fruitful, which instructs us not to spare. 390

To whom thus Eve : Adam, earth's hallow'd mould, Of God inspired ! small store will serve, where store, All seasons, ripe for use hangs on the stalk ;

112

Save what by frugal storing firmness gains To nourish, and superfluous moist consumes. 325 But I will haste, and from each bough and brake, Each plant and junciest gourd, will pluck such choice To entertain our Angel guest, as he Beholding shall confess, that here on Earth God hath dispensed his bounties as in Heaven. 330

So saying, with despatchful looks in haste She turns, on hospitable thoughts intent; What choice to choose for delicacy best, What order, so contrived as not to mix Tastes not well join'd, inelegant, but bring 335 Taste after taste upheld with kindliest change ; Bestirs her then, and from each tender stalk Whatever Earth, all bearing mother, yields In India East or West, or middle shore In Pontus or the Punic coast, or where 340 Alcinous reign'd, fruit of all kinds, in coat Rough, or smooth rind, or bearded husk, or shell, She gathers tribute large, and on the board Heaps with unsparing hand; for drink the grape She crushes, inoffensive must, and meaths 345 From many a berry, and from sweet kernels press'd She tempers dulcet creams ; nor these to hold Wants her fit vessels pure ; then strows the ground With rose and odours from the shrub unfumed.

Meanwhile our primitive great sire, to meet 350 His Godlike guest, walks forth, without more train Accompanied than with his own complete Perfections; in himself was all his state, More solemn than the tedious pomp that waits On princes, when their rich retinue long 355 Of horses led, and grooms besmear'd with gold, Dazzles the crowd, and sets them all agape. Nearer his presence Adam, though not awed, Yet with submiss approach and reverence meek, As to a superior nature bowing low, 760 Thus said : Native of Heaven, for other place

B. Y.

PARADISE LOST.	113
None can than Heaven such glorious shape conta	uin ;
Since, by descending from the thrones above,	
Those happy places thou hast deign'd a while	
To want, and honour these, vouchsafe with us	365
Two only, who yet by sov'reign gift possess	
This spacious ground, in yonder shady bower	
To rest; and what the garden choicest bears	
To sit and taste, till this meridian heat	
Be over, and the sun more cool decline.	370
Whom thus the angelic Virtue answer'd mild :	
Adam, I therefore came ; nor art thou such	
Created, or such place hast here to dwell,	
As may not oft invite, though Spirits of Heaven,	
To visit thee; lead on then where thy bower	375
O'ershades; for these midhours, till evening rise,	
I have at will. So to the silvan lodge	
They came, that like Pomona's arbour smiled,	_
With flowerets deck'd, and fragrant smells; but I	
Undeck'd save with herself, more lovely fair	380
Than Woodnymph, or the fairest Goddess feign'd	
Of three that in mount Ida naked strove,	
Stood to entertain her guest from Heaven; no veil	l
She needed, virtue-proof; no thought infirm	
	385
Bestow'd, the holy salutation used	
Long after to bless'd Mary, second Eve.	
Hail, Mother of Mankind, whose fruitful womb	
Shall fill the world more numerous with thy sons	
	390
Have heap'd this table !Raised of grassy turf	
Their table was, and mossy seats had round,	

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All perfect good, unmeasured out, descends, 10 *

And on her ample square from side to side

No fear lest dinner cool ; when thus began Our author : Heavenly stranger, please to taste These bounties, which our Nourisher, from whom

All autumn piled, though spring and autumn here Danced hand in hand. A while discourse they hold ; 395

114	PARADISE LOST.	B . 1
To us fo	or food and for delight hath caused	40
The ear	th to yield ; unsavoury food perhaps	
To spiri	tual nature ; only this I know,	
That on	e celestial Father gives to all.	
	hom the Angel : Therefore what he give	6
(Whose	praise be ever sung) to Man in part	- 41
Spiritua	d, may of purest Spirits be found	•
	ateful food : and food alike those pure	
	ential substances require,	
As doth	your rational; and both contain	·
	them every lower faculty	4
	e, whereby they hear, see, smell, touch, t	ppta
	concoct, digest, assimilate,	
	rporeal to incorporeal turn.	
	ow, whatever was created needs	
	mstain'd and fed : of elements	4
	osser feeds the purer, earth the sea,	
	and the sea feed air, the air those fires	
	al, and as lowest first the moon;	
	e in her visage round those spots, unpurg	
	s not yet into her substance turn'd.	4
	th the moon no nourishment exhale	
	her moist continent to higher orbs.	
	n, that light imparts to all, receives	
	ll his alimental recompense	•
	nid exhalations, and at even	4
	with the ocean. Though in Heaven the tr	
	ambrosial fruitage bear, and vines	
	nectar; though from off the boughs each n	nor
	ush mellifluous dews, and find the ground	
	d with pearly grain : yet God hath here	4
	his bounty so with new delights,	
	y compare with Heaven; and to taste not I shall be nice. So down they sat,	
and to	their viands fell; nor seemingly ngel, nor in mist, the common gloss	
	inger, nor in must, the common gloss	- 4
The A	cologiang , but with keen demot	
The A: Of The	eologians; but with keen despatch l hunger, and concoctive heat	

PARADISE LOST.	115
To transubstantiate : what redounds transpires	
Through Spirits with ease: nor wonder; if by fire	,
Of sooty coal the empiric alchemist	445
Can turn, or holds it possible to turn,	
Metals of drossiest ore to perfect gold,	
As from the mine. Manwhile at table Eve	
Minister'd naked, and their flowing cups	
With pleasant liquors crown'd: O innocence	450
Deserving Paradise ! If ever, then,	
Then had the sons of God excuse to have been	
Enamour'd at that sight; but in those hearts	
Love unlibidinous reign'd, nor jealousy	
Was understood, the injured lover's hell.	455
Thus when with meats and drinks they had suff	iced,
Not burden'd nature, sudden mind arose	•
In Adam, not to let the occasion pass	•
Given him by this great conference to know	
Of things above his world, and of their being	460
Who dwell in Heaven, whose excellence he saw	
Transcend his own so far ; whose radiant forms,	
Divine effulgence, whose high power, so far	
Fxceeded human; and his wary speech	
Thus to the empyreal minister he framed :	465
Inhabitant with God, now know I well	
Thy favour, in this honour done to Man;	
Under whose lowly roof thou hast vouchsafed	
To enter, and these earthly fruits to taste,	
Food not of Angels, yet accepted so,	470
As that more willingly thou couldst not seem	•
At Heaven's high feasts to have fed; yet what com	pare?
To whom the winged Hierarch replied:	-
O Adam, One Almighty is, from whom	
All things proceed, and up to him return,	475
If not depraved from good, created all	
Such to perfection, one first matter all,	
Endued with various forms, various degrees	
Of substance, and, in things that live, of life;	
But more refined, more spiritous, and pure,	480

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116	PARADISE LOST.	8. V.
As nearer	to him placed, or nearer tending	
Each in th	eir several active spheres assign'd,	
Till body 1	up to spirit work, in bounds	
	'd to each kind. So from the root	
Springs lig	ghter the green stalk, from thence th	e leaves
	, last the bright consummate flower	486
	rous breathes : flowers and their fru	
	rishment, by gradual scale sublimed	,
	pirits aspire, to animal,	
	ctual; give both life and sense,	490
	d understanding ; whence the soul	
	ceives, and reason is her being,	
	e, or intuitive ; discourse	
	yours, the latter most is ours,	•
	but in degree, of kind the same.	495
	not then, what God for you saw good	l '
	e not, but convert, as you,	
	r substance. Time may come, when	Men
•	gels may participate, and find	
	venient diet, nor too light fare;	500
	these corporal nutriments perhaps	
	ies may at last turn all to spirit,	
	by tract of time, and, wing'd, ascen	d
	as we; or may, at choice,	PAF
	n heavenly Paradises dwell;	505
- /	found obedient, and retain	
	bly firm his love entire,	
	rogeny you are. Meanwhile enjoy what happiness this happy state	
	prehend, incapable of more.	
	om the patriarch of mankind replied	, 510-
-	able Spirit, propitious guest,	• •
	t thou taught the way that might di	-
	vledge, and the scale of nature set	
	tre to circumference ; whereon,	515
	nplation of created things,	010
In conter		
	we may ascend to God. But say,	

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PARADISE LOST.	117
Obedient ? Can we want obedience then	
To him, or possibly his love desert,	580
Who form'd us from the dust and placed us here,	
Full to the utmost measure of what bliss	
Human desires can seek or apprehend?	
To whom the Angel: Son of Heaven and Earth,	
Attend ! That thou art happy, owe to God ;	595
That thou continuest such, owe to thyself,	
That is, to thy obedience; therein stand.	
This was that caution given thee ; be advised.	
God made thes perfect, not immutable;	
And good he made thee, but to persevere	530
He left it in thy power ; ordain'd thy will	
By nature free, not overruled by fate	
Inextricable, or strict necessity :	
Our voluntary service he requires,	
Not our necessitated ; such with him	535
Finds no acceptance, nor can find; for how	
Can hearts, not free, be tried whether they serve	
Willing or no, who will but what they must	
By destiny, and can no other choose?	
Myself, and all the angelic host, that stand	540
In sight of God enthroned, our happy state	
Hold, as you yours, while our obedience holds;	
On other surety none : freely we serve,	
Because we freely love, as in our will	
To love or not; in this we stand or fall:	545
And some are fallen, to disobedience fallen,	
And so from Heaven to deepest Hell; O fall	
From what high state of bliss, into what woe!	
To whom our great progenitor: Thy words	
Attentive, and with more delighted ear,	550
Divine instructor, I have heard, than when	
Cherubic songs by night from neighbouring hills	
Aerial music send : nor knew I not	
To be both will and deed created free :	
Yet that we never shall forget to love	550
Our Maker, and obey him whose command	

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B. Y.

Single is yet so just, my constant thoughts Assured me, and still assure : though what then tell'st Hath pass'd in Heaven some doubt within me move, But more desire to hear, if thou consent, 560 The full relation, which must needs be strange, Worthy of sacred silence to be heard; And we have yet large day, for scarce the sun Hath finish'd half his journey, and scarce begins His other half in the great zone of Heaven. 565

Thus Adam made request : and Raphael, After short pause assenting, thus began :

High matter thou enjoin'st me, O prime of men Sad task and hard : for how shall I relate To human sense the invisible exploits ~ 570 Of warring Spirits? how, without remorse, The ruin of so many glorious once And perfect while they stood ? how last unfold The secrets of another world, perhaps Not lawful to reveal ? yet for thy good 575 This is dispensed ; and what surmounts the reach Of human sense, I shall delineate so, By likening spiritual to corporeal forms. As may express them best; though what if Earth Be but the shadow of Heaven, and things therein 590 Each to other like, more than on earth is thought ?

As yet this world was not, and Chaos wild Reign'd where these Heavens now roll, where Earth Upon her centre poised ; when on a day now rests (For time, though in eternity, applied 585 To motion, measures all things durable By present, past, and future,) on such day As Heaven's great year brings forth, the empyrial host Of Angels, by imperial summons call'd, Innumerable before the Almighty's throne 590 Forthwith, from all the ends of Heaven, appear'd **Under their Hierarchs in orders bright :** Ten thousand thousand ensigns high advanced. Standards and gonfalons 'twixt van and rear

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PARADISE LOST.	119
Stream in the air, and for distinction serve	595
Of hierarchies, of orders, and degrees ;	
Or in their glittering tissues bear imblazed	
Holy memorials, acts of zeal and love	
Recorded eminent. Thus when in orbs	
Of circuit inexpressible they stood,	600
Orb within orb, the Father Infinite,	
By whom in bliss imbosom'd sat the Son,	
Amidst as from a flaming mount, whose top	
Brightness had made invisible, thus spake :	
Hear, all ye Angels, progeny of light,	605
Thrones, Dominations, Princedoms, Virtues, Powe	rs ;
Hear my decree, which unrevoked shall stand.	
This day I have begot whom I declare	
My only Son, and on this holy hill	
Him have anointed, whom ye now behold	610
At my right hand; your head I him appoint;	
And by myself have sworn, to him shall bow	
All knees in Heaven, and shall confess him Lord ;	
Under his great vicegerent reign abide	
United, as one individual soul,	615
For ever happy : him who disobeys,	
Me disobeys, breaks union, and that day,	
Cast out from God and blessed vision, falls	
Into utter darkness, deep ingulf'd, his place	
Ordain'd without redemption, without end.	620
So spake the Omnipotent, and with his words	
All seem'd well pleased ; all seem'd, but were not	all.
That day, as other solemn days, they spent	
In song and dance about the sacred hill;	
Mystical dance, which yonder starry sphere	695
Of planets, and of fix'd, in all her wheels	
Resembles nearest, mazes intricate,	
Eccentric, intervolved, yet regular	
Then most, when most irregular they seem ;	
And in their motions harmony divine	630
So smooths her charming tones, that Gods own ca	r
Listens delighted. Evening now approach'd	

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B. ¥.

(For we have also our evening and our morn, We ours for change delectable, not need;) Forthwith from dance to sweet repast they turn 635 Desirous : all in circles as they stood. Tables are set, and on a sudden piled With Angels' food, and rubied nectar flows In pearl, in diamond, and massy gold, Fruit of delicious vines, the growth of Heaven. 640 On flowers reposed, and with fresh flowerets crown'd. They eat, they drink, and in communion sweet Quaff immortality and joy, secure Of surfeit, where full measure only bounds Excess, before the all bounteous King, who shower'd With copious hand, rejoicing in their joy. 646 Now when ambrosial night, with clouds exhaled From that high mount of God whence light and shade Spring both, the face of brightest Heaven had changed To grateful twilight (for night comes not there 650 In darker veil.) and roseate dews disposed All but the unsleeping eyes of God to rest; Wide over all the plain, and wider far Than all this globous earth in plain outspread (Such are the courts of God,) the angelic throng, 655 Dispersed in bands and files, their camp extend By living streams among the trees of life, Pavilions numberless, and sudden rear'd, Celestial tabernacles, where they slept Fann'd with cool winds : save those, who in their course. Melodious hymns about the sov'reign throne 661 Alternate all night long : but not so waked Satan ; so call him now, his former name Is heard no more in Heaven; he of the first, If not the first Archangel, great in power, 665 In favour, and preeminence, yet fraught With envy against the Son of God, that day Honour'd by his great Father, and proclaim'd Messiah King anointed, could not bear Through pride that sight, and thought himself impair'd.

PARADISE LOST.	191
Deep malice thence conceiving and disdain,	671
Soon as midnight brought on the dusky hour	
Friendliest to also and silence, he resolved	
With all his legions to dislodge, and leave	
Unworship'd, unobey'd, the throne supreme,	075
Contemptuous; and his next subordinate	
Awakening, thus to him in secret spake :	
Sleep'st thou, companion dear? What sleep can	lose
Thy eyelids ? and remember'st what decree	
Of yesterday, so late hath pass'd the lips	630
Of Heaven's Almighty. Thou to me thy though	
Wast wont, I mine to thee was wont to impart :	
Both waking we were one ; how then can now	
Thy sleep dissent ? new laws thou seest imposed ;	
New laws from him who reigns new minds may re	
In us who serve, new counsels to debate	686
What doubtful may ensue : More in this place	
To utter is not safe. Assemble thou	
Of all those myriads which we lead the chief;	
Tell them, that by command, ere yet dim night	690
Her shadowy cloud withdraws, I am to hasto,	
And all who under me their banners wave,	
Homeward, with flying march, where we possess	
The quarters of the north; there to prepare	
Fit entertainment to receive our king,	695
The great Messiah, and his new commands,	
Who speedily through all the hierarchies	
Intends to pass triumphant, and give laws.	
So spake the false Archangel, and infused	800
Bad influence into the unwary breast	700
Of his associate : he together calls,	
Or several one by one, the regent Powers,	
Under him Regent ; tells, as he was taught,	
That the Most High commanding, now ere night, Now ere dim night had disencumber'd Heaven,	
The great hierarchal standard was to move;	705
Tells the suggested cause, and cast between	
1 ens the suggested cause, and cast between 11	
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	122	PARADISE LOST.	B. 7
	Ambiguous words	s and jealousies, to sound	-
	Or taint integrity	. but all obey'd	
	The wonted sign	al, and superior voice	710
		otentate; for great indeed	
	His name, and hi	gh was his degree in Heaven ;	
	His countenance,	as the morning star that guides	
	The starry flock,	allured them, and with lies	
	Drew after him t	he third part of Heaven's bost.	715
	Meanwhile the E	ternal eye, whose sight discerns	
	Abstrusest though	hts, from forth his holy mount,	
	And from within	the golden lamps that burn	
		m, saw without their light	
		saw in whom, how spread	720
		of morn, what multitudes	
		ppose his high decree ;	
		his only Son thus said :	
		hom my glory I behold	
		ice, Heir of all my might,	795
		corns us to be sure	
	•	nce, and with what arms	
		what anciently we claim	
	Of deity or empiri		
		ends to erect his throne	730
		oughout the spacious north;	
		ath in his thought to try,	
		r power is, or our right.	
1		d to this hazard draw	
1		force is left, and all employ	735
~		est unawares we lose	
		ce, our sanctuary, our hill.	
		Son with calm aspéct and clear, ineffable, serene,	
		lighty Father, thou thy foes	-
		ision, and, secure,	740
		vain designs and tumults vain;	
		ylory, whom their hate	
		they see all regal power	
	within	moy see an resar hower	

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PARADISE LOST.	128
Given me to quell their pride, and in event	745
Know whether I be dexterous to subdue	
Thy rebels, or be found the worst in Heaven.	
So Spake the Son; but Satan, with his Powers	
Far was advanced on winged speed; a host	
Innumerable as the stars of night,	750
Or stars of morning, dewdrops, which the sun	
Impearls on every leaf and every flower.	
Regions they pass'd, the mighty regencies	
Of Seraphim, and Potentates, and Throngs	•
In their triple degrees ; regions to which	755
All thy dominion, Adam, is no more	
Than what this garden is to all the earth	
And all the sea, from one entire globose	
Stretch'd into longitude ; which having pass'd,	
At length into the limits of the north	760
They came ; and Satan to his royal seat	
High on a hill, far blazing, as a mount	
Raised on a mount, with pyramids and towers	
From diamond quarries hown, and rocks of gold;	
The palace of great Lucifer (so call	765
That structure in the dialect of men	
Interpreted,) which, not long after, he	
Affecting all equality with God,	
In imitation of that mount whereon	-
Messiah was declared in sight of Heaven,	770
The Mountain of the Congregation call'd;	
For thither he assembled all his train,	
Pretending so commanded to consult	
About the great reception of their King,	-
Thither to come, and with calumnious art	775
Of counterfeited truth thus held their ears:	
Thrones, Dominations, Princedoms, Virtues, Pow	ers;
If these magnific titles yet remain	
Not merely titular, since by decree Another now hath to himself engross'd	-
	780
All power, and us eclipsed, under the name Of King anointed, for whom all this haste	
An truth short tot whom sh turs unste	
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194 PARADISE LOST. Of midnight-march, and hurried meeting here.	B. ₹,	
This only to consult how we may best, With what may be devised of honours new, Receive him coming to receive from us Knee-tribute yet unpaid, prostration vile!	786	
Too much to one! but double how endured, To one, and to his image now proclaim'd? But what if better counsels might erect Our minds, and teach us to cast off this yoke? Will ye submit your necks, and choose to bend The supple knee? Ye will not, if I trust	790	
To know ye right, or if ye know yourselves Natives and sons of Heaven possess'd before By none; and if not equal all, yet free, Equally free; for orders and degrees	796	!
Jar not with liberty, but well consist. Who can in reason then, or right, assume Monarchy over such as live by right His equals, if in power and splendour less, In freedom equal? or can introduce	800	
Law and edict on us, who without law Err not ? much less for this to be our Lord, And look for adoration, to the abuse Of those imperial titles, which assert Our being ordain'd to govern, not to serve.	805	
Thus far his bold discourse without control Had audience; when among the Seraphim Abdiel, than whom none with more teal adored The Deity, and divine commanas oney d, Stood up, and in a flame of zeal severe The current of his fury thus opposed.	810	
O argument blashhemous, false, and proud ! Words which no ear ever to hear in Heaven Expected, least of all from thee, Ingrate, In place thyself so high above thy peers. Canst thou with impious obloguy condemn	815	
The just decree of God pronounced and sworn, That to his only Son, by right endued	890	

With regal sceptre, every soul in Heaven Shall bend the knee, and in that honour due Confess him rightful King ? unjust, thou say'st, Flatly unjust, to bind with laws the free, And equal over equals to let reign, 825 One over all with unsucceeded power. Shalt thou give law to God? shalt thou dispute With him the points of liberty, who made Thee what thou art, and form'd the Powers of Heaven Such as he pleased, and circumscribed their being ? Yet, by experience taught, we know how good, 831 And of our good and of our dignity How provident he is; how far from thought To make us less, bent rather to exalt Our happy state, under one head more near 835 United. But to grant it thee unjust, That equal over equals monarch reigh : Thyself, though great and glorious, dost thou count, Or all angelic nature join'd in one, 840 Equal to him begotten Son? by whom, As by his Word, the Mighty Father made All things, e'en thee; and all the Spirits of Heaven By him created in their bright degrees, Crown'd them with glory, and to their glory named Thrones, Dominations, Princedoms, Virtues, Powers, Essential powers; nor by his reign obscured, 846 But more illustrious made ; since he the head One of our number thus reduced becomes; His laws our laws; all honour to him done Returns our own. Cease then this impious rage, 850 And tempt not these ; but hasten to appease The incensed Father, and the incensed Son, While pardon may be found in time besought. So spake the fervent Angel: but his zeal

None seconded, as out of season judged, 855 Or singular and rash: Whereat rejoiced The Apostate, and, more haughty, thus replied: That we were form'd then, say'st thou ' and the work

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3. 7.

Of secondary hands, by task transferr'd From Father to his Son ? strange point and new ! 860 Doctrine which we would know whence learn'd : who When this creation was? remember'st thou 1. Thy making, while the Maker gave thee being ? We know no time when we were not as now; Know none before us, self-begot, self raised 865 By our own quickening power, when fatal course Had circled his full orb, the birth mature Of this our native Heaven, ethereal sons. Our puissance is our own ; our own right hand Shall teach us highest deeds, by proof to try 57 Who is our equal: Then thou shalt behold Whether by supplication we intend Address, and to begird the almighty throne Beseeching or besieging. This report, These tidings carry to the anointed King ; 875 And fly, ere evil intercept thy flight.

He said: and, as the sound of waters deep, Hoarse murmur echo'd to his words applause Through the infinito host; nor less for that The flaming Seraph fearless, though alone 880 Encompass'd round with foes, thus answer'd bold:

O alienate from God, O Spirit accursed. Forsaken of all good ! I see thy fall Determined, and thy hapless crew involved In this perfidious fraud, contagion spread 885 Both of thy crime and punishment : henceforth No more be troubled how to quit the yoke Of God's Messiah ; those indulgent laws Will not be now vouchsafed; other decrees Against thee are gone forth without recal; 890 That golden sceptre which thou didst reject, Is now an iron rod to bruise and break Thy disobedience. Well thou didst advise; Yet not for thy advice or threats I fly These wicked tents devoted, lest the wrath 895 "dent, raging into sudden flame,

PARADISE LOST.	127
Distinguish not: For soon expect to feel	
His thunder on thy head, devouring fire.	
Then who created thee lamenting learn,	
When who can uncreate thee thou shalt know.	900
So spake the Seraph Abdiel, faithful found	
Among the faithless, faithful only he;	
Among innumerable false, unmoved,	
Unshaken, unseduced, unterrified,	
His loyalty he kept, his love, his zeal;	905
Nor number nor example with him wrought	
To swerve from truth, or change his constant m	ind,
Though single. From amidst them forth he pas	s'd,
Long way through hostile scorn, which he sustai	in'd
Superior, nor of violence fear'd aught;	910
And, with retorted scorn, his back he turn'd	
On those proud towers to swift destruction door	ı'd.
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BOOK VI

Raphael continues to relate how Michael and Gabriel were sant forth to battle against Satan and his Angels. The first fight described: Satan and his Powers retire under night: He calls a council; invents devilish engines, which, in the second day's fight, pul Michael and his Angels to some disorder; but they at length, pulling up mountains, overwhelmed both the force and machines of Satan; Yet, the tumult not so ending. God, on the third day, sends MESSIAH his son, for whom be had reserved the glory of that victory: He, in the power of his Father, coming to the place, and causing all his legions to stand still on either side, with his chariot and thunder driving into the midet of his enemies, pursues them, unable to resist, towards the wall of Heaven: which opening, they leap down with horror and confusion into the place of punishment prepared for them in the deep: MESSIAH returns with triumph to his Father

ALL night the dreadless Angel, unpursued, Morn. Through Heaven's wide champaign held his way; till Waked by the circling Hours, with rosy hand Unbarr'd the gates of light. There is a cave Within the mount of God, fast by his throne, 5 Where light and darkness in perpetual round Lodge and dislodge by turns, which makes through Grateful vicissitude, like day and night; Heaven Light issues forth, and at the other door Obsequious darkness enters, till her hour 10 To veil the Heaven, though darkness there might well Seem twilight here : And now went forth the Morn Such as in highest Heaven array'd in gold Empyreal; from before her vanish'd Night, Shot through with orient beams; when all the plain 15 Cover'd with thick embattled squadrons bright, Chariots, and flaming arms, and fiery steeds, Reflecting blaze on blaze, first met his view : War he perceived, war in procinct; and found Already known what he for news had thought 20

To have reported : Gladly then he mix'd Among those friendly Powers, who him received With joy and acclamations loud, that one, That of so many myriads fallen, yet one Return'd not lost. On to the sacred hill 25 They led him high applauded, and present Before the seat supreme ; from whence a voice, From midst a golden cloud, thus mild was heard : A Servant of God, well done ; well hast thou fought The better fight, who single hast maintain'd Against revolted multitudes the cause Of truth, in word mightier than they in arms; And for the testimony of truth hast borna Universal reproach, far worse to bear Than violence; for this was all thy care 35 To stand approved in sight of God, though worlds Judged thee perverse : The easier conquest now Remains thee, aided by this nest of friends, Back on thy foes more glorious to return Than scorn'd thou didst depart ; and to subdue 40 By force who reason for their law refuse, Right reason for their law, and for their King Messiah, who by right of merit reigns. Go, Michael, of celestial armies prince, And thou, in military prowess next, 45 Gabriel, lead forth to battle these my sons Invincible ; lead forth my armed Saints. By thousands and by millions, ranged for fight, Equal in number to that Godless crew Rebellious: Them with fire and hostile arms 50 Fearless assault : and, to the brow of Heaven Pursuing, drive them out from God and bliss. Into their place of punishment, the gulf Of Tartarus, which ready opens wide His fiery Chaos to receive their fall. 65 So spake the Sov'reign Voice, and clouds began To darken all the hill, and smoke to roll In dusky wreaths, reluctant flames, the sign

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130	PARADISE LOST.	.B. 71
_	waked; nor with less dread the long	1
	impet from on high 'gan blow:	- A0
	ommand the Powers militant,	-
	for Heaven, in mighty quadrate jon	n'il
	resistible, moved on	_
In silence th	heir bright legions, to the sound	
Of instrum	ental harmony, that breathed	65
Heroic ardo	ur to adventurous deeds,	•
Under their	Godlike leaders, in the cause	
	l his Messiah. On they move	
	firm; nor obvious hill,	
	ing vale, nor wood, nor stream divi	
	ct ranks; for high above the ground	d
	h was, and the passive air upbore	
	le tread : as when the total kind	
	orderly array on wing,	
	non'd over Eden to receive is of thee; so over many a tract	75
	they march'd, and many a province	
	length of this terrene : At last,	o wide,
	norizon to the north appear'd	
	to skirt a fiery region, stretch'd	80
	s aspéct, and nearer view.	
	h upright beams innumerable	
	ears, and helmets throng'd, and shield	lda
	th boastful argument portray'd,	
	Powers of Satan hasting on	86
	s expedition ; for they ween'd	
That selfsau	me day, by fight or by surprise,	
To win the	mount of God, and on his throne	
-	Envier of his state, the proud	
• •	it their thoughts proved fond and ve	
	way: Though strange to us it seem	ď
	Angel should with Angel war,	
	to hosting meet, who wont to meet	
	stivals of joy and love	05
	as sons of one great Sire, he Eternal Father : but the shout	95

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Of battle now began, and rushing sound	
Of onset ended soon each milder thought.	
High in the midst, exalted as a god,	100
The Apostate in his sun-bright chariot sat,	100
Idol of majesty divine, enclosed	
With flaming Cherubim, and golden shields;	
Then lighted from his gorgeous throne, for no	
'Twixt host and host but narrow space was lef	· · · · ·
A dreadful interval, and front to front Presented stood in terrible array	105
Of hideous length : Before the cloudy van,	
On the rough edge of battle ere it join'd,	
Satan, with vast and haughty strides advanced	a
Came towering, arm'd in adamant and gold;	110
Abdiel that sight endured not, where he stood	
Among the mightiest, bent on highest deeds,	
And thus his own undaunted heart explores:	
O Heaven ! that such resemblance of the H	lighest
Should yet remain, where faith and realty	115
Remain not : Wherefore should not strength an	nd might
There fail where virtue fails, or weakest prove	
Where boldest, though to sight unconquerable	2
His puissance, trusting in the Almighty's aid,	
I mean to try, whose reason I have tried	120
Unsound and false; nor is it aught but just,	
That he, who in debate of truth hath won,	
Should win in arms, in both disputes alike	
Victor; though brutish that contest and foul	
When reason hath to deal with force, yet so	195
Most reason is that reason overcome. So pondering, and from his armed peers	
Forth stepping opposite, half way he met	
His daring foe, at this prevention more	
Incensed, and thus securely him defied : Proud, art thou met? thy hope was to have	130 reach'd
The height of thy aspiring unopposed,	
The throne of God unguarded, and his side	
Abandon'd, at the terror of thy power	

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Or potent tongue : Fool ! not to think how vain 135 Against the Omnipotert to rise in arms; Who out of smallest things could, without end. Have raised incessant armies to defeat Thy folly ; or with solitary hand Reaching beyond all limit, at one blow, 140 Unaided, could have finish'd thee, and whelm'd Thy legions under darkness : but thou seest All are not of thy train : there be, who faith Prefer, and piety to God, though then To thee not visible, when I alone 145 Seem'd in thy world erroneous to dissent From all: My sect thou seest ; now learn too late How few sometimes may know, when thousands err. Whom the grand foe, with scornful eye askance, Thus answer'd : Ill for thee, but in wish'd hour 150 Of my revenge, first sought for, thou return'st From flight, seditious Angel! to receive Thy merited reward, the first assay Of this right hand provoked, since first that tongue, Inspired with contradiction, durst oppose 155 A third part of the Gods, in synod met Their deities to assert; who, while they feel, Vigour divine within them, can allow Omnipotence to none. But well thou coment. Before thy fellows, ambitious to win, 160 From me some plume, that thy success may show Destruction to the rest; This partie between (Unanswer'd lest thou boast.) to let thee know At first I thought that Liberty and Heaven To heavenly souls had been all one; but now 165 I see that most through sloth had rather serve, Ministering Spirits, train'd up in feast and song ! Such hast thou arm'd, the minstrelsy of Heaven, Servility with freedom to contend, As both their deeds compared this day shall prove. 170 To whom in brief thus Abdiel stern replied :

Apostate ! still thou err'st, nor end wilt find

PARADISE LOST	133
Of erring, from the path of truth remote .	
Unjustly thou depravest it with the name	
Of servitude, to serve whom God ordains	175
Or Nature : God and Nature bid the same,	
When he who rules is worthiest, and excels	
Them whom he governs. This is servitude,	
To serve the unwise, or him who hath rebell'd	
Against his worthier, as thine now serve thee,	180
Thyself not free, but to thyself enthrall'd,	
Yet lewdly darest our ministering upbraid.	
Reign thou in Hell, thy kingdom; let me serve	
In Heaven God ever bless'd, and his divine	
Behests obey, worthiest to be obey'd ;	185
Yet chains in Hell, not realms, expect ; Meanwhil	e
From me, return'd, as erst thou saidst, from flight	
This greeting on thy impious crest receive.	6
So saying, a noble stroke he lifted high,	_محر
Which hung not, but so swift with tempest fell	190
On the proud crest of Satan, that no sight,	
Nor motion of swift thought, less could his shield,	
Such ruin intercept : Ten paces huge	
He back recoil'd; the tenth on bended knee	
His massy spear upstaid : as if on earth	195
Winds under ground, or waters forcing way,	
Sidelong had push'd a mountain from his seat,	
Half sunk with all his pines. Amazement seized	
The rebel Thrones, but greater rage, to see	
Thus foil'd their mightiest; ours joy fill'd, and she	out,
Presage of victory, and fierce desire	201
Of battle's Whereat Michael bid sound	
The Archangel trumpet ; through the vast of Hes	ven
It sounded, and the faithful armies rung	
Hosanna to the Highest: Nor stood at gaze	205
The adverse legions, nor less hideous join'd	
The horrid shock. Now storming fury rose,	
And clamour such as heard in Heaven till now	
Was never; arms on armour clashing bray'd	
Horrible discord, and the madding wheels	21 0
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B. VI.

Of brazen chariots raged ; dire was the noise Of conflict ; overhead the dismal hiss Of fiery darts in flaming volleys flew, And flying vaulted either host with fire. So under fiery cope together rush'd 215 Both battles main, with ruinous assault And inextinguishable rage. All Heaven Resounded ; and had Earth been then. all Earth Had to her centre shook. What wonder ? when Millions of fierce encountering Angels fought 990 On either side, the least of whom could wield These elements, and arm him with the force Of all their regions : How much more of Power Army against army numberless to raise Dreadful combustion warring, and disturb. 225 Though not destroy, their happy native seat ; Had not the Eternal King Omnipotent, From his strong hold of Heaven, high overruled And limited their might ; though number'd such As each divided legion might have seem'd 230 A numerous host ; in strength each armed hand A legion ? led in fight, yet leader seem'd Each warrior single as in chief, expert When to advance, or stand, or turn the sway Of battle, open when, and when to close 235 The ridges of grim war : No thought of flight, None of retreat, no unbecoming deed That argued fear ; each on himself relied, As only in his arm the moment lay Of victory : Deeds of eternal fame 240 Were done, but infinite; for wide was spread That war, and various; sometimes on firm ground A standing fight, then, soaring on main wing, Tormented all the air ; all air seem'd then Conflicting fire. Long time in even scale 945 The battle hung ; till Satan, who that day Prodigious power had shown, and met in arms No equal, ranging through the dire attack

Of fighting Seraphim confused, at length Saw where the sword of Michael smote, and fell'd 250 Squadrons at ence; with huge two-handed sway Brandish'd aloft, the horrid edge came down Wide wasting; such destruction to withstand He hasted, and opposed the rocky orb Of tenfold adamant, his ample shield, 25% A vast circumference. At his approach The great Archangel from his warlike toil Surceased, and glad as hoping here to end Intestine war in Heaven, the archfore subdued Or captive dragg'd in chains, with hostile frown 260 And visage all i..flamed first thus began ://

Author of evil unknown till thy revole A Unnamed in Heaven, now plenteous Pr chou seest These acts of hateful strife, hateful to all, Though heaviest by just measure on thyself, 265 And thy adherents : How hast thou disturb'd Heaven's blessed peace, and into nature brought Misery, uncreated till the crime 21222Of thy rebellion ! how hast thou instill'd Thy malice into thousands, once upright 270 And faithful, now proved false ! But think not here To trouble holy rest; Heaven casts thee out From all her confines. Heaven, the seat of bliss, Brooks not the works of violence and war. Hence then, and evil go with thee along, 275 Thy offspring, to the place of evil, Hell; Thou and thy wicked crew ! there mingle broils. Ere this avenging sword begin thy doom, Or some more sudden vengeance, wing'd from God. Precipitate thee with augmented pain. 280

So spake the Prince of Angels; to whom thus The Adversary. Nor think thou with wind Of aery threats to awe whom yet with deeds Thou canst not. Hast thou turn'd the least of these To flight, or if to fall, but that they rise 285 Unvanpuish'd. easis' to transact with me

That thou shouldst hope, imperious, and with threats To chase me hence ? err not, that so shall end The strife which thou call'st evil, but we style The strife of glory; which we mean to win, Or turn this Heaven itself into the Hell Thou fablest ; here however to dwell free, If not to reign : Meanwhile thy utmost force. And join him named Almighty to thy aid, I fly not, but have sought thee far and nigh.

They ended parle, and both address'd for fight Unspeakable ; for who, though with the tongue Of Angels, can relate, or to what things Liken on earth conspicuous, that may lift Human imagination to such height 300 Of Godlike power? for likest Gods they seem'd ; Stood they or moved, in stature, motion, arms, Fit to decide the empire of great Heaven. Now waved their fiery swords, and in the air Made horrid circles; two broad suns their shields 305 Blazed opposite, while Expectation stood In horror: From each hand with speed retired. Where erst was thickest fight, the angelic throng. And left large field, unsafe within the wind Of such commotion; such as, to set forth 310 Great things by small, if, nature's concord broke, Among the constellations war were sprung, Two planets, rushing from aspect malign Of fiercest opposition, in mid sky Should combat, and their jarring spheres confound. Together both with next to almighty arm 316 Uplifted imminent, one stroke they aim'd That might determine, and not need repeat. As not of power at once; nor odds appear'd In might or swift prevention : But the sword Of Michael from the armory of God Was given him temper'd so that neither keen Nor solid might resist that edge : it met The sword of Satan, with steep force to maite

290

B. VI.

PARADISE LOST.	137
Descending, and in half cut sheer; nor staid,	325
But with swift wheel reverse, deep entering, share	d
All his right side : Then Satan first knew pain,	
And writhed him to and fro convolved; so sore	
The griding sword with discontinuous wound	
Pass'd through him : But the ethereal substance clo	æd,
Not long divisible; and from the gash	331
A stream of nectarous humour issuing flow'd	
Sanguine, such as celestial Spirits may bleed,	
And all his armour stained, erewhile so bright.	
Forthwith on all sides to his aid was run	335
By Angels many and strong, who interposed	
Defence, while others bore him on their shields	
Back to his chariot, where it stood retired	
From off the files of war: There they him laid	
Gnashing for anguish and despite and shame,	340
To find himself not matchless, and his pride	
Humbled by such rebuke, so far beneath	
His confidence to equal God in power.	
Yet soon he heal'd; for Spirits that live throughout	ıt
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	345
In entrails, heart or head, liver or reins,	
Cannot but by annihilating die;	
Nor in their liquid texture mortal wound	
Receive, no more than can the fluid air :	
······································	350
All intellect, all sense ; and, as they please,	
They limb themselves, and colour, shape, or size	
Assume, as likes them best, condense or rare.	
Meanwhile in other parts like deeds deserved	
	355
And with fierce ensigns pierced the deep array	
Of Moloch, furious king; who him defied,	
And at his chariot-wheels to drag him bound	
Threaten'd, nor from the Holy One of Heaven	
Territoria a man configuration () and another	360
Down cloven to the waist, with shatter'd arms	
And uncouth pain fled bellowing. On each wing	
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PARADISE LOST.	B. VI
I (b) I (b) Request, uis vaunting foe,	
	365
in the state in the state of th	
a put meaner thoughts learn d in their	flight,
with grastin wounds through plate and	mail.
sing a summinary Addiel to annov	
The strew but with redoubled blow	370
Anona and the violence	
is worch'd and blasted, overthrew.	
ing it easte of thousands, and their names	
and serve on earth; but those elect	
sontented with their fame in Heaven,	375
a se praise of men : The other sort,	
in hough wondrous and in acts of war,	
with the second	380
agth from truth divided, and from just,	
as guomeny : yet to glory aspires	
argae loas, and through infamy seeks fame -	
preio e eternal slience be their doom.	385
new, their mightiest quell'd, the battle swe	erved.
v in main an inroad gored: deformed rout	
ine. d and foul disorder : all the ground	
is a slaverid armour strown, and on a heap	
no ot and characteer lay overturn'd,	390
In invition us steeds : what stood recoil'd	
wearied, through the faint Satanic host	
Determine scarce, or with pale fear surprised,	
Prove nest with tear surprised, and sense of pain,	
in a monitous, to such evil brought	395
w sin of disobedience : till that hour	
her hable to tear or flight or pain.	
arwise the inviolable Saints	
halanx firm. advanced entire,	
hie, impenetrably arm'd ;	400

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Such high advantages their innocence Gave them above their foes; not to have sinn'd, Not to have disobey'd; in fight they stood Unwearied, unobnoxious to be pain'd By wound, though from their place by violence moved.

Now night her course began, and, over Heaven 406 Inducing darkness, grateful truce imposed, And silence on the odious din of war: Under her cloudy covert both retired, Victor and vanquish'd: On the foughten field 410 Michael and his Angels prevalent Encamping, placed in guard their watches round, Cherubic waving fires: On the other part, Satan with his rebellious disappear'd, Far in the dark dislodged; and, void of rest, 415 His potentates to council call'd by night; And in the midst thus undismay'd began:

O now in danger tried, now known in arms Not to be overpower'd, Companions dear, Found worthy not of liberty alone, 490 Too mean pretence ! but what we more affect, Honour, dominion, glory, and renown ; Who have sustain'd one day in doubtful fight. (And if one day, why not eternal days?) 425 What Heaven's Lord had powerfulest to send Against us from about his throne, and judged Sufficient to subdue us to his will, But proves not so : then fallible, it seems, Of future we may deem him, though till now Omniscient thought. True is, less firmly arm'd. 430 \ Some disadvantage we endured and pain, Till now not known, but, known, as soon contemn'd; Since now we find this our empyreal form Incapable of mortal injury, Imperishable, and, though pierced with wound: 435 Soon closing, and by native vigour heal'd. Of evil then so small as easy think The remedy ; perhaps more valid arms

140	PARADISE LOST.	B. VI.
Weap	ons more violent, when next we meet,	
May	erve to better us, and worse our foes,	440
	ual what between us made the odds,	
In nat	ture none: If other hidden cause	
Left t	hem superior, while we can preserve	
Unhu	rt our minds, and understanding sound,	
Due a	earch and consultation will disclose.	445
He	sat; and in the assembly next upstood	
Nisro	ch, of Principalities the prime;	
As on	e he stood escaped from cruel fight,	
Sore	toil'd, his riven arms to havoc hewn,	
And o	cloudy in aspect thus answering spake :	450
De	liverer from new Lords, leader to free	
Enjoy	ment of our right as Gods: yet hard	
For C	Fods, and too unequal work we find,	
Again	nst unequal arms to fight in pain,	
Agai	nst unpain'd, impassive ; from which evil	455
Ruin	must needs ensue ; for what avails	
Valou	ur or strength, though matchless, quell'd wit	h pain,
Whic	h all subdues, and makes remiss the hands	
Of m	ightiest? Sense of pleasure we may well	
Spare	out of life perhaps, and not repine,	460
But 1	ive content, which is the calmest life :	
But p	pain is perfect misery, the worst	
Of e	vils, and, excessive, overturns	
All p	atience. He, who therefore can invent	
With	what more forcible we may offend	465
Our	yet unwounded enemies, or arm	
Ours	elves with like defence, to me deserves	
No le	ess than for deliverance what we owe.	
	hereto with look composed Satan replied :	
	uninvented that, which thou aright	470
	vest so main to our success, I bring.	
Whie	sh of us who beholds the bright surface	
Of the	his ethereous mould whereon we stand,	
This	continent of spacious Heaven, adorn'd	
With	plant, fruit, flower ambrosial, gems, and	gold ;
Who	se eye so superficially surveys	476

These things, as not to mind from whence they grow Deep under ground, materials dark and crude, Of spirituous and fiery spume, till touch'd With Heaven's ray, and temper'd, they shoot forth 480 So beauteous, opening to the ambient light? These in their dark nativity the deep Shall yield us, pregnant with infernal flame; Which, into hollow engines, long and round, Thick ramm'd, at the other bore with touch of fire 485 Dilated and infuriate, shall send forth From far, with thundering noise, among our foes Such implements of mischief as shall dash To pieces, and o'erwhelm whatever stands 490 🗡 Adverse, that they shall fear we have disarm'd The Thunderer of his only dreaded bolt. Nor long shall be our labour ; yet ere dawn, Effect shall end our wish. Meanwhile revive ; Abandon fear; to strength and counsel join'd Think nothing hard, much less to be despair'd. 495

He ended, and his words their drooping cheer Enlighten'd, and their languish'd hope revived. The invention all admired, and each, how he To be the inventor miss'd; so easy it seem'd [thought Once found, which yet unfound most would have Impossible : Yet haply of thy race 501 In future days, if malice should abound, Some one intent on mischief, or inspired With devilish machination, might devise Like instrument to plague the sons of men 505 For sin, on war and mutual slaughter bent. Forthwith from council to the work they flew; None arguing stood ; innumerable hands Were ready; in a moment up they turn'd Wide the celestial soil, and saw beneath 510 The originals of nature in their crude Conception; sulphurous and nitrous foam They found, they mingled, and, with subtle art, Concocted and adjusted, they reduced

PARADISE LOST. B. VI.

To blackest grain, and into store convey'd: 515 Part hidden veins digged up (nor hath this earth Entrails unlike) of mineral and stone, Whereof to found their engines and their balls Of missive run; part incentive reed Provide, pernicious with one touch to fire, \checkmark 590 So all ere dayspring, under conscious night, Secret they finish'd, and in order set, With silent circumspection, unespied.

Now when fair morn orient in Heaven appear'd, Up rose the victor-Angels, and to arms 535 The matin trumpet sung : in arms they stood Of golden panoply, refulgent host, Soon banded ; others from the dawning hills Look round, and scouts each coast light-armed scour, Each quarter to descry the distant foe, 530 Where lodged, or whither fled, or if for fight, In motion or in halt : Him soon they met Under spread ensigns moving nigh, in slow But firm battalion : back with speediest sail Zophiel, or Cherubim the swiftest wing, 535 Came flying, and in mid air aloud thus cried -

Arm, Warriors, arm for fight; the foe at hand, Whom fied we thought, will save us long pursuit This day; fear not his flight; so thick a cloud He comes, and settled in his face I see 540 Sad resolution, and secure: Let each His adamantine coat gird well, and each Fit well his helm, gripe fast his orbed shield, Borne even or high; for this day will pour down, If I conjecture aught, no driszling shower, 545 But rattling storms of arrows barb'd with fire.

So warn'd he them, aware themselves, and soon In order, quit of all impediment; Instant without disturb they took alarm, And onward moved embattled: When behold! 550 Not distant far with heavy pace the foe Approaching gross and huge, in hollow cube

PARADISE LOST.	143
Training his devilish enginery, impaled	
On every side with shadowing squadrons deep,	
To hide the fraud. At interview both stood	555
Awhile ; but suddenly at head appear'd	
Satan, and thus was heard commanding loud :	
Vanguard, to right and left the front unfold;	
That all may see who hate us, how we seek	
Peace and composure, and with open breast	560
Stand ready to receive them, if they like	
Our overture, and turn not back perverse ;	
But that I doubt; however witness, Heaven!	
Heaven, witness thou anon ! while we discharge	
Freely our part: ye, who appointed stand,	565
Do as you have in charge, and briefly touch	
What we propound, and loud that all may hear !	
So scoffing in ambiguous words, he scarce	
Had ended; when to right and left the front	
Divided, and to either flank retired :	570
Which to our eyes discover'd, new and strange,	
A triple mounted row of pillars laid	
On wheels (for like to pillars most they seem'd,	
Or hollow'd bodies made of oak or fir,	
With branches lopp'd, in wood or mountain fell'd,)	575
Brass, iron, stony mould, had not their mouths	
With hideous orifice gaped on us wide,	
Portending hollow truce : At each behind	
A Seraph stood, and in his hand a reed	
Stood waving tipp'd with fire : while we, suspense,	580
Collected stood within our thoughts amused,	
Not long: for sudden all at once their reeds	
Put forth, and to a narrow vent applied	
With nicest touch. Immediate in a flame,	584
But soon obscured with smoke, all Heaven appear	
From those deep-throated engines belch'd, whose	roar
Embowel'd with outrageous noise the air,	
And all her entrails tore, disgorging foul	
Their devilish glut, chain'd thunderbolts and hail	
Of iron globes; which, on the victor host	590

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PARADISE LOST. 144 3. YL Level'd, with such impetuous fury smote, That, whom they hit, none on their feet might stand. Though standing else as rocks, but down they fell By thousands, Angel on Archangel roll'd ; The sooner for their arms ; unarm'd, they might 595 Have easily, as Spirits, evaded swift By guick contraction or remove ; but now Foul dissipation follow'd, and forced rout ; -Nor served it to relax their servied files. 600 What should they do ' if on they rush'd, repulse Repeated, and indecent overthrow Doubled, would render them yet more demised. And to their foes a laughter; for in view Stood rank'd of Seraphim another row,

In posture to displode their second tire 805 Of thunder: Back defeated to return They worse abhorr'd. Satan beheld their plight, And to his mates thus in derision call'd :

O Friends! why come not on these victors proud? Ere while they fierce were coming; and when we 610 To entertain them fair with open front And breast, (what could we more?) propounded terms Of composition, straight they changed their minds. Flew off, and into strange vagaries fell, As they would dance; yet for a dance they seem'd 615 Somewhat extravagant and wild; perhaps For joy of offer'd peace : But I suppose If our proposals once again were heard, We should compel them to a quick result.

To whom thus Belial, in like gamesome mood : 620 Leader ! the terms we sent were terms of weight, Of hard contents, and full of force urged home. Such as we might perceive amused them all, And stumbled many: Who receives them right Had need from head to foot well understand : 695 Not understood, this gift they have besides, They show us when our foes walk not upright.

So they among themselves in pleasant vein

PARADISE LOST. 145 Stood scoffing, heighten'd in their thoughts beyond All doubt of victory : Eternal Might 630 To match with their inventions they presumed So easy, and of his thunder made a scorn, And all his host derided, while they stood Awhile in trouble: But they stoud not long: Rage prompted them at length, and found them arms Against such hellish mischief fit to oppose. 636 Forthwith (behold the excellence, the power, Which God hath in his mighty Angels placed !) Their arms away they threw, and to the hills 640 (For Earth hath this variety from Heaven Of pleasure situate in hill and dale,) Light as the lightning glimpse they ran, they flew; From their foundations loosening to and fro, They pluck'd the seated hills, with all their load, Rocks, waters, woods, and by the shaggy tops 645 Uplifting bore them in their hands: Amaze, Be sure, and terror seized the rebel host, When coming towards them so dread they saw The bottom of the mountains upward turn'd; Till on those cursed engines' triple-row 650 They saw them whelm'd, and all their confidence Under the weight of mountains buried deep: Themselves invaded next, and on their heads Main promontories flung, which in the air 654 Came shadowing, and oppress'd whole legions arm'd : Their armour helped their harm, crush'd in and bruised Into their substance pent, which wrought them 'pain' Implacable, and many a dolorous groan; Long struggling underneath, ere they could wind Out of such prison, though Spirits of purest light, 660 Purest at first, now gross by sinning grown. The rest, in imitation, to like arms Betook them, and the neighbouring hills uptore : So hills and the air encounter'd hills, Hurl'd to and fro with jaculation dire ; **C**65 That under ground they fought in dismal shade ; 13

146 PARADISE LOSI	6 . ▼1
Infernal noise ! war seem'd a civil game	
To this uproar; horrid confusion heap'd	
Upon confusion rose : and now all Heaven	-
Had gone to wrack, with ruin overspread;	670
Had not the Almighty Father, where he sits	
Shrined in his sanctuary of Heaven secure,	
Consulting on the sum of things, foreseen	
This tumult, and permitted all, advised :	675
That his great purpose he might so fulfil, To honour his anointed Son avenged	075
Upon his enemies, and to declare	
All power on him transferr'd : whence to his S	lon
The Assessor of his throne, he thus began :	,
Effulgence of my glory, Son beloved,	680
Son, in whose face invisible is beheld	
Visibly what by Deity I am;	
And in whose hand what by decree I do,	
Second Omnipotence ! two days are pass'd,	
Two days, as we compute the days of Heaven,	685
Since Michael and his Powers went forth to ta	
These disobcdient : sore hath been their fight,	
As likeliest was, when two such foes met arm	d,
For to themselves I left them ; and thou know	°∎t,
Equal in their creation they were form'd,	690
Save what sin hath impair'd ; which yet hath w	wrought
Insensibly, for 1 suspend their doom;	-
Whence in perpetual fight they needs must la	rt
Endless, and no solution will be found :	
War wearied hath perform'd what war can do,	, 695
And to disorder'd rage let loose the reins,	
With mountains, as with weapons, arm'd; which	h makes
Wild work in Heaven, and dangerous to the m	nain.
Two days are therefore pass'd, the third is thin	
For thee I have ordain'd it; and thus far	700
Have suffer'd, that the glory may be thine	
Of ending this great war, since none but Thou	1
Can end it. Into thee such virtue and grace	
Immense I have transfused that all may know	

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PARADISE LOST.	147
In Heaven and Hell thy power above compare;	705
And, this perverse commotion govern'd thus,	
To manifest thee worthiest to be Heir	
Of all things; to be Heir, and to be King	
By sacred unction, thy deserved right.	
Go then, Thou Mightiest, in thy Father's might;	710
Ascend my chariot; gaide the rapid wheels	
That shake Heaven's basis, bring forth all my war	,
My bow and thunder, my almighty arms	
Gird on, and sword upon thy puissant thigh ;	
Pursue these sons of darkness, drive them out	715
From all Heaven's bounds into the utter deep :	
There let them learn, as likes them, to despise	
God, and Messiah his anointed King.	
He said, and on his Son with rays direct	
Shone full; he all his Father full express'd	720
Ineffably into his face received ;	
And thus the Filial Godhead answering spake :	
O Father, O Supreme of heavenly Thrones,	•
First, Highest, Holiest, Best ; thou always seek'st	
To glorify thy Son, I always thee,	725
and in the state . this a thy give account,	
My exaltation, and my whole delight,	
That thou, in me well pleased, declarest thy will	
Fulfill'd, which to fakil is all my bliss.	
Sceptre and power, thy giving, I assume,	730
And gladlier shall resign, when in the end	
Thou shalt be all in all, and I in thee	
For ever; and in me all whom thou lovest:	
But whom thou batest I hate, and can put on	
Thy terrors, as I put thy mildness on,	735
Image of thee in all things; and shall soon,	
Arm'd with thy might, rid Heaven of these rebell'	d,
To their prepared ill mansion driven down,	
To chains of darkness, and the undying worm;	•
That from thy just obedience could revolt,	740
Whom to obey is happiness entire.	
Then shall thy Saints unmix'd, and from the impu	TO .

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PARADISE LOST. 148 3. TI Far separate, circling thy holv mount, Unfeigned Hallelujahs to thee sing, Hymns of high praise, and I among them Chief. 745 So said, ne, o'er his sceptre bowing, rose From the right hand of Glory where he sat : And the third sacred morn began to shine. [nound. Dawning through Heaven. Forth rush'd with whirlwind The chariot of Paternal Deity. 750 Flashing thick flames, wheel within wheel undrawn, Itself instinct with Spirit, but convoy'd By four Cherubic shapes ; four faces each Had wondrous ; as with stars, their bodies all And wings were set with eyes ; with eyes the wheels Of beryl, and careering fires between; 756 Over their heads a crystal firmament, Whereon a sapphire throne, inlaid with pure Amber, and colours of the showery arch. He, in celestial panoply all arm'd 780 Of radiant Urim, work divinely wrought, Ascended ; at his right hand Victory Sat eagle-winged; beside him hung his bow. And quiver with three-bolted thunder stored : And from about him fierce effusion roll'd 765 Of smoke and bickering flame and sparkles dire: Attended with ten thousand Saints, He onward came ; far off his coming shone ; And twenty thousand (I their number heard) Chariots of God, half on each hand, were seen; 770 He on the wings of Cherub rode sublime On the crystalline sky, in sapphire throned. Illustrious far and wide; but by his own First seen ; them unexpected joy surprised. When the great ensign of Messiah blazed 775 Aloft by Angels borne, his sign in Heaven; Under whose conduct Michael soon reduced His army, circumfused on either wing, Under their Head embodied all in one. Before him Power Divine his way prepared; 780

PARADISE LOST.	341
At his command the uprooted hills retired	
Each to his place; they heard his voice, and we	nt
Obsequious ; Heaven his wonted face renew'd,	
And with fresh flowerets hill and valley smiled.	
This saw his hapless foes, but stood obdured,	785
And to rebellious fight rallied their Powers,	
Insensate, hope conceiving from despair.	
In heavenly Spirits could such performents dwo	611 ?
But to convince the proud what signs avail,	
Or wonders move the obdurate to relent?	790
They, harden'd more by what might most reclai	im,
Grieving to see his glory, at the sight	
Took envy ; and, aspiring to his height,	
Stood reembattled fierce, by force or fraud	
Weening to prosper, and at length prevail	79
Against God and Messiah, or to fall	
In universal ruin last; and now	
To final battle drew, disdaining flight,	
Or faint retreat; when the great Son of God	
To all his host on either hand thus spake :	800
Stand still in bright array, ye Saints ; here st	and,
Ye Angels arm'd ; this day from battle rest :	
Faithful hath been your warfare, and of God	
Accepted, fearless in his righteous cause ;	
And as ye have received, so have ye done,	. 80
Invincibly : but of this cursed crew	~
The punishment to other hand belongs ;	
Vengeance is his, or whose he sole appoints :	
Number to this day's work is not ordain'd,	
Nor multitude ; stand only, and behold	81
God's indignation on these godless pour'd	
By me; not you, but me they have despised,	
Yet envied; against me is all their rage,	
Because the Father, to whom in Heaven supren	10
Kingdom and power and glory appertains,	ព
Hath honour'd me, according to his will.	
Therefore to me their doom he hath assign'd;	:
That they may have their wish, to try with me	-

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In battle which the stronger proves ; they all, Or I alone against then ; since by strength They measure all, of other excellence Not emulous, nor care who them excels ; Nor other strife with them do I vouchsafe.

So spake the Son, and into terror changed His countenance too severe to be beheld. 996 And full of wrath bent on his enemies. At once the Four spread out their starry wings With dreadful shade contiguous, and the orbs Of his fierce chariot roll'd, as with the sound Of torrent floods, or of a numerous host. 830 He on his impious fees right onward drove. Gloomy as night; under his burning wheels The steadfast empyréan shook throughout, All but the throne itself of God. Full soon Among them he arrived ; in his right hand 835 Grasping ten thousand thunders, which he sent Before him, such as in their souls infix'd Plagues : they, astonish'd, all resistance lost. All courage ; down their idle weapons dropp'd : O'er shields and helms and helmed heads he rods 848 Of Thrones and mighty Seraphim prostrate. That wish'd the mountains now might be again Thrown on them, as a shelter from his ire Nor less on either side tempestuous fell His arrows, from the fourfold-visaged Four 845 Distinct with eyes, and from the living wheels Distinct alike with multitude of eves : One Spirit in them ruled; and every eve Glared lightning, and shot forth pernicious fire Among the accursed, that wither'd all their strength, And of their wonted vigour left them drain'd, 851 Exhausted, spiritless, afflicted, fallen. Yet half his strength he put not forth, but check'd His thunder in mid volley; for he meant Not to destroy, but root them out of Heaven: 855 The overthrown he raised ; and, as a herd

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Of goats or timorous flock together throng'd, Drove them before him thunderstruck, pursued With terrors, and with furies, same bounds And crystal wall of Heaven: which, opening wide, 860 Roll'd inward, and a spacious gap disclosed Into the wasteful deep: the monstrous sight Struck them with horror backward, but far worse Urged them behind headlong themselves they threw Down from the verge of Heaven; sternal wrath 865 Burn'd after them to the bottomless pit.

Hell heard the unsufferable noise. Hell saw Heaven ruining from Heaven, and would have fled Affrighted ; but strict Fate had cast too deep Her dark foundations, and too fast had bound. 870 Nine days they fell: confounded Chaos roar'd, And felt tenfold confusion in their fall Through his wild anarchy, so huge a rout Encumber'd him with ruin : Hell at last Yawning received them whole, and on them closed; Hell, their fit habitation, fraught with fire 876 Unquenchable, the house of woe and pain. · Disburden'd Heaven rejoiced, and soon repair'd Her mural breach, returning whence it roll'd. Sole victor, from the expulsion of his foes, 880 Messiah his triumphal chariot turn'd : To meet him all his Saints, who silent stood Eye-witnesses of his almighty acts, With jubilee advanced ; and, as they went, Shaded with branching palm, each Order bright 823 Sung triumph, and him sung victorious King, Son, Heir, and Lord, to him dominion given, Worthiest to reign : He. celebrated, rode Triumphant through mid Heaven, into the courts And temple of his Mighty Father throned 890 On high ; who into glory him received, Where now he sits at the right hand of bliss. [Earth. Thus, measuring things in Heaven by things on

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At thy request, and that thou mayst beware

Doubt to control to these I have neverally	
By what is pass'd, to thee I have reveal'd What might have else to human race been hid; The discord which befel, and war in Heaven Among the angelic Powers, and the deep fall Of those too high aspiring, who rebell'd	896
With Satan; he who envies now thy state, Who now is plotting how he may seduce Thee also from obedience, that, with him Bereaved of happiness, thou mayst partake His punishment, eternal misery;	900
Which would be all his solace and revenge, As a despite done against the Host High, Thee once to gain companion of his woe. But listen not to his temptations, warn Thy weaker : let it profit thee to have heard,	905

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BOOK VII.

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Raphael, at the request of Adam, relates how and wherefore this world was first croated; that God. after the expelling of Satan and his Angels out of Heaven, declared his pleasure to create another world, and other creatures to dwell therein; sends his Son with glory, and attendanco of Angels, to perform the work of Creation in six days: the Angels eclebrate with hymns the performance thereof, and his reascension into Heaven.

DESCEND from Heaven, Urania, by that name If rightly thou art call'd, whose voice divine Following, above the Olympian hill I soar, Above the flight of Pegaséan wing ! The meaning, not the name, I call: for thou Nor of the Muses nine, nor on the top Ot old Olympus dwell'st ; but heavenly born. Before the hills appear'd or fountain flow'd. Thou with eternal Wisdom didst converse, -Wisdom thy sister, and with her didst play In presence of the Almighty Father, pleased With thy celestial song. Up led by thee Into the Heaven of Heavens I have presumed, An easthly guest, and drawn empyrel air, Thy tempering : with like safety guiled down Return me to my native element : Lest from this flying steed unrein'd (as once Bellcrophon, though from a lower clime,) Dismounted, on the Aleian field I fall, Erroneous there to wander, and forlorn. Half yet remains unsung, but narrower bound Within the visible diurnal sphere ; Standing on earth, not wrapp'd above the pole,

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PARADISE LOST. More safe I sing with mortal voice, unchanged To hoarse or mute, though fallen on evil days,

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On evil days though fallen, and evil tonguos; In darkness, and with dangers compass'd round, And solitude ; yet not alone, while thou Visit'st my slumbers nightly, or when morn Purples the east: still govern thou my song, Urania, and fit audience find, though few. But drive far off the barbarous dissonance Of Bacchus and his revellers, the race Of that wild rout that tore the Thracian bard In Rhodope, where woods and rocks had ears To rapture, till the savage clamour drown'd Both harp and voice, nor could the Muse defend Her son. So fail not thou, who thee implores . For thou art heavenly, she an empty dream.

Sav, Goddess, what ensued when Raphael, r 40 The affable Archangel, had forewarn'd Adam, by dire example, to beware Apostacy, by what befel in Heaven To those apostates : lest the like befal 45 In Paradise to Adam or his race. Charged not to touch the interdicted tree. If they transgress, and slight that sole command, So easily obey'd amid the choice Of all tastes else to please their appetite, Though wandering. He, with his consorted Eve, 50 The story heard attentive, and was fill'd With admiration and deep muse, to hear Of things so high and strange; things, to their thought So unimaginable, as hate in Heaven, And war so near the peace of God in bliss, 55 With such confusion : but the evil, soon Driven back, redounded as a flood on those From whom it sprang; impossible to mix With blessedness. Whence Adam soon repeal'd The doubts that in his heart arose : and now 60 Led on, yet sinless, with desire to know

What nearer might concern him, how this world Of Heaven and Earth conspicuous first began; When, and whereof created; for what cause; What within Eden, or without, was done Before his memory; as one whose drouth Yet scarce allay'd still eyes the current stream, Whose liquid murmur heard new thirst excites, Proceeded thus to ask his heavenly guest.

Great things, and full of wonder in our ears, 70 Far differing from this world, thou hast reveal'd Divine interpreter ! by favour sent Down from the empyrean, to forewarn Us timely of what might else have been our loss. Unknown, which human knowledge could not reach : For which to the infinitely Good we owe 76 Immortal thanks, and his admonishment Receive, with solemin purpose to observe Immutably his sov'reign will, the end Of what we are. But since thou hast youchsafed 80 Gently, for our instruction. to impart Things above earthly thought, which yet concern'd Our knowing, as to highest wisdom seem'd, Deign to descend now lower, and relate What may no less perhaps avail us known, 85 How first began this Heaven which we behold Distant so high, with moving fires adorn'd Innumerable ; and this which yields or fills All space, the ambient are wide interfused Embracing round this florid Earth ; what cause 90 Moved the Creator, in his holy rest Through all eternity, so late to build In Chaos; and, the work begun, how soon Absolved ; if unforbid thou mayst unfold What we, not to explore the secrets ask 95 Of his eternal empire, but the more To magnify his works, the more we know. And the great light of day yet wants to run

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8. TIL.

Much of his race though steep; suspense in Heaven. Held by thy voice, thy potent voice, he hears, 100 And longer will delay to hear thee tell His generation, and the rising birth Of Nature from the unapparent Deep : Or if the star of evening and the moon Haste to thy audience, Night with her will bring 105 Silence : and Sleep, listening to thee, will watch : Or we can hid his absence, till thy song. End, and dismiss thee ere the morning shine. Thus Adam his illustrious guest besought's And thus the Godlike Angel answer'd mild ; 110 This also thy request, with caution ask'd, Obtain; though to recount almighty works What words or tongue of Seraph can suffice, Or heart of man suffice to comprehend? Yet what thou canst attain, which beat may serve Ils To glorify the Maker, and infer Thee also happier, shall not be withheld Thy hearing ; such commission from above I have received, to answer thy desire Of knowledge within bounds; beyond, abstain 190 To ask; nor let thine own inventions hope

To ask, not reveal'd, which the invisible King, Only Omniscient, hath suppress'd in night; To none communicable in Earth or Heaven: Enough is left besides to search and know. But knowledge is as food, and needs no less Hor temperance over appetite, to know In measure what the mind may well contain; Oppresses else with surfoit, and soon turns Wisdom to folly, as nourishment to wind.

Know then, that, after Lucifer from Heaven (So call him, brighter once amidst the host Of Angels than that star the stars among,) Fell with his flaming legions through the deep Into his place : and the great Son return'd 130

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Victorious with his Saints, the Omnipotent Eternal Father from his throno beheld Their multitude, and to his Son thus spake:

At least our envious Foe hath fail'd, who thought 140 All like himself rebellious, by whose aid This inaccessible high strength, the seat Of Deity supreme, us dispossess'd, He trusted to have seized, and into fraud Drew many, whom their place knows here no more : 145 Yet far the greater part have kept, I see, Their station; Heaven, yet populous, retains Number sufficient to possess her realms Though wide, and this high temple to frequent With ministeries due and solemn rites ; But, lest his heart exalt him in the harm 150 Already done, to have dispeopled Heaven. My damage fondly deem'd. I can repair That detriment, if such it be to lose Self-lost : and in a moment will create Another world, out of one man a race 155 Of men innumerable, there to dwell, Not here : till, by degrees of merit raised, They open to themselves at length the way Up hither, under long obedience tried; And Earth be changed to Heaven, and Heaven to Earth One kingdom, joy and union without end. 161 Meanwhile inhabit lax, ye Powers of Heaven; And thou my Word, begotten Son; by thee This I perform ; speak thou, and be it done ! 165 My overshadowing Spirit and Might with thee I send along ; ride forth, and bid the Deep Within appointed bounds be Heaven and Earth. Boundless the Deep, because I Am who fill Infinitude, nor vacuous the space. Though I, uncircumscribed myself, retire, 170 And put not forth my goodness, which is free To act or not, Necessity and Chance Approach not me, and what I will is Fate.

PARADISE LOST. B. VII. So spake the Almighty, and to what he spake His Word, the Filial Godhead, gave effect. 175 Immediate are the acts of God, more swift

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Than time or motion, but to human ears Cannot without procéss of speech be told, So told as earthly notion can receive. Great triumph and rejoicing was in Heaven, 180 When such was heard declared the Almighty's will; Glory they sung to the Most High, good will To future men, and in their dwellings peace ; Glory to Him, whose just avenging ire Had driven out the ungodly from his sight 185 And the habitations of the just ; to Him Glory and praise, whose wisdom had ordain'd Good out of evil to create ; instead Of Spirits malign, a hetter race to bring Into their vacant room, and thence diffuse 190 His good to worlds and ages infinite.

So sang the Hierarchies : meanwhile the Son On his great expedition now appear'd, Girt with Omnipotence, with radiance crown'd Of Majesty Divine ; sapience and love 195 Immense, and all his Father in him shone. About his chariot numberless were pour'd Cherub, and Seraph, Potentates, and Thrones. And Virtues, winged Spirits, and chariots wing'd From the armory of God; where stand of oid 200 Myriads, between two brazen mountains lodged Against a solemn day, harness'd at hand, Celestial equipage; and now came forth Spontaneous, for within them Spirit lived, Attendant on their Lord : Heaven open'd wide 205 Her ever during gates, harmonious sound, On golden hinges moving, to let forth The King of Glory, in his powerful Word And Spirit coming to create new worlds. On heavenly ground they stood ; and from the shore They view'd the vast immeasurable abyos 211

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Outrageous as a sea, dark, wasteful, wild, Up from the battom turn'd by furious winds And surging waves, as mountains, to assault 214 Heaven's height, and with the centre mix the pole.

Silence, ye troubled Waves, and, thou Deep, peace, Said then the Omnific Word ; your discord end ! Nor staid; but, on the wings of Cherubim Uplifted, in paternal glory rode Far into Chaos, and the world unborn ; 220 For Chaos heard his voice : Him all his train Follow'd in bright procession, to behold Creation, and the wonders of his might. Then staid the fervid wheels, and in his hand He took the golden compasses, prepared 225 In God's eternal store, to circumscribe This universe, and all created things : One foot he centred, and the other turn'd Round through the vast profundity obscure ; And said, Thus far extend, thus far thy bounds, 230 This be thy just circumference, O World! Thus God the Heaven created, thus the Earth, Matter unform'd and void : darkness profound Cover'd the abyss: but on the watery calm His brooding wings the Spirit of God outspread, 235 And vital virtue infused, and vital warmth Throughout the fluid mass; but downward purged The black tartareous cold infernal dregs, Adverse to life : then founded, then conglobed Like things to like ; the rest to several place 240 Disparted, and between spun out the air; And Earth self-balanced on her centre hung.

Let there be Light, said God; and forthwith Light Ethereal, first of things, quintessence pure, Sprung from the deep; and from her native east 245. To journey through the aery gloom began, Sphered in a radiant cloud, for yet the sun Was not; she in a cloudy tabernacle Sojourn'd the while. God saw the light was good,

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3. VII.

And light from darkness by the hemisphere 250 Divided : light the Day, and darkness Night. He named. Thus was the first day even and morn . Nor pass d uncelebrated, nor unsung By the celestial choirs, when orient light Exhaling first from darkness they beheld : 255 Birthday of Heaven and Earth ; with joy and shout The hollow universal orb they fill'd. And touch'd their golden harns, and hymning praised God and his works ; Creator him they sung, Both when first evening was, and when first morn. 260 Again, God said, Let there be firmament Amid the waters, and let it divide The waters from the waters ; and God made The firmament, expanse of liquid, pure, Transparent, elemental air, diffused 265 In circuit to the uttermost convex Of this great round; partition firm and sure. The waters underneath from those above Dividing : for as earth, so he the world Built on circumfluous waters calm, in wide 270 Crystalline ocean, and the loud misrule Of Chaos far removed ; lest fierce extremes

Contiguous might distemper the whole frame: And Heaven he named the Firmament : so even And morning chorus sung the second day. **275** The Earth was form'd, but, in the womb as yet Of wators, embryon immature involved,

Of waters, embryon immature involved, Appear'd not: over all the face of Earth Main ocean flow'd, not idle; but, with warm Prolific humour softening all her globe, 280 Fermented the great mother to conceive, Satiate with genial moisture; when God said, Be gather'd now, ye waters under Heaven, Into one place, and let dry land appear. Inmediately the mountains huge appear Emergent, and their broad bare backs upheave Into the clouds; their tops ascend the sky;

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So high as heaved the tumid hills, so low Down sunk a hollow bottom broad and deep, 290 Capacious bed of waters : thither they Hasted with glad precipitance, uproll'd, As drops on dust conglobing from the dry: Part rise in crystal wall, or ridge direct, For haste ; such flight the great command impress'd On the swift floods : as armies at the call 295 Of trumpet (for of armies thou hast heard) Troop to their standard ; so the watery throng, Wave rolling after wave, where way they found, If steep, with torrent rapture, if through plain, Soft-ebbing ; nor withstood them rock or hill ; 300 But they, or under ground, or circuit wide With serpent error wandering, found their way, And on the washy ooze deep channels wore; Easy, ere God had bid the ground be dry, 305 All but within those banks, where rivers now Stream, and perpetual draw their humid train. The dry land Earth, and the great receptacle Of congregated waters he call'd Seas : And saw that it was good ; and said, Let the Earth Put forth the verdant grass, herb yielding seed, 310 And fruit-tree yielding fruit after her kind, Whose seed is in herself upon the Earth. He scarce had said, when the bare Earth, till then Desert and bare, unsightly, unadorn'd, Brought forth the tender grass, whose verdure clad 315 Her universal face with pleasant green; Then herbs of every leaf, that sudden flower'd ŧ Opening their various colours, and made gay Her bosom, smelling sweet : and, these scarce blown, Forth flourish'd thick the clustering vine, forth crept The swelling gourd, up stood the corny reed 321 Embattled in her field, and the humble shrub, And bush with frizzled hair implicit : last Rose, as in dance, the stately trees, and spread Their branches hung with copieus fruit, or gemm'd 395 14 *

B. VIL

Their blossoms : with high woods the hills were crown'd; With tufts the valleys, and each fountain side; With borders long the rivers : the Earth now Seem'd like to Heaven, a seat where Gods might dwell, Or wander with delight, and love to haunt 330 Her sacred shades : though God had yet not rain'd Upon the Earth, and man to till the ground None was; but from the Earth a dewy mist Went up, and water'd all the ground, and each Plant of the field ; which, ere it was in the Earth, 335 God made, and overy herb, before it grew On the green stem : God saw that it was good : So even and morn recorded the third day.

Again the Almighty spake, Let there be lights High in the expanse of Heaven, to divide 340 The day from night; and let them be for signs, For seasons, and for days, and circling years ; And let them be for lights, as I ordain Their office in the firmament of Heaven, To give light on the Earth ; and it was so. 345 And God made two great lights, great for their use To Man, the greater to have rule by day, The less by night, altern ; and made the stars, And set them in the firmament of Heaven To illuminate the Earth, and rule the day 350 In their vicissitude, and rule the.night, And light from darkness to divide. God saw, Surveying his great work, that it was good : For of celestial bodies first the sun A mighty sphere he framed, unlightsome first. 355 Though of ethereal mould : then form'd the moon Globose, and every magnitude of stars, And sow'd with stars the Heaven, thick as a field : Of light by far the greater part he took. Transplanted from her cloudy shrine, and placed 360 In the sun's orb, made porous to receive And drink the liquid light; firm to retain Her gather'd beams, great palace new of light.

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PARADISE LOST.	163
Hither, as to their fountain, other stars Repairing, in their golden urns draw light,	365
And hence the morning planet gilds her horns;	
By tincture or reflection they augment	
Their small peculiar, though from human sight	
So far remote, with diminution seen.	
First in his east the glorious lamp was seen,	370
Regent of day, and all the horizon round	
Invested with bright rays, greund to run	
His longitude through Heaven's high road ; the g	ray
Dawn and the Pleiades before him danced,	
Shedding sweet influence : less bright the moon,	375
But opposite in level'd west was set,	
His mirror, with full face borrowing her light	
From him; for other light she needed none	
In that aspect, and still that distance keeps	
Till night; then in the east her turn she shines,	380
Revolved on Heaven's great axle, and her reign	
With thousand lesser lights dividual holds,	
With thousand thousand stars, that then appear'd	
Spangling the hemisphere : then first adorn'd	
With their bright luminaries that set and rose,	385
Glad evening and glad morn crown'd the fourth d	ay.
And God said, Let the waters generate	
Reptile with spawn abundant, living soul:	
And let fowl fly above the Earth, with wings Display'd on the open firmament of Heaven.	390
And God created the great whales, and each	390
Soul living, each that crept, which plenteously	
The waters generated by their kinds;	
And every bird of wing after his kind ;	ţ
And saw that it was good, and bless'd them, sayir	-
Be fruitful, multiply, and in the seas	396
And lakes and running streams the waters fill;	
And let the fowl be multiplied on the Earth.	
Forthwith the sounds and seas, each creek and ba	Ψ.
With fry innumerable swarm, and shoals	400
Of fish that with their fins and shining scales	
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B. 711

Glide under the green wave, in sculls that oft Bank the mid sea : part single, or with mate, Graze the seaweed their pasture, and through groves Of coral stray; or, sporting with quick glance. 405 Show to the sun their waved coats dropp'd with gold : Or, in their pearly shells at ease, attend Moist nutriment ; or under rocks their food In jointed armour watch : on smooth the seal And bended dolphins play part huge of bulk 410 Wallowing unwieldy, enormous in their gait, Tempest the ocean : there leviathan. Hugest of living creatures, on the deep Stretch'd like a promontory sleeps or swims, And seems a moving land; and at his gills 415 Draws in, and at his trunk spouts out, a sea. Meanwhile the topid caves and fens and shores Their brood as numerous hatch, from the egg that soon Bursting with kindly rupture forth disclosed 419 Their callow young ; but feather'd soon and fledge They summ'd their pens; and, soaring the air sublime, With clang despised the ground, under a cloud In prospect; there the eagle and the stork On cliffs and cedar tops their eyries build : Part loosely wing the region, part more wise 425 In common, ranged in figure, wedge their way, Intelligent of seasons, and set forth Their aery caravan, high over seas Flying, and over lands, with mutual wing Easing their flight; so steers the prudent crane 430 Her annual voyage, borne on winds; the air Floats as they pass, fann'd with unnumber'd plumes : From branch to branch the smaller birds with song Solaced the woods, and spread their painted wings Till even; nor then the solemn nightingale 435 Ceased warbling, but all night tuned her soft lave : Others, on silver lakes and rivers, bathed Their downy breast; the swan with arched neck. Between her white wings mantling proudly, rows

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Her state with oary feet; yet oft they quit The daak, and, rising on stiff pennons, tower The mid aerial sky: others on ground Walk d firm; the crested cock whose clarion sounds The silent hours, and the other whose gay train Adorns him, colour'd with the florid hue Of rainbows and starry eyes. The waters thus With fish replenish'd, and the air with fowl, Evening and morn science the fifth day. The sixth, and of creation last; arose

With evening harps and ristin # when God said. 450 Let the Earth bring forth soul living in her kind. Cattle, and creeping things, and beast of the Earth, Each in their kind. The Earth obey'd, and straight Opening her fertile womb teem'd at a birth Innumerous living creatures, perfect forms. 455 Limb'd and full grown : out of the ground uprose. As from his lair, the wild beast where he wons In forest wild, in thicket, brake, or den ; Among the trees in pairs they rose, they walk'd The cattle in the fields and meadows green : 460 Those rare and solitary, these in flocks Pasturing at once, and in broad herds upsprung. The grassy clods now calved ; now half appear'd The tawny lion, pawing to get free His hinder parts, then springs as broke from bonds, 465 And rampant shakes his brinded mane; the ounce, The libbard, and the tiger, as the mole Rising, the crumbled earth above them threw In hillocks : the swift stag from under ground Bore up his branching head : scarce from his mould 470 Behemoth biggest born of earth upheaved His vastness : fleeced the flocks and bleating rope, As plants : ambiguous between sea and land The river-horse, and scaly crocodile. At once came forth whatever creeps the ground, 475 Insect or worm : those waved their lighter fans For wings, and smallest lineaments exact

3. 711

In all the liveries deck'd of summer's pride With spots of gold and purple, azure and green : These, as a line, their long dimension draw, 480 Streaking the ground with sinuous trace ; not all Minims of nature ; some of serpent kind, Wondrous in length and corpulence, involved Their snaky folds, and added wings. First crept The parsimonious emmet, provident 485 Of future ; in small room large heart enclosed ; Pattern of just equality perhaps Hereafter, joined in her popular tribes Of commonalty : swarming next appear'd The female bee, that feeds her husband drone 490 Deliciously, and builds her waxen cells With honey stored : the rest are numberless, And thou their natures know'st, and gavest them names, Needless to thee repeated ; nor unknown The serpent, subtlest beast of all the field, 495 Of huge extent sometimes, with brazen eyes And hairy mane terrific, though to thee Not noxious, but obedient at thy call, Now Heaven in all her glory shone, and roll'd

Her motions, as the great first Mover's hand 500 First wheel'd their course : Earth in her rich attire Consummate lovely smiled ; air, water, earth, By fowl, fish, beast, was flown, was swum, was walk'd, Frequent; and of the sixth day yet remain'd: 505 There wanted yet the master-work, the end Of all yet done ; a creature, who, not prone And brute as other creatures, but endued With sanctity of reason, might erect His stature, and upright with front serene Govern the rest, self-knowing ; and from thence 510 Magnanimous to correspond with Heaven, But grateful to acknowledge whence his good Descends, thither with heart, and voice, and eyes Directed in devotion, to adore And worship God #unreme, who made him chief 515

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Of all his works: therefore the Omnipotent Eternal Father (for where is not he Present ?) thus to his Son audibly spake :

Let us make now Man in our image, Man In our similitude, and let them rule 52. Over the fish and fowl of sea and air. Beast of the field, and over all the Earth. And every creeping thing that creeps the ground. This said, he form'd thee, Adams thee, O Man, Dust of the ground, and in thy mostrils breathed 525 The breath of life ; in his own image he Created thee, in the image of God Express; and thou becamest a living soul. Male he created thee; but thy consort Female, for race; then bless'd mankind, and said, 530 Be fruitful, multiply, and fill the earth; Subdue it, and throughout dominion hold Over fish of the sea, and fowl of the air, And every living thing that moves on the Earth. Wherever thus created, for no place 535 Is yet distinct by name, thence, as thou know'st, He brought thee into this delicious grove, This garden, planted with the trees of God, Delectable both to behold and taste ; And freely all their pleasant fruit for food 540 Gave thee; all sorts are here that all the Earth yields Variety without end ; but of the tree, Which, tasted, works knowledge of good and evil, Thou mayst not; in the day thou eat'st, thou diest: Death is the penalty imposed; beware, 545 And govern well thy appetite ; lest Sin Surprise thee, and her black attendant Death.

Here finish'd he, and all that he had made View'd, and behold all was entirely good; So even and morn accomplish'd the sixth day; Yet not till the Creator from his work Desisting, though unwearied, up return'd, Up to the Heaven of Heavens, his the had be ;

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Thence to behold this new created world, The addition of his empire, how it show'd 555 In prospect from his throne, how good, how fair, Answering his great idea. Up he rode Follow'd with acclamation, and the sound Symphonious of ten thousand harps, that tuned Angelic harmonies : the earth, the air 560 Resounded (thou remember'st, for thou heard'st.) The heavens and all the constellations rung, The planets in their station listening stood, While the bright pomp ascended jubilant. Open, ye everlasting gates! they sung, 565 Open, ye Heavens! your living doors; let in The great Creator from his work return'd Magnificent, his six days' work, a World ; Open, and henceforth oft ; for God will deirn To visit oft the dwellings of just men, 570 Delighted; and with frequent intercourse Thither will send his winged messengers On errinds of supernal grace. So sung The glosious train ascending : He through Heaven, That open'd wide her blazing portals, led 575 To God's eternal house direct the way; A broad and ample road, whose dust is gold And pavement stars, as stars to thee appear, Seen in the galaxy, that milky way, Which nightly, as a circling zone, thou seest 580 Powder'd with stars. And now on Earth the seventh Evening arose in Eden, for the sun Was set, and twilight from the east came on, Forerunning night ; when at the holy mount Of Heaven's high-seated top, the imperial throne 585 Of Godhead, fix'd for ever firm and sure, The Filial Power arrived, and sat him down With his great Father ; for he also went Invisible, yet staid (such privilege Hath Omnipresence,) and the work crdain'd, б Author and End of all things; and, from work

PARADISE LOST.	169	
Now resting, blessed and hallow'd the seventh da	у,	
As resting on that day from all his work.		
But not in silence holy kept: the harp		
Had work and rested not; the solemn pipe,	595	
And dulcimer, all organs of sweet stop,	•	
All sounds on fret by string or golden wire,		
Temper'd soft tunings, intermix'd with voice		
Choral or unison : of incense clouds,		
Fuming from golden century, hid the mount.	600	
Creation and the six days' acts they sung :		
Great are thy works, Jehovah ! infinite		
Thy power ! what thought can measure thee, or to	nguo	
Relate thee ! Greater now in thy return		
Than from the giant Angels : Thee that day	605	
Thy thunders magnified ; but to create		
Is greater than created to destroy.		
Who can impair thee, Mighty King, or bound		
Thy empire ! Easily the proud attempt	- -	
Of Spirits apostate, and their counsels vairs,	61 0	
Thou hast repelled ; while impiously they though	ji.	• •
Thee to diminish, and from thee withdraw		
The number of thy worshippers. Who secks		
To lessen thee, against his purpose serves	615	
To manifest the more thy might : his evil Thou usest, and from thence createst more good.		
Witness this new-made world, another Heaven		
From Heaven gate not far, founded in view		
On the clear hyaline, the glassy sea;		
Of amplitude almost immense, with stars	620	
Numerous, and every star perhaps a world		
Of destined habitation; but thou know'st		
Their seasons : among these the scat of Men,	-	8
Earth, with her nether ocean circumfused,		- 40
Their pleasant dwelling place. Thrice happy Men	. 625	
And sons of Men, whom God hath thus advanced		
Created in his image, there to dwell		
And worship him; and in reward to rule		
Over his works, on earth, in sea, or air,		
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B. VII.

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And multiply a race of worshippers Holy and just : thrice happy, if they know Their happiness, and persevere upright !

So sung they, and the empyrian rung With hallelujahs: thus was sabbath kept. And thy request think now fulfill'd, that ask'd How first this world and face of things began, And what before thy memory was done From the beginning; that posterity, Inform'd by thee, might know: if else thou seek'st Aught, not surpassing human measure, say. 640

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BOOK VIII.

Adam inquires concerning celestial motions; is doubtfully answer ed, and exhorted to search rather things more worthy of know ledge: Adam assents: and, still desirous to detain Raphael, re lates to him what he remembered since his own creation; his placing in Paradisc; his talk with God concerning solitude and fit society; his first meeting and nuptials with Eve; his discourse with the Angel thereupon: who, after admonitions repeated, departs

THE Angel ended, and in Adam's ear So charming left his voice, that he awhile Thought him still speaking, still stood fix'd to hear; Then, as new waked, thus gratefully replied:

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What thanks sufficient, or what recompense Equal, have I to render thee, divine Historian, who thus largely hast allay'd The thirst I had of knowledge, and vouchsafed This friendly condescension to relate Things, else by me unsearchable ; now heard With wonder, but delight, and, as is due, With glory attributed to the high Creator ! Something yet of doubt remains, Which only thy solution can resolve. When I behold this goodly frame, this world, Of Heaven and earth consisting; and compute Their magnitudes; this Earth, a spot, a grain, An atom, with the firmament compared And all her number'd stars, that seem to roll Spaces incomprehensible (for such Their distance argues, and their swift return Diurnal,) merely to officiate light Round this opacous Earth, this punctual spot,

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179 PARADISE LOST.	TII.
One day and night; in all her vist survey	
seless besides; reasoning I oft admire	25
v Nature wise and frugal could commit	
uch disproportions, with superfluous hand	
so many nobler bodies to create,	
Freater so manifold, to this one use,	
or aught appears, and on their orbs impose	30
uch restless revolution day by day	
epeated; while the sedentary Earth,	
hat better might with far less compass move,	
erved by more noble than herself, attains	
Ier end without least motion, and receives,	35
As tribute, such a sumless journey brought	
Of incorporeal speed, her warmth and light;	
Speed, to describe whose swiftness number fails.	
So spake our sire, and by his countenance seem'	d
Entering on studious thoughts abstruse ; which Ex	
erceiving, where she sat retired in sight,	41
With lowliness majestic from her seat,	
And grace that won who saw to wish her stay,	
ose, and went forth among her fruits and flowers	,
o visit how they prospered, bud and bloom,	45
ler nursery ; they at her coming sprung,	
And, touch'd by her fair tendance, gladlier grew.	
Yet went she not, as not with such discourse	
Delighted, or not capable her ear	
Of what was high : such pleasure she reserved,	50
Adam relating, she sole auditress;	
Her husband the relater she preferr'd	
Before the Angel, and of him to ask	
Chose rather; he, she knew, would intermix	
Grateful digressions, and solve high dispute	55
With conjugal caresses : from his lip	
Not words alone pleased her./ O! when meet now	afer.
Such pairs, in love and mutual honcur join'd ?	1
With goddess-like demeanour forth she went,	
Not unattended ; for on her, as Queen,	60
pomp of winning Graces waited still,	

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PARADISE LOST.	173
And from about her shot darts of desire	
Into all eyes, to wish her still in sight.	
And Raphael now, to Adam's doubt proposed,	
Benevolent and facile thus replied :	65
To ask or search, I blame thee not; for Heaven	
Is as the book of God before thee set,	
Wherein to read his wondrous works, and learn	
His seasons, hours, or days, or months, or years :	
This to attain, whether Heaven move or Earth,	70
Imports not, if thou reckon right; the rest	
From Man or Angel the great Architect	
Did wisely to conceal, and not divulge	
His secrets to be scann'd by them who ought	
Rather admire ; or, if they list to try	75
Conjecture, he his fabric of the Heavens	
Hath left to their disputes, perhaps to move	
His laughter at their quaint opinions wide	
Hereafter ; when they come to model Heaven	
And calculate the stars, how they will wield	80
The mighty frame ; how build, unbuild, contrive	
To save appearances ; how gird the sphere	· -
With centric and eccentric scribbled o'er,	
Cycle and epicycle, orb in orb :	• .
Already by thy reasoning this I guess,	86 🖅 🗝
Who art to lead thy offspring, and supposest	
That bodies bright and greater should not serve	
The less not bright, nor Heaven such journeys ru	n
Earth sitting still, when she alone receives	00
The benefit : Consider first, that great	90
Or bright infers not excellence : the Earth,	
Though, in comparison of Heaven, so small,	
Nor glistering, may of solid good contain	
More plenty than the sun that barren shines ;	95
Whose virtue on itself works no effect, But in the fruitful Karth : there first acceived	00
But in the fruitful Earth ; there first received,	
His beams, unactive else, their vigour find.	
Yet not to earth are those bright luminaries	
Officious; but to thee, Earth's habitant.	

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\$74 PARADISE LOST. VIII. And for the Heaven's wide circuit, let it speak 100 The Maker's high magnificence, who built So spacious, and his line stretch'd out so far : That Man may know he dwells not in his own : An edifice too large for him to fill, 105 Lodged in a small partition; and the rest Ordain'd for uses to his Lord best known. The swiftness of those circles attribute, Though numberless to his Omnipotence. That to corporeal substances could add Speed almost spiritual : Me thou think'st not slow, Who since the morning-hour set out from Heaven 111 Where God resides, and ere mid-day arrived In Eden ; distance inexpressible By numbers that have name. KBut this I urge, Admitting motion in the Heavens, to show Invalid that which thee to doubt it moved; Not that I so affirm, though so it seem To thee who hast thy dwelling here on Earth. God, to remove his ways from human sense, Placed Heaven from Earth so far, that earthly sight If it presume, might err in things too high, 121 And no advantage gain. What if the sun Be centre to the world; and other stars, By his attractive virtue and their own-195 Incited, dance about him various rounds? Their wandering course now high, now low, then hid, Progressive, retrograde, or standing still, In six thou seest ; and what if seventh to these The planet earth, so steadfast though she seem. Insensibly three different motions move ? 130 Which else to several spheres thou must ascribe. Moved contrary with thwart obliquities; Or save the sun his labour, and that swift Nocturnal and diurnal shomb supposed. Invisible else above all stars, the wheel 135 Of day and night ; which needs not thy belief. If earth, industrious of herself, fetch day

Travelling east, and with her part adverse From the sun's beam meet night, her other part Still luminous by his ray. What if that light 140-Sent from her through the wide transpicuous air, To the terrestrial moon be as a star. Enlightening her by day, as she by night This earth? reciprocal, if land be there, Fields, and inhabitants : Her spots thou seest 145 As clouds, and clouds may rain, and rain produce Fruits in her soften'd soil for some to eat Allotted there : and other suns perhaps. With their attendant moons, thou wilt descry, Communicating male and female light ; 150 Which two great sexes animate the world. Stored in each orb perhaps with some that live. For such vast room in Nature unpossess'd By living soul, desert and desolate, Only to shine, yet scarce to contribute 155 Each orb a glimpse of light, convey'd so far Down to this habitable, which returns Light back to them, is obvious to dispute. But whether thus these things, or whether not: Whether the sun, predominant in Heaven, Rise on the earth ; or earth rise on the sun ; He from the east his flaming road begin ; Or she from west her silent course advance, With inoffensive pace that spinning sleeps On her soft anle, while she paces even, 165 And bears theo soft with the smooth air along ; Solicit not thy thoughts with matters hid ; Leave them to God above ; him serve, and fear ! Of other creatures, as him pleases best, Wherever placed, let him dispose ; joy thou 170 In what he gives to thee, this Paradise And thy fair Eve; Heaven is for thee too high To know what passes there; Se lowly wise : Think only what concerns thee, and thy being; Dream not of other worlds, what creatures there 175

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B. VIII.

Live, in what state, condition, or degree ; Contented that thus far hath been reveal'd Not of Earth only, but of highest Heaven.

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To whom thus Adam, clear'd of doubt, replied --189 🕂 How fully hast thou satisfied me, pure Intelligence of Heaven, Angel serene ! And, freed from intricacies, taught to live The easiest way; nor with perplexing thoughts To interrupt the sweet of life, from which God hath bid dwell far off all anxious cares, 185 And not molest us; unless we ourselves Seek them with wandering thoughts and notions vain. But apt the mind or fancy is to rove Uncheck'd, and of her roving is no end; Till warn'd, or by experience taught, she learn, 190 That, not to know at large of things remain From use, obscure and subtle; but, to know That which before us lies in daily life, Is the prime wisdom : What is more is fume. . 195 Or emptiness, or fond impertinence : And renders us, in things that most concern, Unpractised, unprepared, and still to seek. Therefore from this high pitch let us descend A lower flight, and speak of things at hand Useful; whence, haply, mention may arise 200 Of something not unseasonable to ask, By sufferance, and thy wonted favour, deign'de Thee I have heard relating what was done Ere my remembrance : now, hear me relate My story, which perhaps thou hast not heard ; 205 And day is not yet spent; till then thou seest How subtly to detain thee I devise ; Inviting thee to hear while I relate ; Fond ! were it not in hope of thy reply: For, while I sit with thee, I seem in Heaven ; 210 And sweeter thy discourse is to my ear Than fruits of palm tree pleasantest to thirst And hunger both, from labour, at the hour

Of sweet repast : they satiate, and soon fill, Though pleasant; but thy words, with grace divine Imbued, bring to their sweetness no satiety. 216

To whom thus Raphael answer'd heavenly meek : Nor are thy lips ungraceful, Sire of men. Nor tongue ineloquent; for God on thee 220 Abundantly his gifts hath also pour'd Inward and outward both, his image fair : Speaking, or mute, all comeliness and grace Attend thee; and each word, each motion, form; Nor less think we in Heaven of thes on Earth Than of our fellow-servant, and inquire Gladly into the ways of God with Man: For God, we see, hath honour'd thee, and set On Man his equal love : Say therefore on ; For I that day was absent, as befel, Bound on a voyage uncouth and obscure, 230 Far on excursion toward the gates of Hell ;-Squared in full legion (such command we had,) To see that none thence issued forth a spy, Or enemy, while God was in his work ; Lest he, incensed at such eruption bold, 235 Destruction with creation might have miz'd. Not that they durst without his leave attempt ; But us he sends upon his high behests For state, as Sov'reign King; and to inure Our prompt obedience. Fast we found, fast shut 910 The dismal gates, and barricadoed strong ; But long ere our approaching heard within Noise, other than the sound of dance or song, Torment, and loud lament, and furious rage. 945 Glad we return'd up to the coasts of light Ere sabbath-evening : so we had in charge. But thy relation now ; for I attend, Pleased with thy words no less than thou with mine.

So spake the Godlike Power, and thus our Sire : For Man to tell how human life began 260 Is hard : for who himself beginning knew?

B. VIII.

Desire with thee still longer to converse Induced me. As new waked from soundest sleep. Soft on the flowery herb I found me laid, In balmy sweat; which with his beams the sun, 255 Soon dried, and on the reeking moisture fed Straight toward Heaven my wondering eyes I turn'd, And gazed awhile the ample sky; till, raised By quick instinctive motion, up I sprung, As thitherward endeavouring, and upright 260 Stood on my feet : about me round I saw Hill, dale, and shady woods, and sunny plains, And liquid lapse of murmuring streams ; by these Creatures that lived and moved, and walk'd, or flew : Birds on the branches warbling; all things smiled ; With fragrance and with joy my heart o'erflow'd. 266 Myself I then perused, and limb by limb Survey'd, and sometimes went, and sometimes ran With supple joints, as lively vigour led : But who I was, or where, or from what cause, 220 Knew not : to speak I tried, and forthwith spake : My tongue obey'd, and readily could name Whate'er I saw. Thou Sun, said I, fair light, And thou enlighten'd Earth, so fresh and gay, Ye Hills, and Dales, ye Rivers, Woods, and Plains, And ye that live and move, fair Creatures, tell, 276 Tell, if ye saw, how I came thus, how here ?-Not of myself ;- -by some great Maker then, In goodness and in power preeminent : Tell me, how may I know him, how adore. 236 From whom I have that thus I move and live, And feel that I am happier than I know.-While thus I call'd, and strayed I knew not whither, From where I first drew air, and first beheld This happy light ; when, answer none return'd, 285 On a green shady bank, profuse of Sowers, Pensive I sat me down : there gentle sloep First found me, and with soft oppression seized My drowsied sense, untroubled, though I thought

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990 I then was passing to my former state Insemable, and forthwith to dissolve . When suddenly stood at my head a dream,. Whose inward apparition gently moved My fancy to believe I yet had being, And lived One came, methought, of danse divine. And said, Thy mansion wants thee, Adam : rise, 296 First Man, of men innumerable ordain'd First Father ! call'd by thee, I come thy guide To the garden of bliss, thy seat prepared. So saying, by the hand he took me raised, 300 And over fields and waters, as in air Smooth sliding without step, last led me up A woody mountain; whose high ton was plain. A circuit wide, enclosed, with goodliest trees Planted, with walks and bowers; that what I saw 305 Of Earth before scarce pleasant seem'd. Each tree, Loaden with fairest fruit that hung to the eye Tempting, stirr'd in me sudden appetite To pluck and eat; whereat I waked, and found 310 · Before mine eves all real, as the dream Had lively shadow'd Here had new begun My wandering, had not he, who was my guide Up hither, from among the trees appear'd, Presence Divine. Rejoicing, but with awe, In adoration at his feet I foll Submiss: He rear'd me, and Whom thou sought'st Said mildly, Author of all this thou seest Above, or round about thee, or beneath. This Paradise I give thee, count it thine 320 To till and seep, and of the fruit to eat : Of every tree that in the garden grows Eat freely with glad heart ; fear hore no dearth But of the tree whose operation brings Knowledge of good and ill, which I have set 365 The pledge of thy obedience and thy faith, Amid the garden by the tree of life, Remember what I warn thee, shun to taste,

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And shun the bitter consequence : for know The day thou eat'st thereof, my sole command Transgress'd, inevitably thou shalt die, 390 From that day mortal; and this happy state Shalt lose, expell'd from hence into a world Of woe and sorrow. Sternly he pronounce The rigid interdiction, which resounds Yet dreadful in mine ear, though in my choice 335 Not to incur; but soon his clear aspect Return'd, and gracious purpose thus renew'd Not only these fair bounds, but all the Earth To thee and to thy race I give ; as lords Possess it, and all things that therein live. 340 Or live in sea, or air ; beast, fish, and fowl. In sign whereof, each bird and beast behold After their kinds; I bring them to receive From thee their names, and pay thee fealty With low subjection : understand the same 345 Of fish within their watery residence. Not hither summon'd, since they cannot change Their element, to draw the thinner air. And thus he spake, each bird and beast behold Approaching two and two ; these cowering low 350 With blandishment ; each bird stoop'd on his wing. I named them as they pass'd, and understood Their nature, with such knowledge God endued My sudden apprehension : But in these I found not what methought I wanted still ; 355 And to the heavenly Vision thus presumed : -O, by what name, for thou above all these. Above mankind, or aught than mankind higher, Surpassest far my naming ; how may I Adore thee, Author of this universe, 360 And all this good to man? for whose well being So amply, and with hands so liberal,

Thou hast provided all things : But with me

I see not who partakes. In solitude What happiness, who can enjoy alone,

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PARADISE LOST.

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Or, all enjoying, what contentment find? Thus I presumptuous; and the Vision bright. As with a smile more brighten'd, thus replied :

What call'st thou solitude ? Is not the Earth With various living creatures, and the air 370 Replenish'd, and all these at thy command To come and play before thee ? Know'st thou not Their language and their ways? They also know. And reason not contemptibly; With these Find vastime, and bear rule : thy realm is large. 375 So spake the Universal Lord, and seem'd So ordering : I, with leave of speech implored, And humble deprecation, thus replied :---

Let not my words offend thee, Heavenly Power, My Maker, be propitious while I speak. 390 Hast thou not made me here thy substitute, And these inferior far beneath me set? Among unequals what society Can sort, what harmony, or true delight? 385 Which must be mutual, in proportion due Given and received ; but, in disparity The one intense, the other still remiss, Cannot well suit with either, but soon prove Tedious alike : of fellowship I speak, 390 Such as I seek, fit to participate All rational delight : wherein the brute Cannot be human consort : They rejoice Each with their kind, lion with lioness; So fitly them in pairs thou hast combined : 305 Much less can bird with beast, or fish with fowl So well converse, nor with the ex the ape ; Worse then can man with beast, and least of all."

Whereto the Almighty answer'd, not displeased : A nice and subtle happiness, I see, 400 Thou to thyself proposest, in the choice Of thy associates, Adam ! and wilt taste No pleasure, though in pleasure, solitary What think'st thou then of me, and this my state 2. 16

PARADISE LOST. 182 7111 Seem I to thee sufficiently possess'd Of happiness, or not? who am alone 405 From all etornity ; for none I know Second to me or like, equal much less. How have I then with whom to hold converse. Save with the creatures which I made, and those To me inferior, infinite descents 410 Beneath what other creatures are to thee? He ceased ; I lowly answer'd : To attain The height and depth of thy eternal ways All human thoughts come short, Supreme of things !" Thou in thyself art perfect, and in thee 415 Is no deficience found : Not so is Man, But in degree ; the cause of his desire 14 By conversation with his like to help Or solace his defects. No need that thou Shouldst propagate, already Infinite; 490 and through all numbers absolute, though One: But Man by number is to manifest 1 af 1 His single imperfection, and beget Like of his like, his image multiplied. In unity defective ; which requires Collateral love, and dearest amity-Thou in thy secrecy although alone, Best with thyself accompanied, seek'st not 71 Social communication; yet, so pleased, Canst raise thy creature to what height thou will 430 Of union or communion, deified : I, by conversing, cannot these erect From prone ; nor in their ways complacence Thus I embolden'd spake, and freedom used 4 Permissive, and acceptance found ; which gain'd 435 This answer from the gracious Voice Divine : Thus far to try thee, Adam, I was pleased ; And find thee knowing, not of beasts alone.

And find thee knowing, not of beasts alone, V'hich thou hast rightly named, but of thyself; Expressing well the spirit within thee free, My image, not imparted to the brute;

Whose tellowship therefore unmeet for thee	
Good reason was thou freely shouldst dislike;	
And be so minded still : I, ere thou spakest,	
Knew it not good for Man to be alone :	445
And no such company as then thou saw'st	
Intended thee; for trial only brought,	
To see how thou couldst judge of fit and meet :	
What next I bring shall please thee, be assured,	
Thy likeness, thy fit help, thy other self,	450
Thy wish exactly to thy heart's desire-	
He ended, or Fheard no more ; for now	
My earthly by his heavenly overpower'd,	
Which it had long stood under, strain'a to the hei	zht
In that celestial colloquy sublime,	455
As with an object that excels the sense	
Dazzled and spent, sunk down; and sought repair	
Of sleep, which instantly fell on me, call'd	
By Nature as in aid, and closed mine eyes.	
Mine eyes, he closed, but open left the cell	460
Of fancy, my internal sight; by which,	
Abstract as in a trance, methought I saw,	
Though sleeping, where I lay, and saw the shape	
Still glorious before whom awake I stood :	
Who stooping open'd my left side, and took	465
from thence a rise with cordial spirits warm,	
And life-blood streaming fresh ; While was the wor	und,
But suddenly with flesh fill'd up and heal'd :	
The rib he form'd and fashion'd with his hands ;-/	-
Under his forming hands a creature grew,	470
Manifike, but different sex ; so lovely fair,	•
That what seem'd fair in all this world, seem'd no	W

Mean, or in her summ'd up, in her contains And in her looks; which from that time infused Sweetness into my limit, unfit before,

And into all things from her air inspired The spirit of love and amorous delight. She disappear'd, and left me dark ; I waked To find her, or for ever to deplore

PARADISE LOST.

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184 PARADISE LOST. 8. TIII. Her loss, and other pleasures ail abjure: 480 When out of hope, behold her, not far off, Such as I saw her in my dream, adorn'd With what all Earth or Heaven could bestow To make her amiable : On she came, Led by her heavenly Maker, though unseen, 485 And guided by his voice; nor uninform'd Of nuptial sanctity and marriage rites : Grace was in all her steps, Heaven in her eye, In every gesture dignity and love. 490 1. overiov'd, could not forbear aloud :-This turn hath made amends ; thou hast fulfill'd Thy words, Creator bounteous and benign. Giver of all things fair ! but fairest this Of all thy gifts ! nor enviest, I now see Bone of my bone, flesh of my flesh, myself 495 Before me : Woman is her name ; of Man Extracted ; for this cause he shall forego Father and mother, and to his wife adhere; And they shall be one flesh, one heart, one soul-She heard me thus: and though divinely brought, Yet innocence, and virgin modesty, 501 Her virtue, and the conscience of her worth, That would be woo'd, and not unsought to be won, Not obvious, not obtrusive, but retired, 505 The more desirable ; or, to say all, Nature herself, though pure of sinful thought, Wrought in her so, that seeing me she turn'd : I follow'd her : she what was honour knew. And with obsequious majesty approved My pleaded reason. To the nuptial bower 510 I led her blushing like the morn : All Heaven And happy constellations on that hour Shed their selectest influence; the Earth Gave sign of gratulation, and each hill ; Joyous the birds; fresh gales and gentle airs 515 Whisper'd it to the woods, and from their wings Flung rose, flung odours from the spicy shrub,

Disporting, till the amorous bird of night Sung spousal, and bid haste the evening star On his hill top, to light the bridal lamp.

Thus have I told thee all my state, and brought My story to the sum of earthly bliss, Which I enjoy ; and must confess to find In all things else delight indeed, but such As, used or not, works in the mind no change, 525 Nor vehement desire ; these dolicacies I mean of taste, sight, smell, herbs, fruits, and flowers, Walks, and the melody of birds : but here Far otherwise, transported I behold, Transported touch ; here passion first I felt. 530 Commotion strange ! in all enjoyments else Superior and unmoved; here only weak Against the charm of Beauty's powerful glance. Or Nature fail'd in me, and left some part Not proof enough such object to sustain ; 536 Or, from my side subducting, took perhaps More than enough; at least on her bestow'd Too much of ornament, in outward show Elaborate, of inward less exact. For well I understand in the prime end **54**0 Of Nature her the inferior, in the mind And inward faculties, which most excel; In outward also her resembling less His image who made both, and less expressing The character of that dominion given 545 O'er other creatures: Yet when I approach Her loveliness, so absolute she seems And in herself complete, so well to know Her own, that what she wills to do or say Seems wisest, virtuousest, discreetest, best : . 559 All higher knowledge in her presence falls Degraded; Wisdom in discourse with her Luses discountenanced, and like felly shows . Authority and Reason on her wait,

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As one intended first, not after made Occasionally; and, to consummate all, Greatness of mind and nobleness their seat Build in her loveliest, and create an awe About her, as a guard angelic placed

To whom the Angel with contracted brow: 569 Accuse not Nature, she hath done her part : Do thou but thino; and be not diffident Of Wisdom; she deserts thee not, if thou Dismiss not her, when most thou need'st her migh; By attributing overmuch to things 565 Less exclient, as thou thyself perceivest. For, what admirest thou, what transports there ao? An outside? fair, no doubt, and worthy well Thy cherishing, thy honouring, and thy love; Not thy subjection ; Weigh with her thyself ; 570 Then value : Ofttimes nothing profits more Than self-esteem, grounded on just and right Well managed ; of that skill the more thou know'st. The more she will acknowledge thee her head, And to realities yield all her shows: 575 Made so adorn for thy delight the more, So awful, that with honour thou mayst love Thy mate, who sees when thou art seen least wise. But if the sense of touch, whereby manking Is propagated, seem such dear delight 580 Beyond all other ; think the same vouchsafed To cattle and each beast ; which would not be To them made common and divulged, if aught Therein enjoy'd were werthy to subdue The soul of man, or passion in him move. 585 What higher in her society thou find'st Attractive, human, rational, love still; In loving thon dost well, in passion not, Wherein true love consists not : Love refines The thoughts, and heart enlarges ; hath his seat 596 in reason and is judicious ; is the scale

PARADISE LOST.	187	
By which to heavenly love thou mayst ascend,		
Not sunk in carnal pleasure; for which cause,		•
Among the beasts no mate for thee was found.		
To whom thus, half abash'd, Adam replied :	595 -	
Neither her outside form'd so fall, ner aught		
In procreation common to all kinds		
(Though higher of the genial bed by far,		
And with mysterious reverence I deem.)		
So much delights me, as those graceful acts,	600	
Those thousand decencies, that daily flow		
From all her words and actions mix'd with love		
And sweet compliance, which declare unfeign'd		
Union of mind, or in us both one soul;		
Harmony to behold in wedded pair	605	
More grateful than harmonious sound to the ear.		
Yet these subject not; I to thee disclose	-	
What inward thence I feel, not therefore foil'd,		
Who meet with various objects, from the sense		
Variously representing; yet still free,	610	
Approve the best, and follow what I approve.		
To love thou blamest me not; for Love, thou sa	v'st.	
Leads up to Heaven, is both the way and guide		
Bear with me then, if lawful what I ask :		
Love not the heavenly Spirits, and how their low	re 615	
Express they ? by looks only ? or do they mix	-	
Irradiance, virtual or immediate touch?		
To whom the Angel, with a smile that glow'd		».
Celestial rosy red, Love's proper hue,		··
Answer'd: Let it suffice thee that thou know'st	620	
Us happy, and without love no happiness		
Whatever pure thou in the body enjoy'st		
And pure thou wert created,) we enjoy		
In eminence; and obstacle find none		
Of membrane, joint, or limb, exclusive bars;	625	
Easier than air with air, if Spirits embrace,		
Total they mix, union of pure with pure		
Desiring, nor restrain'd conveyance need,		
As flesh to mix with flesh, or soul with soul.		

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But I can now no more; the parting sun 630 Beyond the Earth's green Capy and verdant Isles Hesperian sets, my signal to depart. Be strong, live happy, and love ! But, first of all, Him, whom to love is to obey, and keep His great command : take heed lest passion sway 635 Thy judgment to do aught, which else fiee will . Would not admit: thine, and of all thy sons, The weal or woe in thee is placed : beware ! I in thy persevering shall rejoice, And all the bless'd : Stand fast; to stand or fall 640 Free in thine own arbitrement it lies. Perfect within, no outward aid require : And all temptation to transgress repel.

So saying, he arose; whom Adam thus Follow'd with benediction. Since to part, Go, heavenly guest, ethereal Messenger. Sent from whose sov'reign goodness 1 adore! Gentle to me and affable hath been Thy condescension, and shall be honour'd ever With grateful memory: Thou to mankind Be good and friendly still, and oft return! So parted they; the Angel up to Heaven

From the thick shade, and Adam to his bower

BOOK IX.

Satan, having compassed the Earth, with meditated guile returns, as a mist, by night into Paradise; enters into the Serpent sleep-ing. Adam and Eve in the morning go forth to their labours, which Eve proposes to divide in several places, each labouring apart: Adam consents not; alleging the danger, lest that enemy, of whom they were forewarned, should attempt her found alone; Eve, loath to be though to to circumspect ar firm enough, urges her going apart, the rather desirous to make trial of her strength; Adam to be the iddu' The Sarcent find her above the subtlagance. Adam at last yields: The Serpent finds her alone; his subtle approach, first gazing, then speaking; with much flattery extolling Eve above all other creatures. Eve, wondering to hear the Ser-pent speak, asks how ho attained to human speech and such understanding not till now; the Serpent answers, that by tasting of a certain tree in the garden he attained both to speech and reason, till then void of both: Eve requires him to bring her to that tree, and finds it to be the tree of knowledge forbidden: The Serpent, now grown bolder, with many wiles and arguments, in-duces her at length to eat ; she, pleased with the taste, deliberates him of the fruit; relates what persuaded her to eat thereof; Adam, at first amazed, but perceiving her lost, resolves, through vehemence of love, to perish with her: and extenuating the tree-pass, ents also of the fruit; The effects thereof in them beth; they seek to cover their nakedness; then fall to variance and accusation of one another.

No more of talk where God or Angel guest . With Man, as with his friend, familiar used, To sit indulgent, and with him partake Rural repast; permitting him the while Venial discourse unblamed. I now must change Those notes to tragic ; foul distrust, and breach Disloyal on the part of Man, revolt, And disobedience : on the part of Heaven, Now alienated, distance and distaste. Anger and just rebuke, and judgment given. 10 That brought into this world a world of woe. Sin and her shadow Death, and misery. Death's harbinger : sad task ! yet argument Not less but more heroic than the wrath Of stern Achilles on his foe pursued 15

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B. 11. Thrice fugitive about Troy wall; or rage Of Turnus for Lavinia disespoused; Or Neptune's ire, or Juno's, that so long Perplex'd the Greek, and Cytherea's son ; If answerable style I can obtain 90 Of my celestial patroness, who deigns Her nightly visitation unimplored, And dictates to me slumbering ; or inspires Easy my unpremeditated verse : Since first this subject for heroic song 25 Pleased me long choosing, and beginning late ; Not sedulous by nature to indite Wars, hitherto the only argument Heroic deem'd; chief mastery to dissect With long and tedious havoc fabled knights 30 In battles feign'd ; the better fortitude Of patience and heroic martyrdom Unsung ; or to describe races and games, Or tilting furniture, imblazon'd shields. Impresses quaint, caparisons and steeds, 35 Bases and tinsel trappings, gorgeous knights At joust and tournament ; then marshal'd feast Served up in hall with sewers and seneshals; The skill of artifice or office mean. Not that which justly gives heroic name To person or to poem. Me, of these Nor skill'd nor studious, higher argument Remains : sufficient of itself to raise That name, unless an age too late, or cold Climate, or years, damp my intended wing 45 Depress'd; and much they may, if all be mine, Not hers, who brings it nightly to my ear The sun was sunk, and after him the star

Of Hesperus, whose office is to bring Twilight upon the earth, short arbiter 50 "Twixt day and night, and now from end to end Night's hemisphere had veil'd the horizon round . When Satan, who late fled before the threats

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Of Gabriel out of Eden, now improved In meditated fraud and malice, bent 55 On Man's destruction, maugre what might hap Of heavier on himself, fearless return'd. By night he fled, and at midnight return'd From compassing the earth ; cautious of day, Since Uriel, regent of the sun, descried 60 His entrance, and forewarn'd the Cherubim That kept their watch ; thence full of anguish driven, The space of seven continued nights he rode With darkness; thrice the equinoctial line He circled ; four times cross'd the car of night. 65 From pole to pole, travérsing each colure ; On the eighth return'd; and, on the coast averse From entrance or cherubic watch, by stealth Found unsuspected way. There was a place, Now not, though sin, not time, first wrought the change, Where Tigris, at the foot of Paradise, 71 Into a gulf shot under ground, till part Rose up a fountain by the tree of life In with the river sunk, and with it rose Satan, involved in rising mist ; then sought 75 Where to lie hid; sea he had search'd, and land, From Eden over Pontus and the pool Mæotis, up beyond the river Ob; Downward as far antarc'ic; and in length, West from Orontes to the ocean barr'd 80 At Darien : thence to the land where flows Ganges and Indus: 'Thus the orb he roam'd With narrow search; and with inspection deep Consider'd every creature, which of all Most opportune might serve his wiles; and found 85 The Serpent subtlest beast of all the field. Him after long debate, irresoluté Of thoughts revolved, his final sentence chose Fit vessel, fittest imp of fraud, in whom To enter, and his dark suggestions hide 90 From sharpest sight · for, in the wily snake

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Whatever sleights, none would suspicious mark, As from his wit and native subtlety Proceeding; which, in other beasts observed, Doubt might beget of diabolic power Active within, beyond the sense of brute. Thus he resolved, but first from inward grief His bursting passion into plaints thus pour'd

O Earth, how like to Heaven, if not preferr'd More justly, seat worthier of Gods, as built 100 With second thoughts, reforming what was old ! For what God, after better, worse would build ? Terrestrial Heaven, danced round by other Heavens That shine, yet bear their bright officious lamps. Light above light, for thee alone, as seems, 105 In thee concentring all their precious beams Of sacred influence ! As God in Heaven Is centre, yet extends to all; so thou, Centring, receivest from all those orbs: in thee Not in themselves, all their known virtue appears 110 Productive in herb, plant, and nobler birth Of creatures animate with gradual life Of growth, sense, reason, all summ'd up in Man. With what delight could I have walk'd thee round. If I could joy in aught, sweet interchange 115 Of hill, and valley, rivers, woods, and plains, Now land, now sea, and shores with forest crown'd, Rocks, dens, and caves! But I in none of these Find place or refuge ; and the more I see Pleasures about me, so much more I feel 120 Torment within me, as from the hateful siege Of contraries: all good to me becomes Bane, and in Heaven much worse would be my state. But neither here seek I, no nor in Heaven To dwell, unless by mastering Heaven's Supreme Nor hope to be myself less miserable By what I seek, but others to make such As I, though thereby worse to me redound: For only in destroying I find ease

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B. IX.

PARADISE LOST.	193
To my relentless thoughts; and, him destroy'u, Or won to what may work his utter loss, For whom all this was made, all this will soon Follow, as to him link'd in weal or woe; In woe then; that destruction wide may range:	130
To me shall be the glory sole among The infernal Powers, in one day to have marr'd What he, Almighty styled, six nights and days Continued making; and who knows how long Before had been contriving? though perhaps	135
Not longer since than I, in one night, freed From servitude inglorious well nigh half The angelic name, and thinner left the throng Of his adorers : He, to be avenged, And to repair his numbers thus impair'd,	140
Whether such virtue spent of old now fail'd More Angels to create, if they at least Are his created, or, to spite us more, Determined to advance into our room A creature form'd of earth, and him endow,	
Exalted from so base original, With heavenly spoils, our spoils. What he decree He effected; Man he made, and for him built Magnificent this world, and earth his seat, Him lord pronounced; and, O indignity!	
Subjected to his service angel-wings, And flaming ministers to watch and tond Their earthly charge : Of these the vigilance I dread; and, to el ide, thus wrapp'd in mist Of midnight vapour glide obscure, and pry	155
In every bush and brake, where hap may find The serpent sleeping; in whose mazy folds To hide me, and the dark intent I bring. O foul descent! that I, who erst contended With Gods to sit the highest, an new constrain'd	160
Into a beast ; and, mix'd with bestial slime, This essence to incarnate and imbrute, That to the height of Deity aspired ' 17	165

But what will not ambition and revenge Descend to? Who aspires must down as low As high he soar'd; obnoxious, first or last, 170 To basest things. Revenge, at first though sweet. Bitter ere long, back on itself recoils Let it; I reck not, so it light well aim'd, Since higher I fall short, on him who next Provokes my envy, this new favourite 175 Of Heaven, this man of clay, son of despite, Whom, us the more to spite, his Maker raised From dust : Spite then with spite is best repaid.

So saying, through each thicket dank or dry, 180 Like a black mist low-creeping, he held on His midnight search, where soonest he might find The serpent : him fast sleeping soon he found In labyrinth of many a round self-roll'd, His head the midst, well stored with subtile wiles. Not yet in horrid shade or dismal den, 185 Nor nocent yet; but, on the grassy herb. Fearless unfear'd he slept : in at his mouth The Devil enter'd ; and his brutal sense, In heart or head, possessing, soon inspired With act intelligential; but his sleep 190 Disturb'd not, waiting close the approach of morn Now, when as sacred light began to dawn In Eden on the humid flowers, that breathed Their morning incense, when all things that breathe, From the Earth's great altar send up silent praise 195 To the Creator, and his nostrils fill With grateful smell, forth came the human pair, And join'd their vocal worship to the choir Of creatures wanting voice; that done, partake The season, prime for sweetest scents and airs : 200 Then commune, how that day they best may ply Their growing work : for much their work outgrew The hands' despatch of two gardening so wide, And Eve first to her husband thus began : 906

Adam, well may we labour still to dress

This garden, still to tend plant, herb, and flower, Our pleasant task enjoin'd ; but, till more hands Aid us, the work under our labour grows, Luxurious by restraint; what we by day 210 Lop overgrown, or prune, or prop, or bind, One night or two with wanton growth derides, Tending to wild. Thou therefore now advise, Or bear what to my mind first thoughts present: Let us divide our labours : thou, where choice Leads thee, or where most needs, whether to wind 215 The woodbine round this arbour, or direct The clasping ivy where to climb; while I, In yonder spring of roses intermix'd With myrtle, find what to redress till noen : For, while so near each other thus all day 220 Our task we choose, what wonder if, so near, Looks intervene and smiles, or object new Casual discourse draw on ; which intermits Our day's work, brought to little, though begun Early, and the hour of supper comes unearn'd2 -225

To whom mild answer Adam thus return'd : Sole Eve, associate sole, to me beyond Compare above all living creatures dear ! Well hast thou motion'd, well thy thoughts employ'd. How we might best fulfil the work which here 230 God hath assign'd us; nor of me shalt pass Unpraised : for nothing lovelier can be found In woman, than to study household good, And good works in her husband to promote. 235 Yet not so strictly hath our Lord imposed Labour, as to debar us when we need Refreshment, whether food or talk between, Food of the mind, or this sweet intercourse Of looks and smiles; for smiles from reason flow. To brute denied, and are of love the food . 240 Love, not the lowest end of human life. For not to irksome toil, but to delight, He made us, and delight to reason join'd.

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These paths and bowers doubt not but our joint has Will keep from wilderness with case, as wide As we need walk, till younger hands ere long Assist us: but, if much converse perhaps Thee satiate, to short absence I could yield: For solitude sometimes is best society,	12. Inds 245
And short retirement urges sweet return. But other doubt possesses me, lest harm Befal thee sever'd from me; for thou know'st What hath been warn'd us, what malicious foe Envying our happiness, and of his own	250
Despairing, seeks to work us woe and shame By sly assault ; and somewhere nigh at hand Watches, no doubt, with greedy hope to find His wish and best advantage, us asunder ; Hopeless to circumvent us join'd, where each	255
To other speedy aid might lend at need : Whother his first design be to withdraw Our fealty from God, or to disturb Conjugal love, than which perhaps no bliss Enjoy'd by us excites his envy more ;	960
Or this, or worse, leave not the faithful side That gave thee being, still shades thee, and protec The wife, where danger or dishonour lurks, Safest and seemliest by her husband stays, Who guards her, or with her the worst endures.	265 ts
To whom the virgin majesty of Eve, As one who loves, and some unkindness meets. With sweet austere composure thus replied Offspring of Heaven and Earth, and all Earth's La That such an enemy we have, who seeks	970 ord:
	27 5
To God or thee, because we have a foe May tempt it, I expected not to hear.	280

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His violence thou fear'st not, being such As we, not capable of death or pain, Can either not receive, or can repel. His fraud is then thy fear; which plain infers Thy equal fear, that my firm faith and love Can by his fraud be shaken or seduced; Thoughts, which how found they harbour in thy breast, Adam, misthought of her to thee so dear?

Jo whom with healing words Adam replied 290 Daughter of God and Man, immortal Eve! For such thou art : from sin and blame entire : Not diffident of thee do I dissuade ÷. Thy absence from my sight, but to avoid The attempt itself, intended by our foe. 295 For he who tempts, though in vain, at least asperses The tempted with dishonour foul; supposed Not incorruptible of faith, not proof Against temptation : thou thyself with scorn And anger wouldst resent the offer'd wrong, 300 Though ineffectual found : misdeem not then, If such affront I labour to avert From thee alone, which on us both at once The enemy, though bold, will hardly dare ? Or daring, first on me the assault shall light- - 305 Nor thou his malice and false guile contemn; Sabtle he needs must be, who could seduce Angels; nor think superfluous others' aid. I, from the influence of thy looks, receive Access in every virtue; in thy sight 310 More wise, more watchful, stronger, if need were Of outward strength ; while shame, thou looking cn. Shame to be overcome or overreach'd, Would utmost vigour raise, and raised unite. Why shculdst not thou like sense within thee feel 315 When I am present, and thy trial choose With me, best witness of thy virtue tried ? So spake domestic Adam in his care

And matrimonial love; but Eve who thought

198 PARADISE LOST.	3. 1X
Less attributed to her faith sincere,	829
Thus her reply with accent sweet renew'd :	
If this be our condition, thus to dwell	
In narrow circuit straiten'd by a foe,	
Subtle or violent, we not endued	
Single with like defence, wherever met ;	325
How are we happy, still in fear of harm?	
But harm precedes not sin : only our foe,	
Tempting, affronts us with his foul esteem	
Of our integrity : his foul esteem	
Sticks no dishonour on our front, but turns	´ 33 0
Foul on himself; then wherefore shunn'd or	fear'd
By us? who rather double honour gain	
From his surmise proved false ; find peace v	
Favour from Heaven, our witness, from the	over
And what is faith, love, virtue, unassay'd	335
Alone, without exterior help sustain'd ?	
Let us not then suspect our happy state	
Left so imperfect by the Maker wise,	
As not secure to single or combined.	
Frail is our happiness, if this be so,	340
And Eden were no Eden, thus exposed.	
To whom thus Adam fervently replied :	
O Woman, best are all things as the will	
Of God ordain'd them : His creating hand	
Nothing imperfect or deficient left	345
Of all that he created, much less Man,	
Or aught that might his happy state secure,	
Secure from outward force ; within himself	
The danger lies, yet lies within his power:	
Against his will he can receive no harm.	350
But God left free the will; for what obeys	
Reason, is free; and Reason he made right,	
But bid her well beware, and still erect ;	
Lest, by some fair-appearing good surprised,	
She dictate false ; and misinform the will To do what God expressly both forbid	355
To do what God expressly hath forbid.	•
Not then mistrust, but tender love, enjoins,	

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	PARADISE LOST.	199
	That I should mind these oft ; and mind thou me,	
	Firm we subsist, yet possible to swerve;	
	Since Reason not impossibly may meet	360
	Some specious object by the foe suborn'd,	
	And fall into deception unaware,	
	Not keeping strictest watch, as she was warn'd.	
	Seek not temptation then, which to avoid	~
	Were better, and most likely if from me	365
	Thou sever not : trial will come unsought	
	Wouldst thou approve thy constancy, approve	
	First thy obedience ; the other who can know,	
	Not seeing thee attempted, who attest ?	
	But, if thou think, trial unsought may find	370
	Us both securer than thus warn'd thou seem'st,	
	Go; for thy stay, not free, absents thee more;	
	Go in thy native innocence, rely	
	On what thou hast of virtue; summon all !	
	For God towards thee hath done his part : do thin So spake the patriarch of mankind ; but Eve	e. 375
	Persisted ; yet submiss, though last, replied :	
	With thy permission then, and thus forewarn'd Chiefly by what thy own last reasoning words	
•	Touch'd only; that our trial, when least sought,	
		380
	The willinger I go, nor much expect	
	A foe so proud will first the weaker seek ;	
	So bent, the more shall shame him his repulse.	
	Thus saying, from hor husband's hand her hand	
	Soft she withdrew ; and, like a Woodnymph light,	386
	Oread or Dryad, or of Delia's train,	
	Betook her to the groves ; but Delia's self	1
	In gait surpass'd, and goddesslike deport,	•
	Though not as she with bow and quiver arm'd,	
	But with such gardening tools as Art yet rude,	390
	Guiltless of fire, had form'd, or Angels brought.	
	To Pales, or Pomona, thus adorn'd,	
	Likest she seem'd, Pomona when she fled	
	Vertumnus, or to Ceres in her prime,	

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900 PARADISE LOST 1. IX. Yet virgin of Proserpina from Jove. 395 Her long with ardent look his eye pursued Delighted, but desiring more her stay. Of he to her his charge of quick return Repeated ; she to him as oft engaged To be feturn'd by noon amid the bower, 488 And all things in best order to invite Noontide repast, or afternoon's repose. O much deceived, much failing, hapless Eve, Of thy presumed return ! event perverse ! Thou never from that hour in Paradise 405 Found'st either sweet repast or sound repose ; Such ambush, hid among sweet flowers and shades. Waited with hellish rancour imminent To intercept thy way, or send thee back Despoil'd of innocence, of faith, of bliss ! 410 For now, and since first break of dawn, the Fiend. Mere serpent in appearance, forth was come; And on his quest, where likeliest he might find The only two of mankind, but in them The whole included race, his purposed prev. 415 In bower and field he sought, where any tuft Of grove or garden plot more pleasant lay, Their tendance, or plantation for delight: By fountain or by shady rivulet He sought them both, but wish'd his hap might find Eve separate ; he wish'd, but not with hope 491 Of what so seldom chanced ; when to his wish, Beyond his hope, Eve separate he spies, Veil'd in a cloud of fragrance, where she stood, Half spied, so thick the roses blushing round 495 About her glow'd, oft stooping to support Each flower of slender stalk, whose head, though gay Carnation, purple, azure, or speck'd with gold, Hung drooping unsustain'd; them she upstays Gently with myrtle band, mindless the while 430 Herself, though fairest unsupported flower, From her best prop so far, and storm so nigh.

PARADISE LOST.	201
Nearer he drew, and many a walk travérsed Of stateliest covert, cedar, pine, or palm ;	
Then voluble and bold, now hid, now seen,	435
Among thick-woven arborets, and flowers	
Embroider'd on each bank, the hand of Eve:	
Spot more delicious than those gardens feign'd	
Or of revived Adonis, or renown'd	
Alcinous, host of old Laertes' son;	440
Or that, not mystic, where the sapient king	
Held dalliance with his fair Egyptian spouse.	
Much he the place admired, the person more.	
As one who long in populous city pent,	
Where houses thick and sewers annoy the air,	445
Forth issuing on a summer's morn, to breatho	
Among the pleasant villages and farms	
Adjoin'd, from each thing met conceives delight ;	121 1 2 Ft
The smell of grain, or tedded grass, or kine,	
Or dairy, each rural sight, each rural sound ;	450
If chance, with nymphlike step, fair virgin pass,	
 What pleasing seem'd, for her now pleases more; 	
She most, and in her look sums all delight :	
Such pleasure took the Serpent to behold	
This flowery plat, the sweet recess of Eve,	455
Thus early, thus alone :. her heavenly form	
Angelic, but more soft and feminine,	
Her graceful innocence, her every air	
Of gesture, or least action, overawed	
His malice, and with rapine sweet bereaved	460
His fierceness of the fierce intent it brought;	
That space the Evil One abstracted stood	
From his own evil, and for the time remain'd	
Stupidly good; of enmity disarm'd,	
Of guile, of hate, of envy, of revenge:	465
But the hot Hell that always in him burns,	
Though in mid Heaven, soon ended his delight,	
And tortures him now more, the more he sees	
Of pleasure, not for him ordain'd : then soon	

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B. 11.

Fierce hate he recollects, and all his thoughts 470 Of mischief, gratulating, thus excites. Thoughts, whither have ye led me ! with what sweet Compulsion thus transported, to forget What hither brought us! hate, not love ; nor hope Of Paradise for Hell, hope here to taste 475 Of pleasure ; but all pleasure to destroy. Save what is in destroying ; other joy To me is lost. Then, let me not let pass Occasion which now smiles: behold alone The woman, opportune to all attempts. 480 Her husband, for I view far round, not nigh, Whose higher intellectual more I shun. And strength, of courage haughty, and of limb Heroic built, though of terrestrial mould ; Foe not informidable ! exempt from wound. 495 I not; so much hath Hell debased, and pain Enfeebled me, to what I was in Heaven. She fair, divinely fair, fit love for Gods ! Not terrible, though terror be in love And beauty, not approach'd by stronger hate. 490 Hate stronger, under show of love well feign'd ; The way which to her ruin now I tend So spake the enemy of mankind, enclosed In serpent, inmate bad ! and toward Eve 495

In serpent, inmate bad : and toward Eve Address'd his way: not with indented wave, 495 Prone on the ground, as since ; but on his rear, Circular base of rising folds, that tower'd Fold above fold, a surging maze ! his head Crested aloft, and carbuncle his eyes; With burnish'd neck of verdant gold, erect 500 Amidst his circling spires, that on the grass Floated redundant : pleasing was his shape And lovely ; never since of serpent-kind Lovelier, not those that in Illyria changed, Hermione and Cadmus, or the god 505 In Epidaurus ; nor to which transform'd

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Ammonian Jove, or Capitoline, was seen ; He with Olympias; this with her who bore Scipio, the height of Rome. With tract oblique 510 At first, as one who sought access, but fear'd To interrupt, sidelong he works his way, As when a ship, by skilful steersmen wrought Nigh river's mouth or foreland, where the wind Veers oft, as oft so steers, and shifts her sail: So varied he, and of his tortuous train 515 Curl'd many a wanton wreath in sight of Eve, To lure her eye ; she, busied, heard the sound Of rustling leaves, but minded not, as used To such disport before her through the field, From every beast ; more duteous at her call 520 Than at Circean call the herd disguised. He, bolder now, uncall'd before her stood, But as in gaze admiring : of he bow'd His turret crest, and sleek enamel neck, Fawning; and lick'd the ground whereon she trod. 525 His gentle dumb expression turn'd at length The eye of Eve to mark his play: he, glad Of her attention gain'd, with serpent-tongue Organic, or impulse of vocal air. His fraudulent temptation thus began : 530 Wonder not, sov'reign Mistress, if perhaps Thou canst, who art sole wonder ! much less arm

Thy looks, the Heaven of mildness, with disdain. Displeased that I approach thee thus, and gaze Insatiate ; I thus single ; nor have fear'd 535 Thy awful brow, more awful thus retired. Fairest resemblance of thy Maker fair. Thee all things living gaze on, all things thine By gift, and thy celestial beauty adore With ravishment beheld ! there best beheld, 540 Where universally admired; but here In this enclosure wild, these beasts among. Beholders rude, and shallow to discern Half what in thee is fair, one man except,

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Who sees thee? (and what is one?) who should be seen A Goddess among Gods, adored and served 546 By Angels numberless, thy daily train.

So glozed the Tempter, and his proem tuned: Into the heart of Eve his words made way, Though at the voice much marveling; at length 550 Not unamazed, she thus in answer spake:

What may this mean? language of man pronounced By tongue of brute, and human sense express'd ? The first, at least, of these I thought denied To beasts ; whom God, on their creation-day. 555 Created mute to all articulate sound : The latter I demur; for in their looks Much reason, and in their actions, oft appears. Thee, Scrpent, subtlest beast of all the field I knew, but not with human voice endued : 560 Redouble then this miracle, and say, How camest thou speakable of mute, and how To me so friendly grown above the rest Of brutal kind, that daily are in sight? Say, for such wonder claims attention due. 565

To whom the guileful Tempter thus replied 4 Empress of this fair world, resplendent Eve ! Easy to me it is to tell thee all [obev'd: What thou command'st; and right thou shouldst be I was at first as other beasts that graze 570 The trodden herb, of abject thoughts and low, As was my food ; nor aught but food discern'd Or sex, and apprehended nothing high: Till, on a day roving the field, I chanced A goodly tree far distant to behold 575 Loaden with fruit of fairest colours mix'd. Ruddy and gold : I nearer drew to gaze ; When from the boughs a savoury odour blown, Grateful to appetite, more pleased my sense Than smell of sweetest fennel, or the teats 580 Of ewe or goat dropping with milk at even, Unsuck'd of lamb or kid, that terd their play.

B. IX.

PARADISE LOST		
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'To satisfy the sharp desire I had Of tasting those fair apples, I resolved Not to defer: hunger and thirst at once. 585 Powerful persuaders, quicken'd at the scent Of that alluring fruit, urged me so keen. About the mossy trunk I wound me soon : For, high from ground the branches would require Thy utmost reach or Adam's: round the tree 590 All other beasts that saw, with like desire Longing and envying stood, but could not reach. Amid the tree now got, where plenty hung Tempting so nigh, to pluck and eat my fill 595 I spared not; for, such pleasure till that hour, At feed or fountain, never had I found. Sated at length, ere long I might perceive Strange alteration in me, to degree Of reason in my inward powers; and speech Wanted not long; though to this shape retain'd 600 Thenceforth to speculations high or deep I turn'd my thoughts, and with capacious mind Consider'd all things visible in Heaven, Or Earth, or Middle ; all things fair and good : But all that fair and good in thy divine 605 Semblance, and in thy beauty's heavenly ray, United I beheld; no fair to thine Equivalent or second ! which compell'd Me thus, though importune perhaps, to come And gaze, and worship thee of right declared 610 Sov'reign of creatures, universal Dame ! So talk'd the spirited sly Snake ; and Eve. Yet more amazed, unwary thus replied : Serpent, thy overpraising leaves in doubt The virtue of that fruit, in thee first proved : 615 But say, where grows the tree? from nence how far? For many are the trees of God that grow In Paradise, and various, yet unknown To us; in such abundance lies our choice,

As leaves a greater store of fruit untouch'd, 020

Still hanging incorruptible, till men Grow up to their provision, and more hands Help to disburden Nature of her birth.

To whom the wily Adder, blithe and glad: Empress, the way is ready, and not long; 625 Beyond a row of myrtles, on a flat, Fast by a fountain, one small thicket pass'd Of blowing myrrh and balm: if thou accept My conduct, I can bring thee thither soon.

Lead then, said Eve. He, leading, swiftly roll'd 630 In tangles, and made intricate seem straight, To mischief swift. Hope elevates, and joy Brightens his crest ; as when a wandering fire, Compact of unctuous vapour, which the night Condenses, and the cold environs round: 635 Kindled through agitation to a flame, Which oft, they say, some evil Spirit attends, Hovering and blazing with delusive light, Misleads the amazed night-wanderer from his way To bogs and mires, and oft through pond or pool; 640 There swallow'd up and lost, from succour far. "So glister'd the dire Snake, and into fraud Led Eve, our credulous mother, to the tree 644 Of prohibition, root of all our woe; Which when she saw, thus to her guide she spake:

Serpent, we might have spared our coming hither, Fruitless to me, though fruit be here to excess, The credit of whose virtue rest with thee; Wondrous indeed, if cause of such effects. But of this tree we may not taste nor touch; God so commanded, and left that command Sole daughter of his voice; the rest, we live Law to ourselves; our reason is our law.

To whom the Tempter guilefully replied: Indeed ! hath God then said that of the fruit 055 Of all these garden-trees ye shall not eat, Yet Lords declared of all in earth or air ?

To whom thus Eve, yet sinless: Of the fruit

8. IX.

PARADISE LOST.	207
	201
Ot each tree in the garden we may eat; But of the fruit of this fair tree amidst	200
	660
The garden, God hath said, Ye shall not eat	n 1.1
Thereof, nor shall ye touch it, lest ye die.	[bold
She scarce had said, though brief, when now	more
The Tempter, but with show of zeal and love	0.05
To Man, and indignation at his wrong,	665
New part puts on; and, as to passion moved,	
Fluctuates disturb'd, yet comely and in act	
Raised, as of some great matter to begin.	
As when of old some orator renown'd,	-
In Athens or free Rome, where eloquence	670
Flourish d, since mute ! to some great cause addr	'ess'd,
Stood in himself collected; while each part,	
Motion, each act won audience ere the tongue :	
Sometimes in height began, as no delay	
Of preface brooking, through his zeal of right :	675
So standing, moving, or to height up grown,	
The Tempter, all impassion'd, thus began:	
O sacred, wise, and wisdom-giving Plant,	
Mother of science ! now I feel thy power	
Within me clear; not only to discern	680
Things in their causes, but to trace the ways	
Of highest agents, deem'd however wise.	
Queen of this universe! do not believe	
Those rigid threats of death : ye shall not die :	
How should you? by the fruit? it gives you life	685
To knowledge; by the threatener ? look on me,	
Me, who have touch'd and tasted ; yet both live,	
And life more perfect have attained than Fate	
Meant me, by venturing higher than my lot.	
Shall that be shut to Man, which to the Beast	690
Is open? or will God incense his ire	
For such a petty trespass? and not praise	
Rather your dauntless virtue, whom the pain	
Of death denounced, whatever thing death be,	
Deterr'd not from achieving what might lead	695
To happier life, knowledge of good and evil	

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208 PARADISE LOST. B. 1X. Of good how just? of evil, if what is evil Be real, why not known, since easier shunn'd? God therefore cannot hurt ye, and be just; Not just; not God; not fear'd then, nor obey'd: 700 Your fear itself of death removes the fear. Why then was this forbid ? Why, but to awe ? Why, but to keep ye low and ignorant His worshippers ? He knows that in the day Ye eat thereof, your eyes that seem so clear. · 705 Yet are but dim, shall perfectly be then Open'd and clear'd, and ve shall be as Gods. Knowing both good and evil, as they know. That ye shall be as Gods, since I as Man, 710 Internal Man. is but proportion meet ; I, of brute, human; ye, of human, Gods. So ve shall die perhaps, by putting off Human, to put on Gods; death to be wish'd. Though threaten'd, which no worse than this can bring. And what are Gods, that Man may not become 715 As they, participating Godlike food ? The Gods are first, and that advantage use On our belief, that all from them proceeds . I question it; for this fair earth I see. Warm'd by the sun, producing every kind; 720 Them, nothing : if they all things, who enclosed Knowledge of good and evil in this tree. That whose eats thereof forthwith attains Wisdom without their leave ? and wherein lies The offence, that Man should thus attain to know? What can your knowledge hurt him, or this tree 796 Impart against his will, if all be his? Or is it envy? and can envy dwell In heavenly breasts ?- These, these, and many more Causes import your need of this fair fruit. 730 Goddess humane, reach then, and freely taste ! He ended ; and his words, replete with guile,

Into her heart too easy entrance won ; Fix'd on the fruit she gazed, which to behold

PARADISE LOST	209
Might tempt alone; and in her ears the sound	735
Yet rung of his persuasive words, impregn'd	
With reason to her seeming, and with truth :	
Meanwhile the hour of noon drew on, and wake	d .
An eager appetite, raised by the smell	•
So savoury of that fruit, which with desire,	740
Inclinable now grown to touch or taste,	
Solicited her longing eye ; yet first	
Pausing awhile, thus to herself she mused:/-	
Great are thy virtues, doubtless, best of fruit	8,
Though kept from man, and worthy to be admi	rod ;
Whose taste, too long forborne, at first essay	746
Gave elocution to the mute, and taught	
The tongue not made for speech to speak thy p	raise :
Thy praise he also, who forbids thy use,	•
Conceals not from us, naming thee the tree 🥣	750
Of knowledge, knowledge both of good and ev	1;
Forbids us then to taste ! but his forbidding	
Commends thee more, while it infers the good	
By thee communicated, and our want;	
For good unknown sure is not had: or, had	751
And yet unknown, is as not had at all.	
In plain then, what forbids he but to know,	
Forbids us good, forbids us to be wise?	
Such prohibitions bind not. But if death	
Bind us with after-bands, what profits then	7GJ
Our inward freedom? In the day we eat	
Of this fair fruit, our doom is, we shall die !	
How dies the Serpent? he hath eaten, lives,	
And knows, and speaks, and reasons, and discen	
Irrational till then. For us alone	1622
Was death invented? or to us denied	
This intellectual food, for heasts reserved ?	•
For beasts it seems: yet that one beast which i	irst
Hath tasted envies not, but brings with joy	
The good befallen him, author unsuspect,	770
Friendly to man, far from deceit or guile.	
What fear 1 then ? rather, what know to fear	

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210 PARADISE LOST. · Under this ignorance of good and evil, Of God or death, of law or penalty? Here grows the cure of all, this fruit divine. 776 The to the eye, inviting to the taste, . . Of girtue to make wise : While hinders then Teach, and feed at once both body and mind? So saying, her rash hand in evil hour Forth reaching to the fruit, she pluck'd, she eat! 780 Earth felt the wound ; and Nature from her seat, Sighing through all her works, gave signs of woe, That all was lost. Back to the thicket slunk The guilty Serpent; and well might; for Eve. Intent now whichly on her taste, nought else 785 Regarded : mgh delight till then, as seem'd, In this the pier lasted, whether true Or function as, through expectation high Of knowledge ; nor was Godhead from her thought. Greedily die ingeged without restraint, 790 And know not enting death; Satiate at length, And highen'd as with wine, jocund and body, Thus to herself she pleasingly began : O sov'reign, virtuous, precious of all trees In Paradise ! of operation bless'd 795 To sapience, hitherto obscured, infamed, And thy fair fruit let hang, as to no end Created ; but henceforth my early care, Not without song, each morning, and due praise, Shall tend thee, and the fertile burden en 800 -Of thy full branches offer'd free to all; Till, dieted by thee, I grow mature In knowledge, as the Gods, who all things know : Though others envy what they cannot give: For, had the gift been theirs, it had not here 806 Thus grown. Experience next, to thee I owe, - Best guide ; not following thee, I had remain'd In ignorance ; thou open'st wisdom'r way, And givest access, though secret she retire. And I perhaps am secret : Heaven is high, 810

PARADISE LOST.	211
High, and remote to see from thence distinct	•
Each thing on Earth; and other care perhaps	
May have diverted from continual watch	•
Our great Forbidder, safe with all his spies	
About him. But to Adam in what sort	815
Shall I appear? shall I to him make known	
As yet my change, and give him to partake	
Full happiness with me, or rather not,	
But keep the odds of knowledge in my power	•
Without copartner? so to add what wants	820
In female sex, the more to draw his love,	
And render me more equal; and perhaps,	
A thing not undesirable, sometime	
Superior; for inferior, who is free?	
This may be well: But what if God have seen,	825
And death ensue? Then I shall be no more P?	
And Adam, wedded to another Eve,	
Shall live with her enjoying, I extinct ;	
A death to think ! Confirm'd then I resolve,	
Adam shall share with me in bliss or woe:	830
So dear I love him, that with him all deaths	
I could endure, without him live no life	
So saying, from the tree her step she turn'd ;	
But first low reverence done, as to the Power	
That dwelt within, whose presence had infused	F35
Into the plant sciential sap, derived	
From nectar, drink of Gods. Adam the while,	
Waiting desirous her return, had wove	
Of choicest flowers a garland, to adorn	2.0
Her tresses, and her rural labours crown ;	340
As reapers oft are wont their harvest-queen	
Great joy he promised to his thoughts, and new	
Solace in her return, so long delay'd:	
Yet oft his heart, divine of something ill,	·
Misgave him; he the faltering measure felt;	¥
And forth to meet her went, the way she took	
That morn when first they parted : by the tree	
Of knowledge ho must pass; there he her met	

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Scarce from the tree returning; in her hand a bough of fairest fruit, that downy smiled, 850 New gather'd, and ambrevial smell diffused. -To him she hasted; in her face excuse Came prologue and apology, too prompt; Which, with bland words at will, she thus address'd:

Hast thou not wonder'd, Adam, at my stay ? 855 Thee I have miss'd, and thought it long, deprived Thy presence; agony of love till now Not felt, nor shall be twice ; for never more Mean I to try, what rash untried I sought, The pain of absence from thy sight. But strange 860 Hath been the cause, and wonderful to hear : This tree is not, as we are told, a tree Of danger tasted, or to evil unknown Opening the way, but of divine effect To open eyes, and make them Gods who taste ; 865 And hath been tasted such : The serpent wise, Or not restrain'd as we, or not obeying, Hath eaten of the fruit ; and is become, Not dead, as we are threaten'd, but thenceforth Endued with human voice and human sense, 870 Reasoning to admiration ; and with me Persuasively hath so prevail'd that I Have also tasted, and have also found The effects to correspond ; opener mine eyes, Dim erst, dilated spirits, ampler heart. 875 And growing up to Godhead ; which for thes Chiefly I sought, without thee can despised For bliss, as thou hast part, to me is bliss; Tedious, unshared with thee, and odious soon. Thou therefore also taste, that equal lot 880 May join us, equal joy, as equal love ; Lest, thou not tasting, different degree Disjoin us, and I then too late renounce Deity for thee, when Fate will not permit. Thus Hve, with countenance blithe her story told ;

But in her check distemper flushing glow'd.

PARADISE LOST.	213
On the other side Adam, soon as he heard	
The fatal trespass done by Eve, amazed,	
Astonied stood and blank, while horror chill	
Ran through his veins, and all his joints relax'd;	
From his slack hand the garland wreathed for Ev	B
Down dropp'd, and all the faded roses shed;	
Speechless he stood and pale, till thus at length	
First to himself he inward silence broke :	
O fairest of Creation, last and best	895
Of all God's works, Creature in whom excell'd	
Whatever can to sight or thought be form'd,	
Holy, divine, good, amiable, or sweet !	
How art thou lost! how on a sudden lost,	
Defaced, deflower'd, and now to death devote !	900
Rather, how hast thou yielded to transgress	•
The strict forbiddance, how to yiolate	
The sacred fruit forbidden ! Some cursed fraud	
Of enemy hath beguiled thee, yet unknown,	007
And me with thee hath ruin'd; for with thee	905
Certain my resolution is to die :	
How can I live without thee ! how forego Thy sweet convérse, and love so dearly join'd.	
To live again in these wild woods forlorn !	
Should God create another Eve, and I	910
Another rib afford, yet loss of thee	510
Would never from my heart: no, no! I feel	
The link of Nature draw me : flesh of flesh,	
Bone of my bone thou art, and from thy state	
Mine never shall be parted, blins or woe.	215
So having said, as one from sad dismay	
Recomforted, and after thoughts disturb'd	
Submitting to what seem'd remediless,	
Thus in calm mood his words to Eve he turn'd :	
Bold deed thou hast presumed, adventurous Eve,	920-1
And peril great provoked, who thus hast dared,	
Had it been only coveting to eye	
That sacred fruit, sacred to abstinante;	••

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Much more to taste it under ban to touch.

But past who can recal, or done undo? 095 Not God omnipotent, nor Fate; yet so Perhaps thou shalt not die, perhaps the fact-Is not so heinous now, foretasted fruit, Profaned first by the serpent, by him first Made common, and unhallow'd, ere our taste ; 930 Nor yet on him found deadly; yet he lives; Lives, as thou saidst, and gains to live, as Man. Higher degree of life ; inducement strong To us, as likely tasting to attain Proportional ascent; which cannot be 935 But to be Gods, or Angels demi-Gods. Nor can I think that God. Creator wise. Though threatening, will in earnest so destroy Us his prime creatures, dignified so high, Set over all his works ; which in our fall, 940 For us created, needs with us must fail. Dependent made ; so God shall uncreate, Be frustrate, do, undo, and labour lose : Not well conceived of God, who, though his power Creation could repeat, yet would be loath 945 Us to abolish, lest the Adversary Triumph, and say : " Fickle their state whom God Most favours ; who can please him long ? Me first He juin'd, now Mankind ; whom will he next?" Matter of scorn, not to be given the Foe. 950 However I with thee have fix'd my lot. Certain to undergo like doom : If death Consort with thee, death is to me as life : So forcibly within my heart I feel The bond of Nature draw me to my own ; 955 My own in thee, for what thou art is mine : Our state cannot be sever'd ; we are one. One flesh ; to lose thee were to lose myself. So Adam ; and thus Eve to him replied : O glorious trial of exceeding love, 98D Illustrious evidence, example high !

Engaging me to emulate : but, short

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Of thy perfection, how shall I attain. Adam, from whose dear side I boast me sprung, 965 And gladly of our union hear thee speak, One heart, one soul in both ; whereof good proof This day affords, declaring thee resolved, Rather than death, or aught than death more dread, Shall separate us, link'd in love so dear, To undergo with me one guilt, one crime, 970 If any be, of tasting this fair fruit ; Whose virtue (for of good still good proceeds, Direct, or by occasion) hath presented This hanny trial of thy love, which else So eminently never had been known? 975 Were it I thought death menaced would ensue This my attempt, I would sustain alono The worst, and not persuaded thee, rather die Deserted, than oblige thee with a fact Pernicious to thy peace ; chiefly assured 980 Remarkably so late of thy so true, So faithful, love unequal'd : but I feel Far otherwise the event ; not death, but life Augmented, oren'd eyes, new hopes, new joys, Taste so divine that what of sweet before 985 Hath touch'd my sense flat seems to this, and harsh. On my experience, Adam, freely taste, And fear of death deliver to the winds.

So saying, she embraced him, and for joy Tenderly wept; much won, that he his love Had so ennobled, as of choice to incur Divine displeasure for her sake, or death. In recompense (for such compliance bad Such recompense best merits) from the bough She gave him of that fair enticing fruit With liberal hand : he scrupled not to eat, Against his better knowledge; not deceived, But fondly overcome with female charm. Earth trembled from her cutrails, as again In pangs; and Nature gave a second groan; 1000

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B. IX.

Sky lour'd ; and, mattering thunder, some sad drops Wept at completing of the mortal sin Original : while Adam took no thought, Eating his fill; nor Eve to iterate Her former trespass fear'd, the more to sooth Him with her loved society ; that now, As with new wine intoxicated both. They swim in mirth, and fancy that they feel Divinity within them breeding wings, Wherewith to scorn the earth : But that false fruit Far other operation first display'd, 1011 Carnal desire inflaming; he on Eve Began to cast lascivious eyes; she him As wantonly repaid ; in lust they burn : Till Adam thus 'gan Eve to dalliance move 1015 Eve, now I see thou art exact of taste

And elegant, of sapience no small part ; Since to each meaning savour we apply, And palate call judicious; I the praise Yield thee, so well this day thou hast purvey'd. 1020 Much pleasure we have lost, while we abstain'd From this delightful fruit, nor known till now True relish, tasting ; if such pleasure be In things to us forbidden, it might be wish'd For this one tree had been forbidden ten. 1025 But come, so well refresh'd, now let us play, As meet is, after such delicious fare ; For never did thy beauty, since the day I saw thee first and wedded thee, adorn'd With all perfections, so inflame my sense 1030 With ardour to enjoy thee, fairer now Than ever; bounty of this virtuous tree!

So said he, and forbore not glance or toy Of amorous intent; well understood Of Eve, whose eye darted contagious fire. 1035 Her hand he seized; and to a shady bank Thick overhead with verdant roof imbower'd, He led her nothing loath : flowers were the couch,

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Pansies, and violets, and asphodel, And hyacinth ; Earth's freshest softest lap. 1040 There they their fill of love and love's disport Took largely, of their mutual guilt the seal, The solace of their sin; till dewy sleep Oppress'd them, wearied with their amorous play. Soon as the force of that fallacious fruit, 1045 That with exhilarating vapour bland About their spirits had play'd, and inmost powers Made err, was now exhaled ; and grosser sleep, Bred of unkindly fumes, with conscious dreams Incumber'd, now had left them : up they rose 1050 As from unrest; and, each the other viewing, Soon found their eyes how open'd, and their minds How darken'd; innocence, that as a veil Had shadow'd them from knowing ill, was gone : Just confidence, and native righteousness, 1055 And honour, from about them, naked left To guilty Shame ; he cover'd, but his robe Uncover'd more So rose the Danite strong, Herculean Samson, from the harlot lap Of Philistéan Dalilah, and waked 1060 Shorn of his strength, They destitute and bare Of all their virtue : Silent, and in face Confounded, long they sat, as stricken mute : Till Adam, though not less than Eve abash'd, At length gave utterance to these words constrain'd:

O Eve, in evil hour thou didst give ear To that false worm, of whomsoever taught To counterfeit Man's voice; true in our fall, False in our promised rising; since our eyes Open'd we find indeed, and find we know Both good and evil; good lost, and evil got; Bad fruit of knowledge, if this be to know; Which leaves us naked thus, of honour void, Of innocence, of faith, of purity, Our wonted ornaments now soil'd and stain'd, And in our faces evident the signs

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PARADISE LOST. B. IX. Of foul concupiscence; whence evil store; Even shame, the last of evils ; of the first Be sure then .- How shall I behold the face Henceforth of God or Angel, erst with joy 1080 And rapture so oft beheld ? Those heavenly shanes Will dazzle now this earthly with their blaze Insufferably bright. O! might I here In solitude live savage ; in some glade Obscured, where highest woods, impenetrable 1085 To star or sunlight, spread their umbrage broad And brown as evening : Cover me, ye Pines! Ye Cedars, with innumerable boughs Hide me, where I may never see them more ! 1090 But let us now, as in bad plight, devise What best may for the present serve to hide The parts of each from other, that seem most To shame obnoxious, and unseemliest seen :

Some tree, whose broad smooth leaves together sew'd. And girded on our loins, may cover round 1095 Those middle parts ; that this new comer_Shame. There sit not, and reproach us as unclean.

So counsel'd he, and both together went Into the thickest wood ; there soon they chose The fig tree ; not that kind for fruit renown'd, 1100 But such as at this day, to Indians known. In Malabar or Decan spreads her arms Branching so broad and long, that in the ground The bended twigs take root, and daughters grow About the mother tree, a pillar'd shade 1105 High overarch'd, and echoing walks between : There oft the Indian herdsmen, shunning heat, Sholters in cool, and tends his pasturing herds At loopholes cut through thickest shade : Those leaves They gather'd, broad as Amazonian targe; 1110 And, with what skill they had, together sew'd, To gird their whist; vain covering, if to hide Their guilt and dreaded shume ! O, how unlike To that first naked glory ! Such of late

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Columbus found the American, so girt 1115 With feather'd cincture ; naked else, and wild Among the trees on isles and woody shores. Thus fenced, and, as they thought, their shame in part Cover'd, but not at rest or ease of mind, They sat them down to weep ; nor only tears 1120 Rain'd at their eyes, but high winds worse within Began to rise, high passions, anger, hate, Mistrust, suspicion, discord ; and shook sore Their inward state of mind, calm region once And full of peace, now toss'd and turbulent : 1125 For Understanding ruled not, and the Will Heard not her lore; both in subjection now To sensual appetite, who from beneath Usurping over sov'reign Reason claim'd Superior sway : From thus distemper'd breast, 1130 Adam, estranged in look and alter'd style, Speech intermitted thus to Eve renew'd

Would thou hadst hearken'd to my words, and staid With me, as I besought thee, when that strange Desire of wandering, this unhappy morn, 1135 I know not whence possess'd thee; we had then Remain'd still happy; not as now, despoil'd Of all our good; shamed, naked, miserable ! Let none henceforth seek needless cause to approve The faith they owe; when earnestly they seek 1140 Such proof, conclude, they then begin to fail. [Eve:

To whom, soon moved with touch of blame, thus What words have pass'd thy lips, Adam, severe ! Imputest thou that to my default, or will Of wandering as thou call'st it, which who knows 1145 But might as ill have happen'd thou being by, Or to thyself perhaps ? Hadst thou been there, Or here the attempt, thou couldst not have discern'd Fraud in the Serpent, speaking as he spake; No ground of ennity between us known, 1150 Why he should mean me ill, or seek to harm. Was I to have never parted from thy side ?

B. IX.

As good have grown there still a lifeless fb. Being as I am, why didst not thou, the head, Command me absolutely not to go, Going into such danger, as thou saidst ? Too facile then, thou didst not much gainsay; Nay, didst permit, approve, and fair dismiss. Hydat thou been firm and fix'd in thy dissent, Naither had I transgress'd, nor thou with me. 1160

To whom, then first incensed, Adam replied. Is this the love, is this the recompense Of mine to thee, ingrateful Eve ! express'd Immutable, when thou wert lost, not I: Who might have lived, and joy'd immortal bliss, 1165 Yet willingly chose rather death with thee ? And am I now upbraided, as the cause Of thy transgressing? Not enough severe, It seems, in thy restraint; What could I more? I warn'd thee, I admonish'd thee, foretold 1170 The danger, and the lurking enemy That lay in wait ; beyond this had been force ; And force upon free will hath here no place. But confidence then bore thee on ; secure Either to meet no danger, or to find 1175 Matter of glorious trial; and perhaps I also err'd, in overmuch admiring What seem'd in thee so perfect, that I thought No evil durst attempt thee ; but I rue The error now, which is become my crime, 1180 And thou the accuser. Thus it shall befal Him, who, to worth in women overtrusting, Lets her will rule : restraint she will not brook; And, left to herself, if evil thence ensue, She first his weak indulgence will accuse. 1185 Thus they in mutual accusation spent

The fruitless hours, but neither self-condemning; And of their vain contést appear'd no end.

BOOK X.

Man's transgression known, the guardian Ar.ge.s forsake Paredias, and return up to Heaven to approve their vigikance, and are approved; God declaring that the entrance of Satan could not be by them prevented. He sends his Son to judge the transgressors, who fescends and gives sentence accordingly; then in pity clothes them both, and reascends. Sin and Death, sitting till then at the gates of Hell, by wondrous sympathy feeling the success of Satan in this new world, and the sin by Man there committed, resolve to sit no longer confined in Hell, but to follow Satantheir siro up to the place of Man: To make the way easier from Hell to this world to and fro, they pave a broad highway or bridge over Glaces, according to the tract that Satan first made; then, preparing for Earth, they meet him, proud of his success, return ing to Hell; their mutual gratulation. Satan arrives at Fande monium, in full assembly relates with boasting his success against Man; instead of applause is entertained with a general has by all his audence, transformed with himself also suddenly into scrponts, according to he forbidden tree springing up before them, they, greadily reaching to take of the fruit, chew dust and bitter ashes. The proceedings of Sin and Death: God foretels to final victory of his Son over them, and the renewing of all things; but, for the present, commands his Angels to make sevral alterations in the Heavens and elements. Adam, more and more perceiving his fallen condition, heavily bewails, rejects the condelement of Eve; she presists, and at length appeases him: then, to evade the curse likely to fall on their offspring, propose to Adam violent ways, which he approves not; but, **screensi**, bat her seed should be revenged on the Serpent; and exhorts her with him to seek peace of the offended Deity, by repentament and supplication.

MEANWHILE the heinous and despiteful act Of Satan, done in Paradise; and how He, in the Serpent, had perverted Eve, Her husband she, to taste the fatal fruit, Was known in Heaven; for what can scape the Of God all-seeing, or deceive his heart Omniscient? who, in all things wise and just 19 * đ

PARADISE LOST. 222 Hinder'd not Satan to attempt the mind Of Man, with strength entire and free will arm'd. **Complete to have discover'd and repulsed** 10 Whatever wiles of foe or seeming friend. For still they knew, and ought to have still remember'd. The high injunction, not to taste that fruit, Whoever tempted ; which they not obeying, Incurr'd (what could they less ?) the penalty ; 15 And, manifold in sin, deserved to fall. Up into Heaven from Paradise in haste The Angelic guards ascended, mute and sad, For Man ; for of his state by this they knew. Much wondering how the subtle Fiend had stolen 20 Entrance unseen. Soon as the unwelcome news From Earth arrived at Heaven-gate, displeased All were who heard; dim Sadness did not spare With pity, violated not their bliss. 25 About the new-arrived, in multitudes The ethereal people ran, to hear and know How all befel : They towards the three supreme, Accountable, made haste, to make appear. With righteous plea, their utmost vigilance, 30 And easily approved : when the Most High-Eternal Father, from his secret cloud, Amidst if thunder utter'd thus his voice : Assembled Angels, and ye Powers return'd From unsuccessful charge, be not dismay'd. 35 Nor troubled at these tidings from the earth, Which which sincerest care could not prevent : Foretold in lately what would come to pass, When first this Tempter cross'd the gulf from Hell. I gold ye then he should prevail, and speed On his bad errand ; Man should be seduced, And flatter'd out of all, believing lies Against his Maker ; no decree of mine Concurring to necessitate his dia, Or touch with lightest moment of impulse

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Its free will, to her own inclining left In even scale. But fallen he is ; and now What rests, but that the mortal sentence pass On his transgression, death denounced that day ? Which he presumes already vain and void, 50 Because not yet inflicted, as he fear'd, By some immediate stroke ; but soon shall find Forbearance no acquittance, ere day end. Justice shall not return as bounty scorn'd. But whom send I to judgo them? whom but thee, 55 Vicegerent Son? To thee I have transferr'd All judgment, whether in Heaven, or Easth, or Hell. Easy it may be seen that I intend Mercy colleague with Justice, sending thee, Man's friend, his Mediator, his design'd 60 Both ransom and Redeemer voluntary, And destined Man himself to judge Man fallen. So spake the Father ; and, unfolding bright Toward the right hand his glory, on the Son Blazed forth unclouded Deity: He full 65 Resplendent all hig Father manifest Express'd, and thus divinely answer'd mild :-Father Eternal, thine is to decree; Mine, both in Heaven and Earth, to do thy will Supreme ; that thou in me, thy Son beloved, 70 Mayst ever rest well pleased. I go to judget On earth these thy transgressors ; but thou know'st. Whoever judged, the worst on me must light, When time shall be ; for so I undertook Before thee; and, not repenting, this obtain 75 Of right, that I may mitigate their doom 5 On me derived ; yet I shall temper so Justice with mercy as may illustrate most Them fully satisfied, and thee appeare. Attendance none shall need, nor train, where none 80 Are to behold the judgment, but the judged, Those two; the third best absent is cond mn'd.

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Convict by flight, and rebel to all law : Conviction to the serpent none belongs.

Thus saying, from his radiant seat he rose 85 Of high collateral glory ; Him Thrones, and Powers, Princedoms, and Dominations ministrant, Accompanied to Heaven-gate ; from whence Eden and all the coast in prospect lay. Down he descended straight; the speed of Gods 90 Time counts not, though with swiftest minutes wing'd. Now was the sun in western cadence low From noon, and gentle airs, due at their hour, To fan the earth now waked, and usher in The evening cool; when he, from wrath more cool, 95 Came the mild judge, and Intercessor both, To sentence Man : The voice of God they heard Now walking in the garden, by soft winds Brought to their ears, while day declined ; they heard, And from his presence hid themselves among 100 The thickest trees, both man and wife; till God, Approaching, thus to Adam call'd aloud

Where art thou, Adam wont with joy to meet My coming seen far off? 1 miss thee here, Not pleased, thus entertain'd with solitude, Where obvious duty ere while appear'd unsought: Or come I less conspicuous, or what change Absents thee, or what chance detains ?—Come forth!

He came ; and with him Eve, more loath, though first To offend ; discountenanced both, and discomposed ; Love was not in their looks, either to God, 111 Or to each other ; but apparent guilt, And shame, and perturbation, and despair, Anger, and obstinacy, and hate, and guile. Whence Adam, faltering long, thus answer'd brief:

I heard thee in the garden, and of thy voice 116 Afraid, being naked, hid myself. To whom The gracing Judge without revile replied :

My voice in ft hast heard, and hast not fear'd,

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PARADISE LOST.	225
But still rejoiced ; how is it now become So dreadful to thee ! That thou art naked, who	120
Hath told thee ? Hast thou eaten of the tree	
Whereof I gave thee charge thou shouldst not eat	?
To whom thus Adam sore beset replied :. !-	
O Heaven! in evil strait this day I stand	195
Before my Judge; either to undergo	
Myself the total crime, or to accuse	
My other self, the partner of my life ;	
Whose failing, while her faith to me remains,	
I should conceal, and not expose to blame	130
By my complaint : but strict necessity	
Subdues me, and calamitous constraint;	
Lest on my head both sin and punishment	
However insupportable, be all	
Devolved ; though should I hold my peace, yet th	1011
Wouldst easily detect what I conceal	136
This Woman, whom thou madest to be my help,	
And gavest me as thy perfect gift, so good,	
So fit, so acceptable, so divine,	•
That from her hand I could suspect no ill,	140
And what she did, whatever in itself,	
Her doing seem'd to justify the deed;	
She gave me of the tree, and I did eat	
To whom the Sov'reign Presence thus replied	:
Was she thy God, that her thou didst obey	145
Before his voice ? or was she made thy guide,	
Superior, or but equal, that to her	
Thou didst resign thy manhood, and the place	
Wherein God set thee above her made of thee,	
And for thee, whose perfection far excell'd	150
Hers in all real dignity? Adorn'd	
She was indeed, and lovely, to attract	
Thy love, not thy subjection ; and her gifts	
Were such, as undor government well seem'd;	
Unseemly to bear rule ; which was the part	155
And person, hadst thou known thyself arigin	
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So having said, he thus to Eve in few : Say, Woman, what is this which thou hast done ?

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To whom sat Eve, with shame nigh overwhelm'd, Confessing soon, yet not before her Judge 169 Bold or loquacious, thus abash'd replied : The Serpent me beguiled, and I did eat.

Which when the Lord God heard, without delay To judgment he proceeded on the accused Serpent, though brute; unable to transfer 165 The guilt on him who made him instrument Of mischief, and polluted from the end Of his creation **p** justly then accursed, As vitiated in nature: More to know Concern'd not man (since he no further knew,) 170 Nor alter'd his offence; yet God at last To Satan first in sin his doom applied, Though in mysterious terms, judged as then best: And on the Serpent thus his curse the fall:

Because thou hast done this thou art accursed 175 Above all cattle, each beast of the field; Upon thy belly grovelling thou shalt go, And dust shalt eat all the days of thy life. Between thee and the woman I will put Enmity, and between thine and her seed; 180 Her seed shall bruise thy head, thou bruise his heel

So spake this oracle, then verified When Jesus, Son of Mary, second Eve, Saw Satan fall like lightning down from Heaven, Prince of the air, then, rising from his grave, Spoil'd Principalities and Powers, triumph'd to open show; and, with ascension bright, Captivity led captive through the air, The realm itself of Satan, long usurp'd; Whom he shall tread at last under our feet; Even he, who now foretold his fatal bruise; And to the woman thus his scenence turn'd

Thy sorrow I will greatly multiply

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B. X.

By thy conception; children thou shalt bring In sorrow forth; and to thy husband will Thine shall submit; he over thee shall rule.

On Adam last thus judgment he pronounced : Because theu hast hearken'd to the voice of thy wife, And eaten of the tree, concerning which I charged thee, saying, 'Fhou shalt not eat thereof : 200 Cursed is the ground for thy sake ; thou in sorrow Shalt eat thereof, all the days of thy life ; 'Thorns also and thistles it shall bring thee forth Unbid ; and thou shalt eat the herb of the field ; In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread, 205 Till thou return unto the ground ; for thou Out of the ground wast taken, know thy birth, For dust thou art, and shalt to dust return.

So judged he Man, both Judge and Saviour sent; And the instant stroke of death, denounced that day, Removed far off; then, pitying how they stood 211 Before him naked to the air, that now Must suffer change, disdain'd not to begin Thenceforth the form of servant to assume ; 215 As when he wash'd his servants' feet 400 now As father of his family, he clad Their nakedness with skins of beasts, or slain. Or as the snake with youthful coat repaid ; And thought not much to clothe his enemies Nor he their outward only with the skins Of beasts, but inward nakedness much more Opprobrious, with his robe of righteousness Arraying; cover'd from his Fathen's sight. To him with swift ascent he up return'd, Into his blissful bosom reassumed 225 In glory, as of old ; to him appeased All, though all-knowing, what had pass'd with Man Recounted, mixing intercession sweet.

Meanwhile, ere thus was sinn'd and judged on Earth, Within the gates of Holl sat Sin and Death, 230 In counterview within the gates, that now

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Stood open wide, belching outrageous flame Far into Chaos, since the Fiend pass'd through, Sin opening ; who thus now to Death began:

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O Son, why sit we here each other viewing 235 Idly, while Satan, our great author, thrives In other worlds, and happier seat provides For us, his offspring dear ? It cannot be But that success attends him; if mishap, Ere this he had return'd, with fury driven By his avengers; since no place like this Can fit his punishment, or their revenge. Methinks I feel new strength within me rise, Wings growing, and dominion given me large Beyond this deep ; whatever draws me on, Or sympathy, or some connatural force, Powerful at greatest distance to unite, With secret amity things of like kind, By secretest conveyance. Thou, my shade Inseparable, must with me along : For Death from Sin no power Win separate. But, lest the difficulty of passing back Stay his return perhaps over this gulf Impassable, impervious; let us try Adventurous work, yet to thy power and mine 255 Not unagreeable, to found a path Over this main from Hell to that new world. Where Satan now prevails: a monument of merit high to all the infernal host, 260 Easing their passage hence, for intercourse. Or transmigration, as their lot shall lead. Nor can I make the way, so strongly drawn By this new-felt attraction and instinct.

Whom thus the meagre shadow answer'd soon : Go, whither Fate and inclination strong 265 Leads thee; I shall not lag behind, nor err The way, thou leading; such a scent I draw Of carnage, prey innumerable, and taste The savour of death from all things there that live

B. X

PARADISE LOST.	229
Nor shall I to the work thou enterprisest	270
Be wanting, but afford thee equal aid.	
So saying, with delight he snuff'd the smell	•
Of mortal change on earth. As when a flock	•
Of ravenous fowl, though many a league remote,	
Against the day of battle, to a field,	275
Where armies lie encamp'd, come flying, lured	
With scent of living carcasses design'd	
For death, the following day, in bloody fight :	
So scented the grim Feature, and upturn'd	
He neetril wide into the murky air;	280
Sagacious of his quarry from so far.	
Them both from out Hell gates, into the waste	
Wide anarchy of Chaos, damp and dark,	
Flew diverse ; and with power (their power was gr	eat)
Hovering upon the waters, what they met	285
Solid or slimy, as in raging sea	
Toss'd up and down, together crowded drove,	
From each side shoaling towards the mouth of He	ell :
As when two polar wind, blowing adverse	
Upon the Cronian sea, together drive	290
Mountains of ice, that stop the imagined way	
Beyond Petsora eastward, to the rich	
Cathaian coast. The aggregated soil	
Death with his mace petrific, cold and dry,	•
As with a trident, smote; and fix'd as firm	295
As Delos, floating once ; the rest his look	_
Bound with Gorgonian rigour not to move;	
And with Asphaltic slime, broad as the gate, 🖛	
Deep to the roots of Hell the gather'd beach	
They fasten'd, and the mole immense wronght on	300
Over the foaming deep high-arch'd, a bridge	
Of length prodigious, joining to the wall	•
Immovable of this now fonceless world,	
Forfeit to Death ; from hence a passage broad,	
Smooth, easy, inoffensive, down to Hell.	305
So, if great things to small may be compared,	
Xerxes, the liberty of Greece to yoke,	
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From Suza, his Memnonian palace high. Came to the sea; and, over Hellespont Bridging his way, Europe with Asia join'd, 310 And scourged with many a stroke the indignant waves. Now had they brought the work by wondrous art Pontifical, a ridge of pendent rock, Over the ver'd abyss, following the track Of Satan to the selfsame place where he 315 First lighted from his wing, and landed safe From out of Chaos to the outside bare Of this round world: with pins of adamant And chains they made all fast, too fast they made And durable ! and now in little space 320 The confines met of empyréan Heaven, And of this World; and, on the left hand, Hell. With long reach interposed; three several ways In sight, to each of these three places led. And now their way to Earth they had descried, 325 To Paradise first tending ; when, behold ! Satan, in likeness of an Angel bright, Betwixt the Centaur and the Scorpion steering His zenith, while the sun in Aries rose : Disguised he came ; but those his children dear 330 Their parent soon discern'd, though in disguise. He after Eve seduced, unminded slunk Into the wood fast by ; and, changing shape, To observe the sequel, saw his guileful act By Eve, though all unweeting, seconded 335 Upon her husband; saw their shame that sought Vain covertures; but when he saw descend The Son of God to judge them, terrified He fled; not hoping to escape, but shun The present ; fearing, guilty, what his wrath 340 Might suddenly inflict ; that pass'd, return'd By night, and listening where the hapless pair Sat in their sad discourse, and various plaint, Thence gather'd his own doom ; which understood Not instant, but of future time, with joy 345

B. X

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And tidings fraught, to Hell he now return'd; And at the brink of Chaos, near the foot Of this new wondrous pontifice, unhoped Met, who to meet him came, his offspring dear. Great joy was at their meeting, and at sight Of that stupendous bridge his joy increased. Long he admiring stood, till Sin, his fair Enchanting dauchter, thus the silence broke:

O Parent, these are thy magnific deeds. Thy trophies ! which thou view'st as not thine own : Thou art their author, and prime architect : 356 For I no sooner in my heart divined, My heart, which by a secret harmony Still moves with thine, join'd in connexion sweet. That thou on earth hadst prosper'd, which thy looks Now also evidence, but straight 1 felt, 360 Though distant from thee worlds between, yet felt. That I must after thee, with this thy son; Such fatal consequence unites us three ! Hell could no longer hold us in our bounds, 365 Nor this unvoyageable gulf obscure Detain from following thy illustrious track. Thou hast achieved our liberty, confined Within Hell-gates till now ; thou us impower'd To fortify thus far, and overlay, 370 With this portentous bridge, the dark abyss, Thine now is all this world ; thy virtue hath won What thy hands builded not; thy wisdom gain'd With odds what war hath lost, and fully avenged Our foil in Heaven; here thou shalt monarch reign, There didst not ; there let him still victor sway, 376 As battle hath adjudged ; from this new world Retiring, by his own doom alienated; And henceforth monarchy with thee divide Of all things, parted by the empyreal bounds. 380 His quadrature, from thy orbicular world; Or try thee now more dangerous to his throne

B. X.

Whom thus the Prince of darkness answer'd glad: Fair Daughter, and thou Son and Grandchild both : High proof ye now have given to be the race 385 Of Satan (for I glory in the name, Antagonist of Heaven's Almighty King,) Amply have merited of me, of all The infernal empire, that so near Heaven's door Triumphal with triumphal act have met, 300 Mine, with this glorious work ; and made one realm, Hell and this world, one realm, one continent Of easy thoroughfare. Therefore, while I Descend through darkness, on your road with ease, To my associate Powers, them to acquaint 395 With these successes, and with them rejoice : You too this way, among these numerous orbs. All yours, right down to Paradise descend ; There dwell, and reign in bliss ; thence on the earth Dominion exercise and in the air. Chiefly on Man, sole lord of all declared : Him first make sure your thrall, and lastly kill. My substitutes I send ye, and create Plenipotent on earth, of matchless might assuing from me; on your joint vigour now 405 My hold of this new kingdom all depends, Through Sin to Death exposed by my exploit. If your joint power prevail, the affairs of Hell No detriment need fear ; go, and be strong !

So saying he dismiss'd them ; they with speed 410 Their course through thickest constellations held, Spreading their bane ; the blasted stars look'd wan, And planets, planet-struck, real eclipse Then suffer'd. The other way Satan went down The causey to Hell gate : On either side 415 Disparted Chaos overbuilt exclaim'd, And with rebounding surge the bars assail'd, That scorn'd his indignation : through the gate, Wide open and unguarded, Satan pass'd, And all about found desolate ; for those, 490

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Appointed to sit there, had left their charge, Flown to the upper world : the rest were all Far to the inland retired, about the walls Of Pandemonium; city and proud seat Of Lucifer, so by allusion call'd 425 Of that bright star to Satan paragon'd ; There kept their watch the legions, while the Grand In council sat, solicitous what chance Might intercept their emperor sent ; so he Departing gave command, and they observed. As when the Tartar from his Russian foe. By Astracan, over the snowy plains, Retires ; or Bactrian Sophi, from the horns Of Turkish crescent, leaves all waste beyond 435 The realm of Aladule, in his retreat To Tauris or Casheen : So these, the late Heaven-banish'd host, left desert utmost Hell Many a dark league, reduced in careful watch Round their metropolis; and now expecting Each hour their great adventurer, from the search 440 Of foreign worlds : He through the midst unmark'd In show plebeian Angel militant Of lowest order pass'd; and from the door Of that Plutonian hall, invisible Ascended his high throne ; which, under state 445 Of richest texture spread, at the upper end Was placed in regal lustre. Down awhile He sat, and round about him saw unseen ; At last, as from a cloud, his fulgent head And shape star-bright appear'd, or brighter; clad 450 With what permissive glory since his fall Was left him, or false glitter : All a.nazed At that so sudden blaze the Stygian throng Bent their aspect, and whom they wish'd beheld, Their mighty Chief return'd : loud was the acclaim : Forth rush'd in haste the great consulting peers, 456 Raisee from their dark Divan, and with like joy 20*

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B. 1.

Congratulant approach'd him ; who with hand Silence, and with these words attention, won. Thrones, Dominations, Princedoms, Virtues, Powers For in possession such, not only of right, 461 I call ye, and declare ye now ; return'd Successful beyond hope, to lead ye forth Triumphant out of this infernal pit Abominable, accursed, the house of woe, 465 And dungeon of our tyrant : Now possess, As Lords, a spacious world, to our native Heaven Little inferior, by my adventure hard With peril great achieved. Long were to tell What I have done, what suffer'd; with what pain 470 Voyaged the' unreal, vast, unbounded deep Of horrible confusion; over which By Sin and Death a broad way now is paved. To expedite your glorious march; but I Toil'd out my uncouth passage, forced to ride 475 The untractable abyss, plunged in the womb Of unoriginal Night and Chaos wild; That, jealous of their secrets, fiercely opposed My journey strange, with clamorous uproar Protesting Fate supreme ; thence how I found 480 The new created world, which fame in Heaven Long had foretold, a fabric wonderful Of absolute perfection ! therein Man Placed in a Paradise, by our exile Made happy ; Him by fraud I have seduced 485 From his Creator ; and, the more to increase Your wonder, with an apple ; he, thereat Offended, worth your laughter ! hath given up Both his beloved Man, and all his world. To Sin and Death a prey, and so to us, 490 Without our hazard, labour, or alarm, To range in, and to dwell, and over Man To rule, as over all he should have ruled. True is, me also he hath judged, or rather

PARADISE LOST.	235
Me not, but the brute serpent in whose shape	495
Man I deceived : that which to me belongs,	
Is enmity which he will put between	
Me and mankind; I am to bruise his heel;	
His seed (when is not set) shall bruise my head:	
A world who would not purchase with a bruise,	500
Or much more grievous pain ?Ye have the acco	unt
Of my performance: What remains, ye Gods,	
But up, and enter now into full bliss?	
So having said, awhile he stood, expecting	
Their universal shout and high applause	505
To fill his ear ; when, contrary, he hears	
On all sides, from innumerable tongues,	
A dismal universal hiss, the sound	
On public scorn; he wonder'd, but not long	E10
Had leisure, wondering at himself now more;	510
His visage drawn he felt to sharp and spare;	
His arms clung to his ribs; his legs entwining	
Each other, till supplanted down he fell A monstrous serpent on his belly prone,	
Reluctant, but in vain ; a greater power	515
Now ruled him, punish'd in the shape he sinn'd,	010
According to his doom : he would have spoke,	
But hiss for hiss return'd with forked tongue	
To forked tongue; for now were all transform'd	
Alike, to serpents all, as accessories	520
To his bold riot : Dreadful was the din	
Of hissing through the hall, thick swarming now	
With complicated monsters head and tail,	
Scorpion, and Asp, and Amphisbæna dire,	
Cerastes horn'd, Hydrus, and Elops drear,	525
And Dipsas (not so thick swarm'd once the soil	
Bedropp'd with blood of Gorgon, or the isle	
Ophiusa ;) but still greatest he the midst,	
Now Dragon grown, larger than whom the sum	
Engender'd in the Pythian vale or slime,	530
Huge Python, and his power no less he seem'd	
Above the rest still to retain ; they all	

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PARADIST.

Him follow'd, issuing forth to the open field, Where all yet left of that revolted rout, Heaven-fallen, in station stood or just array 535 Sublime with expectation when to see In triumph issuing forth their glorious Chie They saw, but other sight instead ! a crowd Of ugly serpents : horror on them fell, 540 And horrid sympathy; for, what they saw, They felt themselves, now changing ; down their arms, Down fell both spear and shield ; down they as fast ; And the dire hiss renew'd, and the dire form Catch'd by contagion ; like in punishment, As in their crime. Thus was the applause they meant Turn'd to exploding hiss, triumph to shame 546 Cast on themselves from their own mouths. There stood A grove hard by, sprung up with this their change. His will who reigns above, to aggravate 650 Their penance, laden with fair fruit, like that Which grew in Paradise, the bait of Eve Used by the Tempter: on that prospect strange Their earnest eyes they fix'd, imagining For one forbidden tree a multitude Now risen, to work them further woe or shame; 553 Yet, parch'd with scalding thirst and hunger fiarce, Though to delude them sent, could not abstain; But on they roll'd in heaps, and, up the trees Climbing, sat thicker than the snaky locks That curl'd Megæra ; greedily they pluck'd 560 The fruitage fair to sight, like that which grew Near that bituminous lake where Sodom flamed ; This, more delusive, not the touch, but taste Deceived ; they, fondly thinking to allay Their appetite with gust, instead of fruit 565 Chew'd bitter ashes, which the offended taste With spattering noise rejected ; oft they essay'd, Hunger and thirst constraining ; drugg'd as oft, With hatefulest disrelish writhed their jaws, With soot and cinders fill'd; so oft they fell

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237 Into the same illusion, not as Man [plagued Whom they triumph'd once lapsed. Thus were they And worn with famine, long and ceaseless hiss, Till their lost shape, permitted, they resumed; Yearly enjoin'd, some say, to undergo 575 This annual humbling certain number'd days, To dash their pride and joy, for Man seduced. However, some tradition they dispersed Among the Heathen of their purchase got, And fabled how the Serpent, whom they call'd 580 Ophion, with Eurynome, the wide Encroaching Eve perhaps, had first the rule Of high Olympus; thence by Saturn driven And Orps, ere yet Dictman Jove was born. Meanwhile in Paradise the hellish pair Too soon arrived; Sin, there in power before, Ones actual; now in body, and to dwell Habitual habitant ; behind her Death. Close following pace for pace, not mounted vet On his pale horse; to whom Sin thus began: 590

Second of Satan sprung, all conquering Death! What thinkst thou of our empire now, though earn'd With travel difficult, not better far Than still at Hell's dark threshold to have set watch. Unnamed, undreaded, and thyself half starved ? 595

Whom thus the Sin-born monster answer'd soon: To me, who with eternal famine pine, Alike is Hell, or Paradise, or Heaven ; There best, where most with ravine I may meet; Which there, though plenteous, all too little seems 600 To stuff this maw, this vast unhide-bound corpse.

To whom the incestuous mother thus replied : Thou therefore on these herbs, and fruits, and flowers Feed first; on each beast next, and fish, and fowl; No homely morsels ! and, whatever thing 605 The scythe of Time mows down, devour unspared : Till I, in Man residing, through the race, His thoughts, his looks, words, actions, all infect;

PARADISE LOST.

3.100

And season him thy last and sweetest prey. 610 This said, they both betook them several ways, Both to destroy, or unimmortal make All kinds, and for destruction to mature Sooner or later ; which the Almighty seeing, From his transcendent seat the Saints among, To those bright Orders utter'd thus his voice : 615

See, with what heat these dogs of Hell advance To waste and havoc yonder world, which I So fair and good created; and had still Kent in that state, had not the folly of Man Let in these wasteful furies, who impute 620 Folly to me; so doth the Prince of Hell And his adherents, that with so much ease I suffer them to enter and possess A place so heavenly; and, conniving, seem To gratify my scornful enemies, That laugh, as if, transported with some fit Of passion. I to them had quitted all. At random yielded up to their misrule; And know not that I call'd, and drew them thither. My Hell-hounds, to lick up the draff and filth 630 Which Man's polluting sin with taint hath shed On what was pure ; till, cramm'd and gorged, nigh With suck'd and glutted offal, at one sling fburst. Of thy victorious arm, well pleasing Son, Both Sin, and Death, and yawning Grave, at last, 635 Through Chaos hurl'd, obstruct the mouth of Hell For ever, and seal up his ravenous jaws. Then Heaven and Earth renew'd shall be made pure To sanctity, that shall receive no stain : Till then, the curse pronounced on both precedes. 640

He ended, and the heavenly audience loud Sung Hallelujah, as the sound of seas. Through multitude that sung : Just are thy ways. Righteous are thy decrees on all thy works : Who can extenuate thee ? Next, to the Son 645 Destined restorer of mankind, by whom

B. X

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New Heaven and Earth shall to the ages rise. Or down from Heaven descend.-Such was their song : While the Creator, calling forth by name His mighty Angels, gave them several charge, 650 As sorted best with present things. The sun Had first his precept so to move, so shine, As might affect the earth with cold and heat Scarce tolerable ; and from the north to call Decrepit winter; from the south to bring 655 Solstitial summer's heat To the blanc moon Her office they prescribed ; to the other five Their planetary motions, and aspects. In sextile, square, and trine, and opposite, Of noxious efficacy, and when to join 660 In synod unbenign; and taught the fix'd Their influence malignant when to shower, Which of them rising with the sun, or falling, Should prove tempestuous : To the winds they set Their corners, when with bluster to confound 665 Sea, air, and shore ; the thunder when to roll With terror through the dark aerial hall. Some say, he bid his Angels turn askance The poles of earth, twice ten degrees and more, From the sun's axle ; they with labour push'd 670 Oblique the centric globo : Some say, the sun Was bid turn reins from the' equinoctial road Like distant breadth to Taurus with the seven Atlantic Sisters, and the Spartan Twins, 675 Up to the Tropic Crab; thence down amain Ey Leo, and the Virgin, and the Scales, As deep as Capricorn ; to bring in change Of seasons to each clime; else had the spring Perpetual smiled on earth with verdant flowers Equal in days and nights, except to those 680 Beyond the polar circles; to them day Had unbenighted shone, while the low sun. To recompense his distance, in their sight Had rounded still the horizon, and not known

240	PARADISE LOST.	B. X.
Or east	or west; which had forbid the snow	685
	ld Estotiland, and south as far	
	Magellan. At that tasted fruit	
	, as from Thyéstean banquet, turn'd	
	se intended; else how had the world	
	d, though sinless, more than now	690
	pinching cold and scorching heat ?	
	hanges in the Heavens, though slow, pro	luced
	ange on sea and land ; sideral blast,	
	and mist, and exhalation hot,	
	and pestilent; Now from the north	695
Of Noru	mbega, and the Sameod shore,	
	their brazen dungeon, arm'd with ice,	
And sno	w, and hail, and stormy gust and flaw,	
Boreas,	and Cacias, and Argestes loud,	
And Thr	rascias, rend the woods, and seas upturn;	700+
With adv	verse blast upturns them from the south	
Notus, a	nd Afer black with thunderous clouds	
From Se	erraliona ; thwart of these, as fierce,	
	sh the Lévant and the Ponent winds,	
Eurus an	d Zephyr, with their lateral noise,	705
Sirocco a	and Libecchio. Thus began	
Outrage	from lifeless things ; but Discord first,	
Daughte	r of Sin, among the irrational	
Death in	troduced, through fierce antipathy :	
Beast no	w with beast 'gan war, and fowl with fow	, 710
And fish	with fish; to graze the herb all leaving,	•
Devour d	each other; nor stood much in awe	
Of Man,	but fled him ; or, with countenance grin	1 ,
Glared of	n him passing. These were from without	ut
The grov	ving miseries, which Adam saw	715
Already i	in part, though hid in gloomiest shade,	
To sorror	w abandon'd, but worse felt within ;	
And, in a	troubled sea of passion toss'd,	
Thus to d	disburden sought with sad complaint :	
U mise	rable of happy ! Is this the end	790
Of this no	ew glorious world, and me so late	

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Of this new glorious world, and me so late The glory of that glory, who now become

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JARADISE LOST.	941
Accursed of blessed ? hide me from the face	
Of God, whom to behold was then my height	
Of happiness !Yet well, if here would end	795
The misery; I deserved it, and would bear	
My own deservings ; but this will not serve :	
All that I eat or drink, or shall beget,	
Is propagated curse. O voice, once heard	
Delightfully, Increase and multiply :	730
N w death to hear ! for what can I increase,	
Or multiply, but curses on my head ?	
Who of all ages to succeed, but, feeling	
The evil on him brought by me, will curse	
My head? Ill fare our ancestor impure,	735
For this we may thank Adam ! but his thanks	
Shall be the execration : so, besides	
Mine own that bide upon me, all from me	
Shall with a fierce reflux on me rebound;	
On me, as on their natural centre, light	740
Heavy, though in their place. O fleeting joys	
Of Paradise, dear bought with lasting woes!	
Did 1 request thee, Maker, from my clay	
To mould me Man? did I solicit thee	
From darkness to promote me, or here place	745
In this delicious garden As my will	
Concurr'd not to my being, it were but right And equal to reduce me to my dust :	
Desirous to resign and render back	
All I received ; unable to perform	750
Thy terms too hard, by which I was to hold	100
The good I sought not. To the loss of that,	
Sufficient penalty, why hast thou added	
The sense of ondless woes? Inexplicable	
Thy justice seems ; yet, to say truth, too late	755
I thus contest; then should have been refused	100
Those terms, whatever, when they were proposed	
Thou didst accept them : wilt thou enjoy the good	4
Then cavil the conditions? and, though God	-,
Made these without thy leave, what if thy son	760
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B. X.

Prove disobedient ; and, reproved, retort, Wherefore didst thou beget me ? I sought it not : Wouldst thou admit for his contempt of thee : That proud excuse ? yet him not thy election. But natural necessity begot. 766 God made thee of choice his own, and of his own To serve him: thy reward was of his grace: Thy punishment then justly is at his will. Be it so, for I submit ; his doom is fair, That dust I am, and shall to dust return : 770 O welcome hour whenever! Why delays His hand to execute what his decree Fix'd on this day ? Why do I overlive ? Why am I meck'd with death, and lengthen'd out To deathless pain ? How gladly would I meet 775 Mortality my sentence, and be earth Insensible ! How glad would lay me down As in my mother's lap! There I should rest, And sleep secure ; his dreadful voice no mere Would thunder in my ears; no fear of worse 780 To me and to my offspring would torment me With cruel expectation. Yet one doubt Pursues me still, lest all I cannot die : Lest that pure breath of life, the spirit of Man Which God inspired, cannot together perish 785 With this corporeal clod ; then, in the grave Or in some other dismal place, who knows But I shall die a living death? O thought Horrid. if true ! Yet why ? It was but breath Of life that sinn'd; what dies but what had life 790 And sin? The body properly had neither .-All of me then shall die : let this appease The doubt, since human reach no further knows. For though the Lord of all be infinite, Is his wrath also? Be it, Man is not so, 796 But mortal doom'd. How can he exercise Wrath without end on Man, whom doath must end? Can he make deathless death? That were to make

PARADISE LOST.	243	
Strange contradiction, which to God himself		
Impossible is held; as argument	800	
Of weakness, not of power. Will he draw out		
For anger's sake, finite to infinite,		
In punish'd Man, to satisfy his rigour,		
Satisfied never? That were to extend		
His sentence beyond dust and Nature's law ;	805	
By which all causes else, according still		
To the reception of their matter, act ;		
Not to the extent of their own sphere. But say		
That death be not one stroke, as I supposed,		
Bereaving sense, but endless misery	810	
From this day onward ; which I feel begun		
Both in me, and without me; and sociast		
To perpetuity ;—Ah me ! that fear		
Comes thundering back with dreadful revolution		1
On my defenceless head ; both Death and I	815	
Are found eternal, and incorporate both;		
Nor I on my part single ; in me all		
Posterity stands cursed ; fair patrimony		
That I must leave ye, Sons! O, were I able		
To waste it all myself, and leave ye none !	820	
So disinherited, how would you bless		
Me, now your ourse ' As, why should all manking		
For one man's fault, thus guiltless by condemn'd,		
If guiltless? But from me what can proceed,		
But all corrupt ; soth mind and will depraved	825	
Not to do only, but to will the same		
With me? How can they then acq utted stand		•
In sight of God? Him, after all disputes,		•
Forced I absolve : all my evasions whin,		
And reasonings, though through mazes, lead me		
But to my own conviction : first and last	831	
On me, me only, as the source and spring		
Of all corruption, all the blame lights due		
So might the wrath ! Fond wish ! couldst thou su		
That burden, heavier than the earth to bear;	835	
Than all the world much heavier, though divided		

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With that bad Woman? Thus, what thou desirest, And what thou fear'st, alike destroys all hope Of refuge, and concludes thee miserable Beyond all past example and future; 840 To Satan only like both crime and doom. O Conscience ! into what abyss of fears And horrors hast thou driven me : out of which I find no way, from deep to deeper plunged !

Thus Adam to himself lamented loud, 845 Through the still night; not now, as ere Man fell. Wholesome, and goel, and mild, but with black air Accompanied; with damps, and dreadful gloom; Which to his evil composince represented All things with **dyuble terror** : on the ground 850 Outstretch'd he lay, on the cold ground ; and oft Cursed his creation: Death as oft accused Of tardy execution, since denounced The day of his offence. Why comes not Death, Said he, with one thrice-acceptable stroke 855 To end me ? Shall Truth fail to keep her word. Justice Divine not hasten to be just? But Death comes not at call; Justice Divine Mends not her slowest pace for prayers or cries. O woods, O fountains, hillocka dales, and bowers 860 With other echo late 1 taught your shades To answer, and resound far other song.-Whom thus afflicted when sad Eve beheld. Desolate where she sat, approaching nigh. Soft words to his ferce passion she essay'd : 865 But her with stern regard he thus repell'd -

Out of my sight, thou Serpent! That name best Befits thee with him leagued, thyself as false And hateful; nothing wants, but that thy shape, Like his, and colour serpentine, may show 870 Thy inward fraud; to warn all creatures from thee Henceforth; lest that too heavenly form, pretended, To hellish falsehood snare them ! But for thee I had persisted happy; had not thy pride

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B. X

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PARADISE LOST.	245
And wandering vanity, when least was safe,	875
Rojected my forewarning, and disdain'd	
Not to be trusted ; longing to be seen,	
Though by the Devil himself; him overweening	
To overreach; but, with the serpent meeting,	
Fool'd and beguiled : by him thou, I by thee,	880
To trust thee from my side ; imagined wise,	
Constant, mature, proof against all assaults ;	
And understood not all was but a show,	
Rather than solid virtue; all but a rib	
Crooked by nature, bent, as now appears,	885
More to the part sinister, from me drawn;	
Well if thrown out, as supernumering	
To my just number found. O! why did God,	
Creator wise, that peopled highest Heaven	
With Spirits masculine, create at last	890
This novelty on earth, this fair defect	
Of nature, and not fill the world at once	
With Men, as Angels, without feminine;	
Or find some other way to generate	
Mankind? This mischief had not then befallen;	895
And more that shall befal; innumerable	
Disturbances on earth through female snares,	
And strait conjunction with this sex : for either He never shall find out fit mate, but such	
As some misfortune brings him, or mistake ;	900
Or whom he wishes most shall seldom gain	500
Through her perverseness, but shall see her gain	'A
By a far worse; or, if she love, withheld	a
By a far worse, or, if she love, withheld By parents; or his happiest choice too late	
Shall meet, already link'd and wedlock bound	966.
To a fell adversary, his hate or shame :	CHAR .
Which infinite salamity shall cause	
To human life, and household peace confound.	
He added not, and from her turn'd : but Eve,	
Not so repulsed, with tears that ceased not flowi	ng.
And tresses all disorder'd, at his feet	911
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B. X

Fell humble; and, embracing them, besought His peace, and thus proceeded in her plaint:

Forsake me not thus, Adam ! witness, Heaven, 915 + What love sincere and reverence in my heart I bear thee, and unweeting have offended. Unhappily deceived ! Thy suppliant I beg, and clasp thy knees; bereave me not. Whereon I live, thy gentle looks, thy aid, 990 Thy counsel, in this uttermost distress, My only strength and stay : forlorn of thee, Whither shall I betake me, where subsist ? While yet we live, scarce one short hour perhaps, Between us two let there be peace ; both joining, As join'd in injuria, one enmity Against a foe by doom express assign'd us. That cruel Serpent : on me exercise not Thy hatred for this misery befallen ; On me already lost, me than thyself More miserable ! Both have minn'd ; but thou 930 Against God only; I against God and thee; And to the place of judgment will return, There with my cries importune Heaven, that all The sentence, from thy head removed, may light 935 On me, sole cause to thee of all this woe ; Me, me only, just object of his ire !

She ended weeping; and her lowly plight, Immovable, till peace obtain'd from fault Acknowledged and deplored, in Adam wrought Commiseration : soon his heart relented Towards her, his life so late, and sole delight, Now this feet submissive in distress Creatures of fair his reconcilement seeting. His counsel, whom she had displeased, His counsel, whom she had displeased, And the with peaceful words upraised her soon :

Unway, and too desirous, as before, So now of what thou know'st not, who desirest

PARADISE LOST.	947	
The punishment all on thyself; alas!		
Bear thine own first, ill able to sustain	959	
His full wrath, whose thou feel'st as yet least part	,	
And my displeasure bear'st so ill. If prayers	•	
Could alter high decrees, I to that place		
Would speed before thee, and be louder heard,		
That on my head all might be visited ;	955	
Thy frailty and infirmer sex forgiven,		
To me committed, and by me exposed.		
But rise ;let us no more contend, nor blame		
Each other, blamed enough elsewhere ; but strive		
in offices of love, how we may lighten	900	
Each other's burden, in our share of woe;		
Since this day's death denounced, if anght I see,		
Will prove no sudden, but a slow-paced evil;		
A long day's dying, to augment our pain;		
And to our seed (O hapless seed !) derived.	965	
To whom thus Eve, recovering heart, replied :		
Adam, by sad experiment I kncw		

How little weight my words with thee can find, Found so erroneous; thence by just event Found so unfortunate : nevertheless, 970 Restored by thee, vile as I am, to place Of new acceptance, hopeful to regain Thy love, the sole contentment of my heart Living or dying, from thee I will not hide What thoughts in my unquiet breast are risen, Tending to some relief of our extremes, Or end; though sharp and sad, yet tolerable, As in our evils, and of easier choice. If care of our descent perplex us most, Which must be born to certain woe, devour d By Death at last: and miserable it is To be to other cause of misery, Our own begotten, and of our loins to bring Into this cursed world a woful race, That after wretched life must be at last Food for so foul a monster; in thy power

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It lies, yet ere conception to prevent The race unbless'd, to being yet unbegot. Childless thou art, childless remain : so Death 990 Shall be deceived his glut, and with us two Be forced to satisfy his ravenous maw.-But if thou judge it hard and difficult, Conversing, looking, loving, to abstain From love's due rights, nuptial embraces sweet ; And with desire to languish without hope, 995 Before the present object languishing With like desire ; which would be misery And torment less than none of what we dread : Then, both ourselves and seed at once to free 1000 From what we fear for both, let us make short, Let us seek Death ;--or, he not found, supply With our own hands his office on ourselves : Why stand we longer shivering under fears, . That show no end but death, and have the power, Of many ways to die the shortest choosing, 1005 Destruction with destruction to destroy ?---

She ended here, or vehement despair Broke off the rest; so much of death her thoughts Had entertain'd, as dyed her cheeks with pale. But Adam, with such counsel nothing sway'd, 1010 To better hopes his more attentive mind Labouring had raised; and thus to Eve replied

Eve, thy contempt of life and pleasure seems To argue in thee something more sublime And excellent, than what thy mind contemns; But self-destruction therefore sought refutes That excellent thought in thee; and implies, Not thy contempt, but anguish and regret For loss of life and pleasure overloved. Or if thou covet death, as utmost end Of misery, so thinking to evade The penalty pronounced; doubt not but God Hath wiselier arm'd his vergeful ire than so To be forestall'd : much more I fear lest death,



8. X.

So snatch'd, will not exempt us from the pain 1095 We are by doom to pay; rather, such acts Of contumacy will provoke the Highest To make death in us live : then let us seek Some safer resolution, which methinks 1030 I have in view, calling to mind with heed Part of our sentence, that thy seed shall bruise The Serpent's head ; pitcous amends ! unless Be meant, whom I conjecture, our grand foe, Satan; who, in the serpent, hath contrived 1035 Against us this deceit : to crush his head Would be revenge indeed ! which will be lost By death brought on ourselves, or childless days Resolved, as thou proposest ; so our foe Shall scape his punishment ordain'd, and we Instead shall double ours upon our heads. No more be mention'd then of violence Against ourselves; and wilful barrenness, That cuts us off from hope ; and sayours only Rancour and pride, impatience and despite, Reluctance against God and his just voke 1045 Laid on our necks. Remember with what mild And gracious temper he both heard, and judged, Without wrath or reviling ; we expected Immediate dissolution, which we thought Was meant by death that day: when lo! to thee 1050 Pains only in childbearing were foretold, And bringing forth; soon recompensed with joy, Fruit of thy womb: on me the curse aslope Glanced on the ground; with labour I must earn My bread ; what harm? Idleness had been worse. 1955 My labour will sustain me; and, lest cold Or heat should injure us, his timely care Hath, unbesought, provided; and his hands Clothed us unworthy, pitying while he judged ; How much more, if we pray him, will his ear 1060 Be open, and his heart to pity incline, And teach us further by what means to shun

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PARADISE LOST. The inclement seasons, rain, ice, hail, and anew! Which now the sky, with various face, begins To show us in this mountain ; while the winds 1065 Blow moist and keen, shattering the graceful locks Of these fair spreading trees; which bids us seek Some better shroud, some better warmth to cherish Our limbs benumb'd, ere this diurnal star Leave cold the night, how we his gather'd beams 1070 Reflected may with matter sere foment; Or, by collision of two bodies, grind The air attrite to fire ; as late the clouds Justling, or push'd with winds, rude in their shock, The the slant lightning; whose thwart flame, driven F ... down, Findles the gummy bark of fir or pine; 1076 And sends a comfortable heat from far, Which might supply the sun : such fire to-use, And what may else be remedy or cure To evils which our own misdeeds have wrought, 1080 He will instruct us praying, and of grace Beseeching him ; so as we need that fear To pass commodiously this life, sastain'd By him with many comforts, till we end In dust, our final rest and native home. 1085 What better can we do than, to the place Repairing where he judged us, prostrate fall Before him reverent ; and there confess Humbly our faults, and pardon ber; with tears Watering the ground, and with our sighs the air 1090 Frequenting, sent from hearts contrite, in sign Of sorrow unfeign'd, and bumiliation meek ? Undoubtedly he will relent, and turn From his displeasure ; in whose look serene, When angry most he seem'd and most severe, 1095 What else but favour, grace, and merey, shone? So spake our father penitent ; nor Ere Felt less remorse : they, firth with to the Repairing where he judged them, prostrate fell



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Before him reverent ; and both confessed 1100 Humbly their faults, and parlon begg'd : with tears Watering the ground, and with their sighs the air Frequenting, sent from hearts contrite, in sign Of sorrow unfeign'd and humiliation meak

BOOK XI.

THUS they, in lowliest plight, repentant stood Praving, for from the mercy-seat above Prevenient grace descending had removed The stony from their hearts, and made new fiesh Regenerate grow instead; that sighs now breathed 5 Unutterable; which the Spirit of prayer Inspired, and wing'd for Heaven with speedier flight Than loudest oratory : yet their port Not of mean suitors; nor important less Seem'd their petition, than when the ancient pair 10 In fables old, less ancient yet than these. Deucalion and chaste Pyrrha, to restore The race of mankind drown'd, before the shrine Of Themis stood devout. To Heaven their pravers Flew up, nor iniss'd the way, by envious winds 15 Blown vagabond or frustrate : in they pass d Dimensionless through heavenly doors; then clad With incense, where the golden altar fumed By their great Intercessor, came in sight Before the Father's throne : them the glad Son 20 Presenting, thus to intercede began :

The Son of God presents to his Father the prayers of our first parents now repenting, and intercedes for them: God accepts them, but declares that they must no longer shide in Paradise, sends Michael with a band of Cherubim to dispossess them: but first to regreal to Adam future things: Michael's coming down. Adam shows to Eve certain ominous signs; he discerns Michael's approach; goes out to meet him; the Angel denounces their departure. Eve's Lamentation. Adam pleads, but submits: The Angel leads him up to a high hill; sets before him in vision what shell happen till the Flood.

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See, Father, what first-fruits on earth are sprung From thy implanted grace in Man ; these sighs And prayers, which in this golden censer, mix'd With incense, I thy priest before thee bring : 25 Fruits of more pleasing savour, from thy seed Sown with contrition in his heart, than those Which, his own hand manuring, all the trees Of Paradise could have produced, ere fallen From innocence. Now, therefore, bend thine ear 30 e. To supplication ; hear his sighs, though mute ; Unskilful with what words to pray, let me Interpret for him ; me, his advocate And propitiation ; all his works on me. Good or not good, ingraft ; my merit those 36 Shall perfect, and for these my death shall pay. Accept me; and, in me, from these receive The smell of peace toward mankind : let him live Before thee reconciled, at least his days Number'd, though sad ; till death, his doom (which I To mitigate thus plead, not to reverse,) 41 To better life shall yield him : where with me All my redeem'd may dwell in 10y and bliss ; Made one with me, as I with thee am one. 45

To whom the Father, without cloud, serene; All thy request for Man, seepted Son, Obtain; all thy request was my decree: But, longer in that Paradise to dwell, The law I gave to nature him forbids: Those pure immortal elements, that know No gross, no unharmonious mixture foul, Eject him, tainted now; and purge him off, As a distemper, gross, to air as gross, And mortal food; as may dispose him best For dissolution wrought by sin, that first Distemper'd all things, and of incorrupt Corrupted. I, at first, with too fair gifts Created him endow'd; with happiness 253

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254	PARADISE LOST.	B. XL
And immo	rtality : that fondly lost,	
This other	served but to eternize woe;	60
Till I prov	rided death : so death becomes	
His final r	emedy; and, after life,	
Tried in a	harp tribulation, and refined	•
By faith a	nd faithful works, to second life,	
	the renovation of the just,	65
	im up with Heaven and Earth renew	'd.
	call to synod all the Bless'd	[hide
	Heaven's wide bounds : from them I	will not
	ents; how with mankind I proceed,	
	ith peccant Angels late they saw,	70
	eir state, though firm, stood more con	ıfirm'd.
	ed, and the Son gave signal high	
	ight minister that watch'd ; he blew	
•	et, heard in Oreb since perhaps	
	d descended, and perhaps once more	75
	at general doom. The angelic blast	
	he regions : from their blissful bower	6
	ntine shade, fountain or spring,	
	ters of life, where'er they sat	
	hips of joy, the sons of light	80
	sorting to the summons high;	
	their seats : till from his throne supre	
	ghty thus prenounced his sov'reign w	rill :
	like one of us Man is become	
	both good and evil, since his taste	85
	efended fruit; but let him boast	
	edge of good lost, and evil got;	
	had it sufficed him to have known	
	tself, and evil not at all.	
He sorrow	's now, repents, and prays contrite,	90
My motion	ns in him; longer than they move,	
File neart	I know, how variable and vain,	
Beit-ieit.	Lest therefore his now bolder hand	
Reach also	o of the tree of life, and eat,	
And live i	or ever, dream at least to live	96

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PARADISE LOST	255
For ever, te remove him I decree,	
And send him from the garden forth to till	
The ground whence he was taken, fitter soil.	
Michaël, this my behest have thou in charge ;	
Take to thee from among the Cherubim	100
Thy choice of flaming warriors, lest the Fiend,	
Or in behalf of Man, or to invade	
Vacant possession, some new trouble raise :	
Haste thee, and from the Paradise of God	
Without remorse drive out the sinful pair;	105
From hallow'd ground the unholy; and denounce	
To them, and to their progeny, from thence	
Perpetual banishment. Yet, lest they faint	
At the sad sentence rigorously urged	
(For I behold them soften'd, and with tears	110
Bewailing their excess,) all terror hide.	
If patiently thy bidding they obey,	
Dismiss them not disconsolate ; reveal	
To Adam what shall come in future days,	
As I shall thee enlighten ; intermix	115
My covenant in the Woman's seed renew'd;	
So send them forth, though sorrowing, yet in year	8 * :
And on the east side of the garden place,	
Where entrance up from Eden easiest climbs,	
	.190
Wide-waving ; all approach far off to flight.	
And guard all presage to the tree of life (
Lest Paradise a receptacle prove	
To Spirits foul, and all my trees their proy : ++-	
With whose stolen fruit Man once more to delude.	
He ceased; and the archangelic Power prepare	d
For swift descent ; with him the cohort bright	
Of watchful Cherubim : four faces each	
Had, like a double Janus; all their shape	•
Spangled with eyes more numerous than those	190
Of Argus, and more wakeful than to drowse,	
Charm'd with Arcadian pipe, the pastoral reed	•
Of Hermes, or his opiate rod. Meanwhile,	•

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B. 11.

To resalute the world with sacred light, Leucothea waked; and with fresh dews embalm'd 135 The earth; when Adam and first matron Eve Had ended now their orisons, and found Strength added from above; new hope to spring Out of despair; joy, but with fear yet link'd; Which thus to Eve his welcome words renew'd: 140

Eve, easily may faith admit, that all The good which we enjoy from Heaven descends; But, that from us aught should ascend to Heaven So prevalent as to concern the mind Of God high-bless'd, or to incline his will, 145 Hard to belief may seem ; yet this will prayer Or one short sight of human breath, upborne Even to the seat of God. For since I sought By prayer the offended Deity to appease ; Kneel'd, and before him humbled all my heart : 150 Methought I saw him placable and mild, Bending his ear ; persuasion in me grew That I was heard with favour; peace return'd Home to my breast, and to my memory His promise, that thy seed shall bruise our foe; 155 Which, then not minded in dismay, yet now Assures me that the bitterness of death Is pass'd, and we shall live. Whence hail to thee, Eve rightly call'd, mother of all mankind, Mother of all things living, since by thee 16)-Man is to live ; and all things live for Man.

To whom thus Eve with sad demeanour meek: Ill worthy I such title should belong To me transgressor; who, for thee ordain'd * A help, became thy snare; to me reproach Rather belongs, distrust, and all dispraise; But infinite in pardon was my Judge, That I, who first brought death on all, am graced The source of life; next favourable thou, Who highly thus to entitle me vouchsafest, Far other name deserving. But the field

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To labour calls us, now with sweat imposed, Though after sleepless night ; for see ! the morn, All unconcern'd with our unrest, begins Her rosy progress smiling : let us forth ; 175 I never from thy side henceforth to stray. Where'er our day's work lies, though now enjoin'd Laborious, till day droop ; while here we dwell, What can be toilsome in these pleasant walks? Here let us live, though in fallen state, content. 180

So spake, so wish'd much humbled Eve ; but Fate Subscribed not : Nature first gave signs, impress'd On bird, beast, air; air suddenly eclipsed, After short blush of morn; nigh in her sight The bird of Jove, stoop'd from his aery tour, 185 Two birds of gayest plume before him drove ; Down from a hill the beast that reigns in woods, First hunter then, pursued a gentle brace. Goodliest of all the forest, hart and hind : Direct to the eastern gate was bent their flight. 190 Adam observed, and with his eye the chase Pursuing, not unmoved, to Eve thus spake.

O Eve, some further change awaits us nigh. Which Heaven, by these muto signs in Nature, shows Forerunners of his purpose : or to warn 195 Us, haply too secure of our discharge From penalty, because from death released Some days: how long, and what till then our life, Who knows? or more than this, that we are dust, And thither must return, and be no more ? 200 Why else this double object in our sight Of flight pursued in the air, and o'er the ground, One way the selfsame hour? why in the east Darkness ere day's mid-course, and morning-light More orient in yon western cloud, that draws 205 O'er the blue firmament a radiant white, And slow descends with something heavenly fraught?

He err'd not; for by this the heavenly bands Down from a sky of jasper lighted now 02+

PARADISE LOST. 268 B. XI. In Paradise, and on a hill made halt : 210 A glorious apparition, had not doubt And carnal fear that day dimm'd Adam's eye. Not that more glorious, when the Angels met Jacob in Mahanaim, where he saw The field pavilion'd with his guardians bright : 215 Nor that, which on the flaming mount appear'd In Dothan, cover'd with a camp of fire, Against the Syrian king, who to surprise One man, assassin-like, had levied war, War unproclaim'd. The princely Hierarch 990 In their bright stand there left his Powers, to seize Possession of the garden ; he alone, To find where Adam shelter'd, took his way. Not unperceived of Adam : who to Eve. While the great visitant approach'd, thus spake : 225 Eve, now expect great tidings, which perhaps Of us will soon determine, or impose New laws to be observed : for I descry. From vonder blazing cloud that veils the hill, One of the heavenly host ! and, by his gait, 230 None of the meanest ; some great Potentate Or of the Thrones above ; such majesty Invests him coming ! yet not terrible, That I should fear ; nor sociably mild. As Raphael, that I should much confide ; 235 But solemn and sublime ; whom not to offend. With reverence I must meet. and thou retire. He ended : and the Archangel soon drew nigh, Not in his shape celestial, but as man Clad to meet man ; over his lucid arms 240 A military vest of purple flow'd, Livelier than Meliboan, or the grain Of Sarra, worn by kings and heroes old

In time of truce; Iris had dipp'd the woof; His starry helm unbuckled show'd him prime In manhood where youth ended; by his side, As in a glistering zodiac, hung the sword,

Satan's dire dread; and in his hand the spear. Adam bow'd low; he, kingly, from his state Inclined not, but his coming thus declared :

Adam ! Heaven's high behest no preface needs : Sufficient that thy prayers are heard ; and Death, Then due by sentence when thou didst transgress, Defeated of his seizure many days Given thee of grace ; wherein thou mayst repent, 255 And one bad act with many deeds well done Mayst cover : well may then thy Lord, appeased, Redeem thee quite from Death's rapacious claim ; But longer in this Paradise to dwell Permits not : to remove thee I am come, 260 And send thee from the garden forth to till The ground whence thou wast taken, fitter soil.

He added not; for Adam at the news Heart-struck with chilling gripe of sorrow stood, 'That all his senses bound; Eve, who unseen 265 Yet all had hoard, with audible lament Discover'd soon the place of her retire.

O unexpected stroke, worse than of Death ! Must I thus leave thee, Paradise ? thus leave Thee, native soil ! these happy walks and shades, 270 Fit haunt of Gods ? where I had hope to spend. Quiet though sad, the respite of that day That must be mortal to us both. O flowers, That never will in other climate grow, My early visitation, and my last 275 At even, which I bred up with tender hand From the first opening bud, and gave ye names! Who now shall rear ye to the sun, or rank Your tribes, and water from the ambrosial fount? Thee lastly, nuptial bower ! by me adorn'd 280 With what to sight or smell was sweet ! from thes How shall I part, and whither wandeedown Into a lower world ; to this obscure And wild ? how shall we breathe in other air Less pure, accustom'd to immortal fruits ? 285

259

Whom thus the Angel interrupted mild: Lament not, Eve, but patiently resign What justly thou hast lost, nor set thy heart, Thus overfond, on that which is not thine: Thy going is not lonely; with thee goes Thy husband; him to follow thou art bound; Where he abides, think there thy native soil.

Adam, by this from the cold sudden damp Recovering, and his scatter'd spirits return'd, To Michaël thus his humble words address'd :

Celestial, whether among the Thrones, or named Of them the highest ; for such of shape may seem Prince above princes : gently hast thou told Thy message, which might else in telling wound. And in performing end us; what besides 300 Of sorrow, and dejection, and despair, Our frailty can sustain, thy tidings bring, Departure from this happy place, our sweet Recess, and only consolation left Familiar to our eyes ! all places else 305 Inhospitable appear, and desolate; Nor knowing us, nor known : and, if by prayer Incessant I could hope to change the will Of Him who all things can, I would not cease To weary him with my assiduous cries : 310 But prayer against his absolute decree No more avails than breath against the wind, Blown stifling back on him that breathes it forth : Therefore to his great bidding I submit. This most afflicts me, that, departing hence, 315 As from his face I shall be hid, deprived His blessed countenance : here I could frequent With worship place by place where he vouchsafed Presence Divine; and to my sons relate. On this mount he appear'd; under this tree Stood visible; among these pines his voice I heard; here with him at this fountain talk'd : So many grateful altars I would sear

	PARADISE LOST.	261
1	Of grassy turf, and pile up every stone	
•••	Of lustre from the brook, in memory,	325
	Or monument to ages, and thereon	
	Offer sweet-smelling gums; and fruits, and flower	5:
	In yonder nether world where shall I seek	
	His bright appearances, or footstep trace ?	
	For though I fled him angry, yet, recall'd	330
	To life prolong'd and promised race, I now	
••	Gladly behold though but his utmost skirts	
	Of glory; and far off his steps adore.	
	To whom thus Michael with regard benign :	
	Adam, thou know'st Heaven his, and all the Earth	h;
	Not this rock only; his Omnipresence fills	336
	Land, sea, and air, and every kind that lives,	
	Fomented by his virtual power and warm'd:	
	All the earth he gave thee to possess and rule,	
	No despicable gift ; surmise not than	340
	His presence to these narrow bounds confined	
	Of Paradise, or Eden, this had been	
	Perhaps thy capital seat, from whence had spread	
	All generations; and had hither come	
	From all the ends of the earth, to celebrate	345
	And reverence thee, their great progenitor.	
	But this preeminence thou hast lost, brought down	2
	To dwell on even ground now with thy sons:	
	Yet doubt not but in valley and on plain	
	God is, as here, and will be found alike	350
	Present; and of his presence many a sign	
	Still following thee, still compassing thee round	
	With goodness and paternal love, his face	
	Express, and of his steps the track divine.	
	Which that thou mayst believe, and be confirm'd	355
	Ere thou from hence depart ; know, 1 am sent	
	To show thee what shall come in future days	
	To thee and to thy offspring ; good with bad	
	Expect to hear; supernal grace contending	
	With sinfulness of nien; thereby to learn	360
	True patience, and to temper joy with fear	
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And pious sorrow; equally inured By moderation either state to bear, Prosperous or adverse: so shalt thou lead Safest thy life, and best prepared endure Thy mortal passage when it comes.—Ascend This hill; let Eve (for I have drench'd her eyes) Here sleep below; while thou to foresight wakest; As once thou slept'st, while she to life was form'd.

To whom thus Adam gratefully replied : Ascend; I follow thee, safe Guide, the path Thou lead'st me; and to the hand of Heaven submit, However chastening; to the evil turn My obvious breast; arming to overcome By suffering, and earn rest from labour won, 375 If so I may attain.-So both ascend In the visions of God. It was a hill. Of Paradise the highest; from whose top The hemisphere of earth, in clearest ken, Stretch'd out to the amplest reach of prospect lay. 380 Not higher that hill, nor wider looking round. Whereon, for different cause, the Tempter set Our second Adam, in the wilderness: To show him all Earth's kingdoms and their glory. His eye might there command wherever stood 385 City of old or modern fame, the seat Of mightiest empire, from the destined wall Of Cambalu, seat of Cathaian Can, And Samarchand by Oxus, Temir's throne. To Paquin of Singan kings; and thence 390 To Agra and Lahor of great Mogul. Down to the golden Chersonese; or where The Persian in Ecbatan sat, or since In Hispahan; or where the Russian Ksar In Mosco; or the Sultan in Disance, Turchestan-born ; nor could his eye not ken The empire of Negus to his utmost port Ercoco, and the less maritime kings Mombaza, and Quiloa, and Melind,



8. XI

PARADISE LOST. And Sofala, thought Ophir, to the realm 400 Of Congo, and Angola furthest south ;--Or thence from Niger flood to Atlas mount The kingdoms of Almansor, Fez and Sus, Morocco, and Algiers, and Tremisen : On Europe thence, and where Rome was to sway 405 The world : in spirit perhaps he also saw Rich Mexico, the seat of Montezume, And Cusco in Peru, the richer seat Of Atabalipa ; and yet unspoil'd 410 Guiana, whose great city Gervon's sons Call El Dorado. But to nobler sights Michaël from Adam's eyes the film removed, Which that false fruit that promised clearer sight Had bred; then purged with euphrasy and rue 415 The visual nerve, for he had much to see ; And from the well of life three drops instill'd. So deep the power of these ingredients pierced, Even to the inmost seat of mental sight. That Adam, now enforced to close his eyes, Sunk down, and all his spirits became entranced ; 420 But him the gentle Angel by the hand Soon raised, and his attention thus recall'd :

Adam, now ope thine eyes; and first behold The effects which thy original crime hath wrought In some to spring from thee; who never touched 425 The excepted tree; nor with the snake conspired; Nor sinned thy sin ; yet from that sin derive Corruption, to bring forth more violent deeds.

His eves he opened, and beheld a field, Part arable and tilth, whereon were sheaves 430 New reap'd; the other part sheep walks and folds; I' the midst an altar as the landmark stood, Bustic, of grassy south million anon A sweaty reaper from an tillare brought First fruits, the green ear, and the yellow thear, 435 Uncull'd, as chips to hand : a shepherd most



More meek, came with the firstlings of his flock, Choicest and best: then, sacrificing, laid The inwards and their fat, with incense strow'd, On the cleft wood, and all due rites performed. 440 His offering scon propitious fire from Heaven Consumed with nimble glance and grateful steam The other's not, for his was not sincere; Whereat he inly raged, and, as they talk'd, Smote him into the midriff with a stone That beat out life; he fell; and, deadly pale, Groan'd out his soul with gushing blood effused. Much at that sight was Adam in his heart Dismay'd, and thus in haste to the Angel cried :

O Teacher! some great mischief hath befallen 450 To that meek man, who well had sacrificed ; Is piety thus and pure devotion paid ?

To whom Michael thus, he also moved, replied: These two are brethren, Adam, and to come Out of thy loins; the unjust the just hath slain, 455 For envy that his brother's offering found From Heaven acceptance; but the bloedy fact Will be avenged; and the other's faith, approved, Lose no reward; though here thou see him die, Rolling in dust and gore. To which our sire: 460

Alas! both for the deed and for the cause; But have I now seen Death? Is this the way I must return to native dust? O sight Of terror, foul and ugly to behold, Horrid to think, how horrible to feel! 465

To whom thus Michaël: Death thou hast seen In his first shape on man; but many shapes Of Death, and many are the ways that lead To his grim cave, all dismal: yet to sense More terrible at the entrance, than within, **470** Some, as thou saw'st, by violent stroke shall die; By fire, flood, famine, by intemperance more In meats and drinks, which on the earth shall bring

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B. XJ.

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Discases dire, of which a monstrous crew Before thee shall appear ; that thou may'st know 475 What misery the inabstinence of Eve Shall bring on Men. Immediately a place Before his eyes appear'd, sad, noisome, dark ; A lazar-house it seem'd ; wherein were laid Numbers of all diseased ; all maladies 480 Of ghastly spasm, or racking torture, qualms Of heartsick agony, all feverous kinds, Convulsions, epilepsies, fierce catarrhs, Intestine stone and ulcer, colic-pangs, Demoniac frenzy, moping melancholy. 485 And moon-struck madness, pining atrophy. Marasmus, and wide-wasting pestilence. Dropsies, and asthmas, and joint-racking rheums Diro was the tossing, deep the groans ; Despair Tended the sick busiest from couch to couch ; 490 And over them triumphant Death his dart Shook, but delay'd to strike, though oft invoked With vows, as their chief good and final hope. Sight so deform what heart of rock could long Dry eyed behold ? Adam could not, but wept, 495 Though not of woman born : compassion quell'd His best of man, and gave him up to tears A space, till firmer thoughts restrain'd excess ; And, scarce recovering words, his plaint renew'd : U miserable mankind, to what fall 500 Degraded, to what wretched state reserved ! Better end here unborn. Why is life given

To be thus wrested from us? rather, why Obtruded on us thus? who, if we knew What we receive, would either not accept Life offer'd, or soon beg to lay it down; Glad to be so dismiss'd in peace. Can thus The image de God in Man, created once So goodly and eroct, though faulty since, To such unsightly sufferings be debased Under inhuman pains? Why should not Man, 23

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Retaining still divine similitude In part, from such deformities be free, And, for his Maker's image sake, exempt ?

Their Maker's image, answer'd Michael, then 515 Forsook them, when themselves they vilified To serve ungovern'd Appetite ; and took His image whom they served, a brutish vice, Inductive mainly to the sin of Eve. Therefore so abject is their punishment, 520 Disfiguring not God's likeness, but their own ; Or if his likeness, by themselves defaced ; While they pervert pure Nature's healthful rules To loathsome sickness ; worthily since they God's image did not reverence in themselves. 525

I yield it just, said Adam, and submit. But is there yet no other way, besides These painful passages, how we may come To death, and mix with our connatural dust

530 There is, said Michael, if thou well observe The rule of Not too much ; by temperance taught, In what thou cat'st and drink'st; seeking from thence Due nourishment, not gluttonous delight, Till many years over thy head return : So mayst thou live ; till, like ripe fruit, thou drop 535 Into thy mother's lap; or be with ease Gather'd, not harshly pluck'd ; for death mature : This is Old Age ; but then thou must outlive [change Thy youth, thy strength, thy beauty; which will To wither'd, weak, and gray; thy senses then, 540 Obtuse, all taste of pleasure must forego. To what thou hast; and, for the air of youth, Hopeful and cheerful, in thy blood will reign A melancholy damp of cold and dry To weigh thy spirits down, and last consume 545 The balm of life. To whom our ancestor :

Henceforth I fly not death, nor would prolong Life much; bent rather, how I may be quit, Fairest and easiest, of this cumbrous charge;

Which I must keep till my appointed day Of rendering up, and patiently attend My dissolution. Michaël replied :

Nor love thy life, nor hate; tut what thou livest Live well; how long, or short, permit to Heaven: And now prepare thee for another sight. 555

He look'd, and saw a spacious plain, whereon Were tents of various hue ; by some were herds Of cattle grazing; others, whence the sound Of instruments, that made melodious chime, Was heard, of harp and organ; and, who moved 560 Their stops and chords, was seen ; his volant touch. Instinct through all proportions, low and high, Fled and pursued transverse the resonant fugue In other part stood one who, at the forge Labouring, two massy clods of iron and brass 565 Had melted (whether found where casual fire Had wasted woods on mountain or in vale. Down to the veins of earth ; thence gliding hot To some cave's mouth ; or whether wash'd by stream From underground ;) the liquid ore he drain'd 570 Into fit moulds prepared ; from which he form'd First his own tools; then, what might else be wrought Fusil or graven in metal. After these, But on the hither side, a different sort **Seat** From the high neighbouring hills, which was their Down to the plain descended ; by their guise 576 Just men they seem'd, and all their study bent To worship God aright, and know his works Not hid; nor those things last, which might preserve Freedom and peace to Men; they on the plain 580 Long had not walk'd, when from the tents, behold ! A bevy of fair women, richly gay, In gems and wanton dress; to the harp they sung Soft amorous ditties, and in dance came on : The men, though grave, eyed them ; and let their eyes Rove without rein ; till, in the amorous net 586 Fast caught, they liked : and each his liking chose;

268

B. XL.

And now of love they treat, till the evening star, Love's harbinger, appear'd; then, all in heat They light the nuptial torch, and bid invoke 590 Hymen, then first to marriage rites invoked. With feast and music all the tents resound. Such happy interview, and fair event Of love and youth not lost, songs, garlands, flowers, And charming symphonies, attach'd the heart 595 Of Adam, soon inclined to admit delight, The bent of nature; which he thus express'd:

True opener of mine eyes, prime Angel bless'd; Much better seems this vision, and more hope Of peaceful days portends, than those two pass'd; 600 Those were of hate and death, or pain much worse Here Nature seems fulfill'd in all her ends.

To whom thus Michael: Judge not what is best By pleasure, though to nature seeming meet : Created, as thou art, to nobler end 605 Holy and pure, conformity divine. Those tents thou saw'st so pleasant were the tents Of wickedness, wherein shall dwell his race Who slew his brother; studious they appear Of arts that polish life, inventors rare: 610 Unmindful of their Maker, though his Spirit Taught them ; but they his gifts acknowledged none. Yet they a beauteous offspring shall beget ; For that fair female troop thou saw'st, that seem'd Of Goddesses so blithe, so smooth, so gay, 615 Yet empty of all good wherein consists Woman's domestic honour and shief praise; Bred only and completed to the taste Of lustful appetence, to sing, to dance, To dress, and troll the tongue, and roll the eye : 620 To these that sober race of men, whose lives Religious titled them the sons of God, Shall yield up all their virtue, all their fame Ignobly, to the trains and to the smiles Of these fair atheists; and now swim in joy. 625

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PARADISE LOST. 269 Erelong to swim at large; and laugh for which The world erelong a world of tears must weep. To whom thus Adam, of short joy bereft: O pity and shame, that they, who to live well 630 Enter'd so fair, should turn aside to tread Paths indirect, or in the mid way faint ! But still I see the tenor of Man's woe Holds on the same, from Woman to begin From Man's effeminate slackness it begins. Said the Angel, who should better hold his place 635 By wisdom, and superior gifts received. But now prepare thee for another scene. He look'd, and saw wide territory spread Before him, towns, and rural works between, Cities of Men with lofty gates and towers, 640 Concourse in arms, fierce faces threatening war, Giants of mighty bone and bold emprise; Part wield their arms, part curb the foaming steed, Single or in array of battle ranged Both horse and foot, nor idly mustering stood; 645 One way a band select from forage drives A herd of beeves, fair oxen and fair kine. From a fat meadow ground ; or fleecy flock, Ewes and their bleating lambs over the plain, Their booty ; scarce with life the shepherds fly, 650 But call in aid, which makes a bloody fray; With cruel tournament the squadrons join ; Where cattle pastured late, now scatter'd lies With carcasses and arms the ensanguined field, Deserted : Others to a city strong 655 Lay siege, encamp'd; by battery, scale, and mine, Assaulting : others from the wall defend With dart and javelin, stones, and sulphurous fire; On each hand slaughter and gigantic deeds. In other part the sceptred heralds call 666 To council, in the city-gates ; anon Gray-headed men and grave, with warriors mix'd Assemble, and harangues are heard : but soon,

B. XI.

In factious opposition ; till at last, 665 Of middle age one rising, eminent In wise deport, spake much of right and wrong. Of justice, of religion, truth, and peace, And judgment from above : him old and young Exploded, and had seized with violent hands, Had not a cloud descending snatch'd him thence 670 Unseen amid the throng; so violence Proceeded, and oppression, and sword-law, Through all the plain, and refuge none was found Adam was all in tears, and to his guide Lamenting turn'd full sad : O! what are these. 675 Death's ministers, not men ? who thus deal death Inhumanly to men. and multiply Ten thousandfold the sin of him who slew His brother: for of whom such massacre Make they, but of their brethren ; men of men? 680 But who was that just man, whom had not Heaven Rescued, had in his righteousness been lost ? -To whom thus Michaël : These are the product Of those ill mated marriages thou saw'st ; [selves Where good with bad were match'd, who of them-Abhor to join ; and, by imprudence mix'd. 6.6 Produce prodigious births of body or mind. Such were these giants, men of high renown : For in those days might only shall be advaired.

 And valour and heroic virtue call'd;
 690

 To overcome in battle, and subdue
 90

 Nations, and bring home spoils with infinite
 90

 Man-slaughter, shall be hold the highest pitch
 90

 Of human glory; and for glory done
 90

 Of triumph, to be styled great conquerors, fastrons of mankind, Gods, and sons of Gods;
 695

 Destroyers rightlier call'd, and plagues of men.
 91

Thus fame shall be achieved, renown on Earth; And what most merits fame, in silence hid. But he, the seventh from thee, whom thou beheldst The only righteous in a world perverse, 701

And therefore hated, therefore so beset With foes, for daring single to be just, And utter odious truth, that God would come To judge them with his Saints ; him the Most High Wrapp'd in a balmy cloud with winged steeds 706 Did, as thou saw'st, receive, to walk with Ged High in salvation and the climes of bliss. Exempt from death ; to show thee what reward Awaits the good ; the rest what punishment ; 710 Which now direct thine eyes and soon behold. He look'd, and saw the face of things guite changed : The braden throat of war had ceased to roar; All now was turn'd to jollity and game, To luxury and riot, feast and dance; 715 Marrying or prostituting, as befel, Rape or adultery, where passing fair Allured them; thence from cups to civil broils. At length a reverend sire among them came, And of their doings great dislike declared, And testified against their ways : he oft Frequented their assemblies, whereas met, Triumphs or festivals; and to them preach'd Conversion and repentance, as to souls In prison, under judgments imminent : But all in vain : which when he saw, he ceased Contending, and removed his tents far off; Then, from the mountain hewing timber tall, Began to build a vessel of huge bulk; Measured by cubit, length, and breadth, and beight : Smear'd round with pitch ; and in the side a door 731 Contrived ; and of provisions laid in large, For man and beast : when lo, a wonder strange ! Of every beast, and bird, and insect small Came sevens, and pairs : and enter'd in as taught 735 Their order : last the sire and his three sons, With their four wives; and God made fast the door. Meanwhile the south-wind rose, and, with black wings Wide-hovering, all the clouds together drove

PARADISE LOST. 272 B. XI. From under Heaven ; the hills to their supply 740 Vapour, and exhalation dusk and moist, Sent up amain ; and now the thicken'd sky Like a dark ceiling stood ; down rush'd the rain Impetuous; and continued, till the earth No more was seen; the floating vessel swum 745 Uplifted, and secure with beaked prow Rode tilting o'er the waves ; all dwellings else Flood overwhelm'd, and them with all their pomp Deep under water roll'd ; sea cover'd sea, Sea without shore; and in their palaces, 750 Where luxury late reign'd, sea-monsters when'd And stabled; of mankind, so numerous late. All left in one small bottom swum embark'd. How didst thou grieve then, Adam, to behold The end of all thy offspring, end so sad, 755 Depopulation ! Thee another flood, Of tears and sorrow a flood, thee also drown'd, And sunk thee as thy sons ; till, gently rear'd By the Angel, on thy feet thou stood'st at last. Though comfortless; as when a father mourns 760 His children, all in view destroy'd at once ; And scarce to the Angel utter'dst thus thy plaint O visions ill foreseen ! Better had I Lived ignorant of future ! so had borne My part of evil only, each day's lot 765 Enough to bear; those now, that were dispensed The burden of many ages, on me light At once, by my foreknowledge gaining birth Abortive, to torment me ere their being, With thought that they must be. Let no man seek Henceforth to be foretold what shall befal 771 Him or his children ; evil he may be sure, Which neither his foreknowing can prevent ; And he the future evil shall no less In apprehension than in substance feel, 775 Grievous to bear : but that care now is pass'd, Man is not whom te warn ; those few escaped

Famine and anguish will at last consume, Wandering that watery desert : I had hope, 780 When violence was ceased, and war on earth, All would have then gone well; peace would have crown'd With length of happy days the race of man; But I was far deceived : for now I see Peace to corrupt no less than war to waste. How comes it thus? unfold, celestial Guide, 786 And whether here the race of Man will end. To whom thus Michael: Those, whom last thou saw'st In triumph and luxurious wealth, are they First seen in acts of prowess eminent And great exploits, but of true virtue void ; 790 Who, having spilt much blood, and done much waste, Subduing nations, and achieved thereby Fame in the world, high titles, and rich prey; Shall change their course to pleasure, ease, and sloth, Surfeit, and lust ; till wantonness and pride 795 Raise out of friendship hostile deeds in peace. The conquer'd also, and enslaved by war, Shall, with their freedom lost, all virtue lose And fear of God; from whom their piety feign'd 800 In sharp contést of battle found no aid Against invaders; therefore, cool'd in zeal, Thenceforth shall practise how to live secure, Worldly or dissolute, on what their lords Shall leave them to enjoy; for the earth shall bear More than enough, that temperance nay be tried: 805 So all shall turn degenerate, all deprayed; Justice and temperance, truth and faith forgot; One man except, the only son of light In a dark age, against example good, 810 Against allurement, custom, and a world Offended : fearless of reproach and scorn Or violence, he of their wicked wave Shall them admonish; and before them set

The paths of righteousness, how much more safe And full of peace; denouncing wrath to come 815 On their impenitence; and shall return Of them derided, but of God observed The one just man alive; by his command Shall build a wondrous ark, as thou beheldst. To save himself and household from amidst 820 A world devote to universal wrack. No sooner he, with them of man and beast Select for life, shall in the ark be lodged. And shelter'd round, but all the cataracts Of Heaven set open on the Earth shall pour 825 Rain, day and night ; all fountains of the deep. Broke up, shall heave the ocean to usurp Beyond all bounds; till inundation rise Above the highest hills: then shall this mount Of Paradise by might of waves be moved 830 Out of his place, push'd by the horned flood, With all his verdure spoil'd, and trees adrift, Down the great river to the opening gulf, And there take root an island salt and bare, The haunt of seals, and orcs, and seamews' clang : 835 To teach thee that God attributes to place No sanctity, if none be thither brought By men who there frequent or therein dwell. And now, what further should ensue, behold.

He look'd, and saw the ark hull on the flood, 840 Which now abated; for the clouds were fled, Driven by a keen north wind, that, blowing dry, Wrinkled the face of deluge, as decay'd; And the clear sun on his wide watery glass Gazed hot, and of the fresh wave largely drew, 845 As after thirst; which made their flowing shrink From standing lake to tripping ebb, that stole With soft foot towards the deep; who now had stopp'd His sluices, as the Heaven his windows shut. The ark no more now floats, but seems on ground, 850 Fast on the top of some high mountain fix'd.

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B. XL

And now the tops of hills, as rocks, appear; With clamour thence the rapid currents drive, Towards the retreating sea, their furious tide. Forthwith from out the ark a raven flies, And after him, the surer messenger, A dove sent forth once and again to spy Green tree or ground, whereon his foot may light: The second time returning, in his bill An olive-leaf he brings, pacific sign : Anon dry ground appears, and from his ark The ancient sire descends, with all his train : Then with uplifted hands, and eves devout, Grateful to Heaven, over his head beholds A dewy cloud, and in the cloud a bow Conspicuous with three listed colours gay, Betokening peace from God, and covenant new. Whereat the heart of Adam, erst so sad, Greatly rejoiced; and thus his joy broke forth:

O thou, who future things canst represent 870 · As present, heavenly Instructor ! I revive At this last sight ; assured that Man all live. With all the creatures, and their seed p. verve. Far less I now lament for one whole world Of wicked sons destroy'd, than I rejoice For one man found so perfect and so just That God vouchsafes to raise another world Trom him, and all his anger to forget. But say, what mean those colour'd streaks in Heavon Distended, as the brow of God appeased ? 860 Or serve they, as a flowery verge, to bind The fluid skirts of that same watery cloud, Lest it again dissolve, and shower the earth ?

To whom the Archangel: Dexterously thou aim'st ; i So willingly doth God remit his ire, 885 Though late repenting him of Man depraved ; Grieved at his heart, when looking down he saw The whole earth fill'd with violence, and all flesh Corrupting each their way; yet, those removed,

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PARADISE LOST. 276 B. XI. Such grace shall one just man find in his sight, 890 That he relents, not to blot out mankind ; And makes a covenant never to destroy The earth again by flood ; nor let the sea Surpass his bounds; nor rain to drown the world, With man therein or beast ; but, when he brings 895 · Over the earth a cloud, will therein set His triple-colour'd bow, whereon to look, And call to mind his covenant : day and night, Seed-time and harvest, heat and hoary frost, 899 Shall hold their course ; till fire purge all things new. Both Heaven and Earth, wherein the just shall dwell.

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BOOK XII.

The Ar gal M'schael continues, from the Flood, to relate what shall succeed; then, in the mention of Abraham, comes by degrees to explain who that Seed of the Woman shall be; which was promised Adam and Eve in the Fall; his incarnation, death, resurrection, and ascension; the state of the church till his second coming. Adam; greatly satisfied and recomforted by these relations and promises, descends the hill with Michael; wakens Eve, who all this while had slept, but with gentle dreams composed to quietness of mind and submission. Michael in either hand leads them out of Paradise, the fiery sword waving behind them, and the Cherubin taking their station; to guard the place.

As one who in his journey bates at noon, Though bent on speed; so here the Archangel paused Betwixt the world destroy'd and world restored, If Adam aught perhaps might interpose; Then, with transition sweet, new speech resumes: 5

Thus thou hast seen one world begin and end; And Man, as from a second stock, proceed. Much thou hast yet to see; but I perceive Thy mortal sight to fail; objects divine Must needs impair and weary human sense: Henceforth what is to come I will relate; Thou therefore give due audience, and attend.

This second source of Men, while yet but few, And while the dread of judgment past remains Fresh in their minds, fearing the Deity, 15 With some regard to what is just and right Shall lead their lives, and multiply apace; Labouring the soil, and reaping plenteous crop, Corn, wine, and oil; and, from the herd or flock, Oft sacrificing bullock, lamb, or kid, 20

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B. XII

With large wine-offerings pour'd, and sacred feast, Shall spend their days in joy unblamed ; and dwell Long time in peace, by families and tribes Under paternal rule : till one shall rise Of proud ambitious heart ; who, not content 25 With fair equality, fraternal state, Will arrogate dominion undeserved Over his brethren, and quite dispossess Concord and law of nature from the earth ; Hunting (and men not beasts shall be his game) 30 With war and hostile snare such as refuse Subjection to his empire tyrannous. A mighty hunter thence he shall be styled Before the Lord ; as in despite of Heaven, Or from Heaven claiming second sovereignty; 35 And from rebellion shall derive his name, Though of rebeilion others he accuse. ⁺ He with a crew, whom like ambition joins With him or under him to tyrannize, Marching from Eden towards the west, shall find 40 The plain, wherein a black bituminous gurge Boils out from under ground, the mouth of Hell : Of brick, and of that stuff, they cast to build A city and tower, whose top may reach to Heaven ; And get themselves a name; lest, far dispersed 45 In foreign lands, their memory be lost; Regardless whether good or evil fame. But God, who oft descends to visit men Unseen, and through their habitations walks To mark their doings, them beholding soon, 50 Comes down to see their city, ere the tower Obstruct Heaven-towers; and in derision sets Upon their tongues a various spirit, to rase Quite out their native language ; and, instead, To sow a jangling noise of words unknown : 65 Forthwith a hideous gabble rises loud, Among the builders ; each to other calls Not understood, till hoarse, and all in rage,

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As mock'd they storm : great laughter was in Heaven, And looking down, to see the hubbub strange, 60 And hear the din : thus was the building left Ridiculous, and the work *Confusion* named.

Whereto thus Adam, fatherly displeased : O execrable son ! so to aspire Above his brethren ; to himself assuming 65 Authority usurp'd, from God not given : He gave us only over beast, fish, fowl, Dominion absolute ; that right we hold By his donation : but man over men He made not lord ; such title to himself 70 Reserving, human left from human free. But this usurper his encroachment proud Stays not on Man; to God his tower intends Siege and defiance : wretched man ! what food Will he convey up thither, to sustain 75 Himself and his rash army : where thin air -Above the clouds will pine his entrails gross, And famish him of breath, if not of bread ?

To whom thus Michael : Justly thou abhorr'st That son, who on the quiet state of men 80 Such trouble brought, affecting to subdue Rational liberty; yet know withal, Since thy original lapse, true liberty Is lost, which always with right reason dwolls Twinn'd, and from her hath no dividual being 85 Reason in man obscured or not obey'd, Immediately inordinate desires And upstart passions catch the government From reason; and to servitude reduce Man, till then free. Therefore, since he permits 90 Within himself unworthy powers to reign Over free reason, God, in judgment just, Subjects him from without to violent lords; Who oft as undeservedly enthral His outward freedom : tyranny must he ; 95 Though to the tyrant thereby no excuse.

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280 PARADISE LOST. B. XII Yet sometimes nations will decline so low From virtue, which is reason, that no wrong. But justice and some fatal curse annex'd. Deprives them of their outward liberty ; 100 Their inward lost : witness the irreverent son Of him who built the ark ; who, for the shame Done to his father, heard this heavy curse, Servant of servants, on his vicious race. Thus will this latter, as the former world. 105 Still tend from bad to worse ; till God at last. Wearied with their iniquities, withdraw His presence from among them, and avert His holy eyes ; resolving from thenceforth To leave them to their own polluted ways ; 110 And one peculiar nation to select From all the rest, of whom to be invoked. A nation from one faithful man to spring a Him on this side Euphrates yet residing, Bred up in idol-worship : O, that men 115 (Canst thou believe ?) should be so stupid grown, While yet the patriarch lived who scaped the flood, As to forsake the living God, and fall To worship their own work in wood and stone For Gods! Yet him God the Most High vouchsafes To call by vision, from his father's house, 121 His kindred, and false Gods, into a land Which he will show him; and from him will raise A mighty nation ; and upon him shower His benediction so that in his seed 125 All nations shall be bless'd : he straight obevs : Not knowing to what land, yet firm believes : I see him, but thou canst not, with what faith He leaves his Gods, his friends, and native soil, Ur of Chaldea, passing now the ford 130 To Haran ; after him a cumbrous train Of herds and flocks, and numerous servitude; Not wandering poor, but trusting all his wealth With God, who call'd him, in a land unknown.

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Canaan he now attains ; I see his tents 135 Pitch'd about Sechom, and the neighbouring plain Of Moreh; there by promise he receives Gift to his progeny of all that land. From Hamath north to the Desert south (Things by their names 1 call, thou yet unnamed ;) From Hermon east to the great western Sea; 141 Mount Hermon, yonder sea; each place behold In prospect, as I point them ; on the shore Mount Carmel; here, the double-founted stream, Jordan, true limit eastward ; but his sons 145 Shall dwell to Senir, that long ridge of hills. This ponder, that all nations of the earth Shall in his seed be blessed : by that seed Is meant thy great Deliverer, who shall bruise The Serpent's head; whereof to thee anon · 150 Plainlier shall be reveal'd. This patriarch bless'd, Whom faithful Abraham due time shall call. A son, and of his son a grandchild, leaves : Like him in faith, in wisdom, and renown : The grandchild, with twelve sons increased, departs From Canaan, to a land hereafter call'd 156 Egypt, divided by the river Nile; See where it flows, disgorging at seven mouths Into the sea : to sojourn in that land He comes, invited by a younger son 160 In time of dearth; a son, whose worthy deeds Raise him to be the second in that realm Of Pharaoh : there he dies, and leaves his race Growing into a nation, and now grown Suspected to a sequent king, who seeks 165 To stop their overgrowth, as inmate guests Too numerous ; whence of guests he makes them slaves Inhospitably, and kills their infant males : Till by two brethren (these two brethren call'd Moses and Aaron) sent from God to claim 170 His people from enthralment, they return, With glory and spoil, back to their promised land.

D. XII

But first, the lawless tyrant, who denies To know their God, or message to regard. Must be compell'd by signs and judgments dire : 175 To blood ushed the rivers must be turn'd ; Frogs, lice, and flies must all his palace fill With loathed intrusion, and fill all the land : His cattle must of rot and murrain die : Botches and blains must all his flesh embous, 180 And all his people ; thunder mix'd with hail. Hail mix'd with fire, must rend the Egyptian sky, And wheel on the earth, devouring where it rolls; What it devours not, herb, or fruit, or grain, A darksome cloud of locusts swarming down 186 Must eat, and on the ground leave nothing green : Darkness must overshadow all his bounds. Palpable darkness, and blot out three days : Last, with one midnight stroke, all the first-born Of Egypt must lie dead. Thus with ten wounds 190 The river-dragon tamed at length submits To let his sojourners depart, and oft Humbles his stubborn heart ; but still, as ice More harden'd after thaw : till, in his rage 195 Pursuing whom he late dismiss'd, the sea Swallows him with his host ; but them lets pass, As on dry land, between two crystal walls; Awed by the rod of Moses so to stand Divided, till his rescued gain their shore: Such wondrous power God to his saint will lend, 200 Though present in his Angel; who shall go Before them in a cloud, and pillar of fire; By day a cloud, by night a pillar of fire; To guide them in their journey, and remove Behind them, while the obdurate king pursues: 205 All night he will pursue ; but his approach Darkness defends between till morning watch; Then through the fiery pillar, and the cloud, God looking forth will trouble all his host. 209 And craze their chariot-wheels ; when by command

Moses once more his potent rod extends Over the sea : the sea his rod obeys : On their embattled ranks the waves return And overwhelm their war : the race elect 215 Safe towards Canaan from the shore advance Through the wild Desert, not the readiest way ; Lest, entering on the Canaanite alarm'd. War terrify them inexpert, and fear Return them back to Egypt, choosing rather Inglorious life with servitude ; for life To noble and ignoble is more sweet Untrain'd in arms, where rashness leads not on. This also shall they gain by their delay In the wide wilderness ; there they shall found Their government, and their great senate choose 225 Through the twelve tribes, to rule by laws ordain'd : God from the mount of Sinai, whose gray top Shall tremble, he descending, will himself In thunder, lightning, and loud trumpets' sound, Ordain them laws ; part, such as appertain To civil justice ; part, religious rites Of sacrifice ; informing them, by types And shadows. of that destined Seed to bruise The Serpent, by what means he shall achieve Mankind's deliverance. But the voice of God To mortal ear is dreadful : they beseech That Moses might report to them his will, And terror cease; he grants what they besought, Instructed that to God is no access Without Mediator, whose high office now Moses in figure bears ; to introduce One greater, of whose day he shall foretel, And all the Prophets in their age the times Of great Messiah shall sing. Thus, laws and rites Establish'd, such delight hath God in men Obedient to his will, that he vouchsafes Among them to set up his tabernacle ; The Holy One with mortal men to dwell .

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By his p	prescript a sanctuary is framed	
	r, overlaid with gold; therein	250
An ark,	and in the ark his testimony,	
	ords of his covenant ; over these	
A merc	y-seat of gold, between the wings	
Of two	bright Cherubim ; before him burn	
Seven l	amps as in a zodiac representing	265
The hea	evenly fires; over the tent a cloud	
Shall re	est by day, a fiery gleam by night;	
Save w	hen they journey, and at length they come	э,
Conduc	ted by his Angel, to the land	
Promise	d to Abraham and his seed :the rest	260
Were lo	ong to tell; how many battles fought;	
	any kings destroy'd; and kingdoms won;	,
	the sun shall in mid Heaven stand still	
A day e	entire, and night's due course adjourn,	
Man's v	voice commanding, Sun, in Gibeon stand,	265
And the	ou, moon, in the vale of Aialon,	
Till Isr	ael overcome ! so call the third	
From A	braham, son of Isaac; and from him	
His wh	ole descent, who thus shall Canaan win.	
Here	Adam interposed : O send from Heaven,	870
Enlight	ener of my darkness, gracious things	
Thou h	ast reveal'd; those chiefly which concern	
Just Ab	oraham and his seed ; now first I find	
Mine e	ves true-opening, and my heart much ease	d:

Erewhile perplex'd with thoughts, what would become Of me and all mankind: but now I see 276 His day, in whom all nations shall be bless'd; Favour unmerited by me, who sought Forbidden knowledge by forbidden means. This yet I apprehend not, why to those 280 Among whom God will deign to dwell on earth So many and so various laws are given; So many laws argue so many sins Among them; how can God with such reside? To whom thus Michael: Doubt not but that sin 285

Will reign among them, as of thee begot;

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And therefore was law given them, to evince Their navural pravity, by stirring up Sin against law to fight : that when they see Law can discover sin, but not remove, Save by those shadowy explations weak, The blood of bulls and goats, they may conclude Some blood more precious must be paid for Man, Just for unjust : that in such righteousness To them by faith imputed, they may find Justification towards God, and peace Of conscience ; which the law by ceremonies Cannot appease ; nor Man the mortal part Perform ; and, not performing, cannot live. So law appears imperfect; and but given With purpose to resign them, in full time, Up to a better covenant ; disciplined From shadowy types to truth ; from flesh to spirit ; From imposition of strict laws to free Acceptance of large grace ; from servile fear 305 To filial ; works of law to works of faith. And therefore shall not Moses, though of God Highly beloved, being but the minister Of law, his people into Canaan lead : But Joshua, whom the Gentiles Jesus call. 310 His name and office bearing, who shall quell The Adversary Serpent, and bring back Through the world's wilderness long-wander'd Man Safe to eternal Paradise of rest. Meanwhile they, in their earthly Canaan placed, 315 Long time shall dwell and prosper ; but when sins National interrupt their public peace, Provoking God to raise them enemies; From whom as oft he saves them penitent By judges first, then under kings ; of whom 320 The second, both for piety renown'd And puissant deeds, a promise shall receive Irrevocable, that his regal throne For ever shall endure ; the like shall sing

XIL

All Prophecy, that of the royal stock 335 Of David (so I name this king) shall rise A Son, the Woman's seed to thee foretold. Foretold to Abraham, as in whom shall trust All nations; and to kings foretold of kings The last ; for of his reign shall be no end. 330 But first, a long succession must ensue; And his next son, for wealth and wisdom famed, The clouded ark of God, till then in tents Wandering, shall in a glorious temple enshrine. Such follow him, as shall be register'd 335 Part good, part bad; of bad the longer scroll; Whose foul idolatries, and other faults Heap'd to the popular sum, will so incense God, as to leave them, and expose their land, Their city, his temple, and his holy ark, 346 With all his sacred things, a scorn and prev To that proud city, whose high walls thou saw'st Left in confusion ; Babylon thence call'd. There in captivity he lets them dwell The space of seventy years; then brings them back, Remembering mercy, and his covenant sworn 346 To David, stablish'd as the days of Heaven. Return'd from Babylon by leave of kings Their lords, whom God disposed, the house of God They first reedify; and for awhile 350 In mean estate live moderate ; till, grown In wealth and multitude, factious they grow; But first among the priests dissension springs. Men who attend the altar, and should most Endeavour peace : their strife pollution brings 355 Upon the temple itself: at last they seize The sceptre, and regard not David's sons; Then lose it to a stranger, that the true Anointed King Messiah might be born Barr'd of his right ; yet at his birth a star, 369 Unseen before in Heaven, proclaims him come; And guides the eastern sages, who inquire

His place, to offer incense, myrrh, and gold : His place of birth a solemn Angel tells To simple shepherds, keeping watch by night; 365 They gladly thither haste, and by a choir Of squadron'd Angels hear his carol sung. A virgin is his mother, but his sire The power of the Most High : He shall succeed The throne hereditary, and bound his reign-370 With Earth's wide bounds, his glory with the Heavens.

He ceased, discerning Adam with such joy Surcharged, as had like grief been dew'd in tears. Without the vent of words ; which these he breathed .

O prophet of glad tidings, finisher 375 Of utmost hope ! now clear I understand What oft my steadiest thoughts have search'd in vary Why our great Expectation should be call'd The seed of Woman : Virgin Mother, hail, High in the love of Heaven; yet from my loins 380 Thou shalt proceed, and from thy womb the Son Of God Most High: so God with Man unites! Needs must the Serpent now his capital bruise Expect with mortal pain : say where and when 394 Their fight, what stroke shall bruise the victor's heel.

To whom thus Michaël : Dream not of their fight, As of a duel, or the local wounds' Of head or heel: not therefore joins the Son Manhood to Godhead, with more strength to foil Thy enemy; nor so is overcome 390 Satan, whose fall from Heaven, a deadlier bruise, Disabled, not to give thee thy death's wound : Which he, who comes thy Saviour, shall recure, Not by destroying Satan, but his works In thee and in thy seed : nor can this be. 395 But by fulfiling that which thou didst want, ٩. . Obedience to the law of God, imposed On penalty of death, and suffering death ; The penalty to thy transgression due, And due to theirs which out of thine will row .

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So only can high Justice rest appaid. The law of God exact he shall fulfil Both by obedience and by love, though love Alone fulfil the law; thy punishment Ho shall endure, by coming in the flesh 405 To a reproachful life and cursed death ; Proclaiming life to all who shall believe In his redemption ; and that his obedience, Imputed, becomes theirs by faith ; his merits To save them, not their own, though legal, works. 410 For this he shall live hated, be blasphemed, Seized on by force, judged, and to death condemn'd A shameful and accursed, nail'd to the cross By his own nation ; slain for bringing life : But to the cross he nails thy enemies, 416 The law that is against thee, and the sins Of all mankind, with him there crucified, Never to hurt them more who rightly trust In this his satisfaction ; so he dies, But soon revives : Death over him no power 490 Shall long usurp ; ere the third dawning light Return, the stars of morn shall see him rise Out of his grave, fresh as the dawning light, Thy ransom paid, which Man from death redeems ; His death for Man, as many as offer'd life 425 Neglect not, and the benefit embrace By faith not void of works : this godlike act Annuls thy doom, the death thou shouldst have died, In sin for ever lost from life ; this act Shall bruise the nead of Satan, crush his strength, 430 Defeating Sin and Death, his two main arms; And fix far deeper in his head their stings Than temporal death shall bruise the victor's heel, Or theirs whom he redeems ; a death, like sleep, A gentle wafting to immortal life. 435 Nor after resurrection shall he stay Longer on earth than certain times to appear To his disciples, men who in his life

Still follow'd him ; to them shall leave in charge To teach all nations what of him they learn'd 440 And his salvation ; them who shall believe Baptizing in the profluent stream, the sign Of washing them from guilt of sin to life Pure, and in mind prepared, if so befal, 445 For death, like that which the Redeemer died All nations they shall teach; for, from that day Not only to the sons of Abraham's loins Salvation shall be preach'd, but to the sons Of Abraham's faith wherever through the world; So in his seed all nations shall be bless'd. 450 Then to the Heaven of Heavens he shall ascend With victory, triumphing through the air Over his foes and thine ; there shall surprise The Serpent, prince of air, and drag in chains Through all his realm, and there confounded leave ; 458 Then enter into glory, and resume His seat at God's right hand, exalted high Above all names in Heaven ; and thence shall come, When this world's dissolution shall be ripe, With glory and power to judge both quick and dead ; To judge the unfaithful dead, but to reward 461 His faithful, and receive them into bliss, Whether in Heaven or Earth ; for then the Earth Shall all be Paradise, far happier place Than this of Eden, and far happier days. 465

So spake the Archangel Michaël; then paused, As at the world's great period; and our sire, Replete with joy and wonder, thus replied:

O Goodness infinite, Goodness immense! 479 That all this good of evil shall produce, 479 And evil turn to good; more wonderful Than that which by creation first brought forth Light out of darkness! Full of doubt I stand, Whether I should repent me now of sin By me done and occasion'd; or rejoice 475 Much more, that much more good thereof shall spring

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To God more glory, more good-will to Men From God, and over wrath grace shail abound. But say, if our Deliverer up to Heaven Must reascend, what will betide the few 460 His faithful, left among the unfaithful herd, The enemies of truth? Who then shall guide His people, who defend ? Will they not deal Worse with his followers than with him they dealt?

Be sure they will, said the Angel; but from Heaven He to his own a Comforter will send. 4:6 The promise of the Father, who shall dwell His Spirit within them ; and the law of faith, Working through love, upon their hearts shall write. To guide them in all truth ; and also arm 490 With spiritual armour, able to resist Satan's assaults, and quench his fiery darts ; What man can do against them, not afraid. Though to the death ; against such cruelties With inward consolations recompensed. 495 And oft supported so as shall amaze Their proudest persecutors : for the Spirit. Pour'd first on his Apostles, whom he sends To evangelize the nations, then on all Baptized, shall them with wondrous gifts endue 800 To speak all tongues, and do all miracles, As did their Lord before them. Thus they win Great numbers of each nation to receive With joy the tidings brought from Heaven : at length Their ministry perform'd, and race well run, 505 Their doctrine and their story written left, They die ; but in their room, as they forewarn, Wolves shall succeed for teachers, grievous wolves. Who all the sacred mysteries of Heaven 510 + To their own vile advantages shall turn Of lucre and ambition ; and the truth With superstitions and traditions taint, Laft only in those written records pure, Though not but by the Spirit understood.

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B. XII.

PARADISE LOST. 291 Then they shall seek to avail themselves of names, 516 Places, and utles, and with these to join Secular power ; though feigning still to act By spiritual, to themselves appropriating The Spirit of God, promised alike and given 520 To all believers; and, from that pretence, Spiritual laws by carnal power shall force On every conscience ; laws which none shall find Left them inroll'd, or what the Spirit within Shall on the heart engrave. What will they then 695 But f., ce the Spirit of Grace itself, and bind His consort Liberty? What, but unbuild His living temples, built by faith to stand, Their own faith, not another's? For, on earth, Who against faith and conscience can be heard 630 Infallible ? yet many will presume : Whence heavy persecution shall arise On all, who in the worship persevere Of spirit and truth ; the rest, far greater part. Will deem in outward rites and specious forms Religion satisfied ; truth shall retire 636 Bestuck with slanderous darts, and works of faith Rarely be found : so shall the world go on, To good malignant, to bad men benign ; Under her own weight groaning ; till the day Appear of respiration to the just, 540 And vengeance to the wicked, at return Of him so lately promised to thy aid, The Woman's Seed ; obscurely then foretold. Now empler known thy Saviour and the Lord: Last. in the clouds, from Heaven to be reveal'd 545 In glory of the Father, to dissolve Satan with his perverted world; then raise From the conflagrant mass, purged and refined. New Heavens, new Earth, ages of endless date. Founded in righteousness, and peace, and love ; 550 To bring forth fruits, joy and eternal bliss. He ended; and thus Adam last replied

PARADISE LOST. 202 B. XIT How soon hath thy prediction, Seer bless'd, Measured this transient world, the race of time, Till time stand fix'd Beyond is all abyss, 555 Eternity, whose end no eye can reach. Greatly instructed I shall hence depart ; Greatly in peace of thought; and have my fill Of knowledge, what this vessel can contain; *56*0 Beyond which was my folly to aspire. Henceforth I learn, that to obey is best, And love with fear the only God ; to walk As in his presence ; ever to observe His providence ; and on him sole depend, Merciful over all his works, with good Still overcoming evil, and by small Accomplishing great things, by things deem'd weak Subverting worldly strong, and worldly wise By simply meek : that suffering for truth's sake Is fortitude to highest victory, 570 And, to the faithful, death the gate of life; Taught this by his example, whom I now Acknowledge my Redeemer ever bless'd. To whom thus also the Angel last replied . This having learn'd, thou hast attain'd the sum 575 Of wisdom ; hope the higher, though all the stars Thou knew'st by name, and all the ethereal powers, All secrets of the deep, all Nature's works, Or works of God in Heaven, air, earth, or sea, And all the riches of this world enjoy'dst, 580 And all the rule, one empire ; only add **Deeds** to thy knowledge answerable ; add faith, Add virtue, patience, temperance ; add love. By name to come call'd charity, the soul Of all the rest : then wilt thou not be loath 585 To leave this Paradise, but shalt possess A Paradise within thee, happier far-Let us descend now therefore from this top

Of speculation; for the hour precise Exacts our parting hence; and see! the guards, 590

By me encamp'd on yonder hill, expect Their motion ; at whose front a flaming sword, In signal of remove, waves fiercely round : We may no longer stay: go, waken Eve: 595 Her also I with gentle dreams have calm'd Portending good, and all her spirits composed To meek submission : thou, at season fit, Let her with thee partake what thou hast heard : Chiefly what may concern her faith to know, The great deliverance by her seed to come 600 (For by the Woman's seed) on all mankind ; That ye may live, which will be many days. Both in one faith unanimous, though sad, With cause, for evils past ; yet much more cheer'd With meditation on the happy end. 605

He ended, and they both descend the hill; Descended, Adam to the bower, where Eve Lay also,ing, ran before; but found her waked; And thus with words not sad she him received:

Whence thou return'st, and whither went'st, I know; 611 For God is also in sleep; and dreams advise, Which he hath sent propitious, some great good Presaging, since with sorrow and heart's distress Wearied I fell asleep : but now lead on ; In me is no delay; with thee to go, 615 Is to stay here ; without thee here to stay Is to go hence unwilling ; thou to me Art all things under Heaven, all places thou, Who for my wilful crime art banish'd hence. This further consolation yet secure I carry hence; though all by me is lost, Such favour I unworthy am vouchsafed, By me the Promised Seed shall all restore. So spake our mother Eve ; and Adam heard

Well pleased, but answer'd not : for now too night 635 The Archangel stood ; and, from the other hill To their fix'd station, all in bright array The Cherubim descended on the ground 25 *

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Gliding	meteorous, ar evening mist	
Risen f	rom a river o'er the marish glides,	630
And ga	thers ground fast at the labourer's heel	
Homew	vard returning. High in front advanced,	
The bra	andish'd sword of God before them blaze	d,
Fierce :	as a comet; which with torrid heat	
And va	pour, as the Libyan air adust,	635
	to parch that temperate clime ; whereat	
In eithe	or hand the hastening Angel caught	
	gering parents, and to the eastern gate	
	am direct, and down the cliffs first	
	subjected plain ; then disappeared.	640
	, looking back, all the eastern side beheld	
	adise, so late their happy seat,	
	over by that flaming brand ; the gate	
	readful faces throng'd, and fiery arms:	
	atural tears they dropp'd, but wiped them	100n ;
	wid was all before them, where to choose	646
	lace of rest, and Providence their guide :	
They, i	hand in hand, with wandering steps and al	0W,
	h Edan took their coliters man	-

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